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INTENSITY CHANGES OF TROPICAL CYCLONES IN THE WESTERN NORTH PACIFIC OCEAN DURING 1960-1969

Kenneth Raymond Liechty



# NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL Monterey, California



### THESIS

INTENSITY CHANGES OF TROPICAL CYCLONES IN THE WESTERN NORTH PACIFIC OCEAN DURING 1960-1969

by

Kenneth Raymond Liechty

Thesis Advisor:

R. L. Elsberry

September 1972

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Intensity Changes of Tropical Cyclones
in
The Western North Pacific Ocean During 1960-1969

by

Kenneth Raymond Liechty
Lieutenant Commander, United States Navy
B.A., Grace College, 1961

Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

MASTER OF SCIENCE IN METEOROLOGY

from the

NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL September 1972



#### ABSTRACT

Six-hourly observations containing 18 parameters of tropical storms and typhoons in the western north Pacific Ocean during the period 1960 through 1969 were examined. The data were composited into four periods: before and after maximum intensity for East-West moving storms, and before and after recurvature for recurving storms.

Monthly and seasonal variations of tropical cyclone intensity, speed of movement and size were examined. Correlation coefficients of the 18 tropical storm and typhoon parameters were computed for each of the four composited periods of study. The four highest correlation values for the past 24-hour change of intensity parameter were checked for levels of significance.



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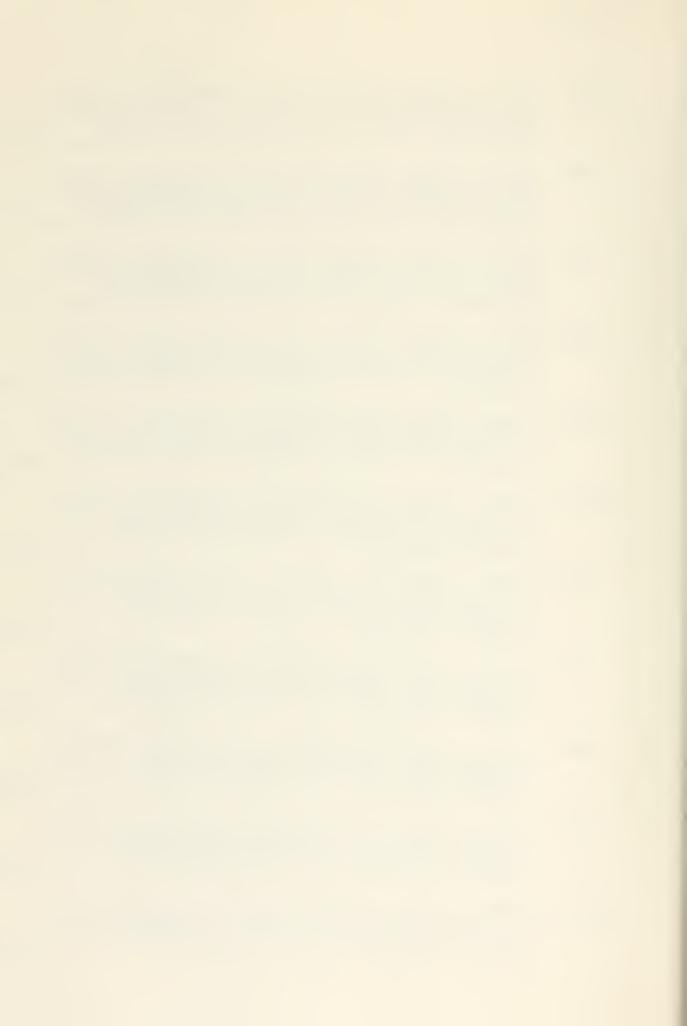
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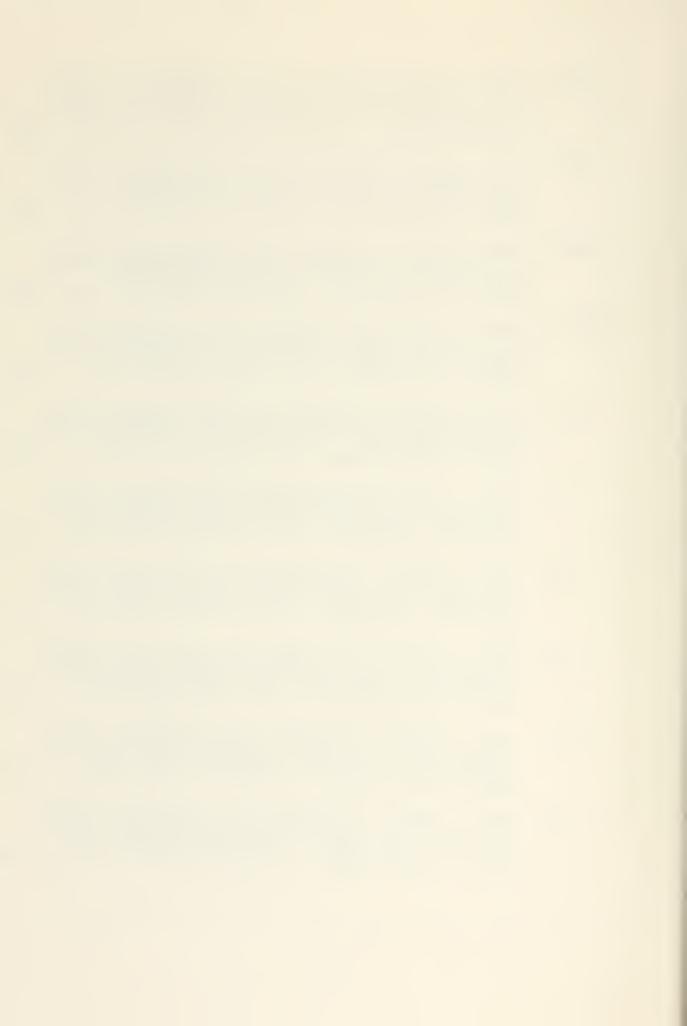


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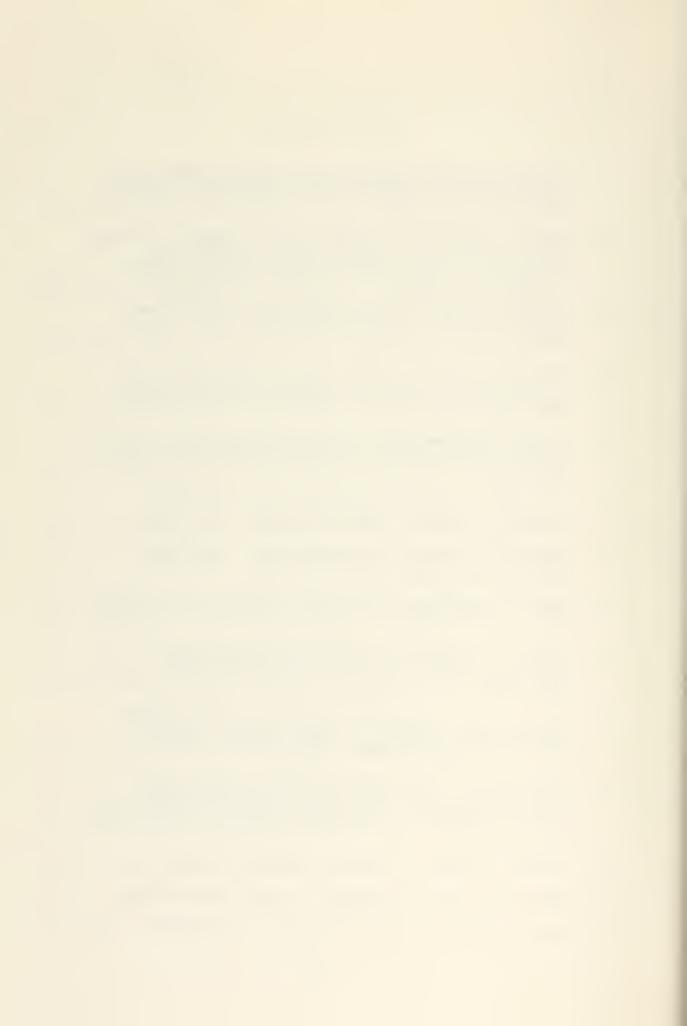


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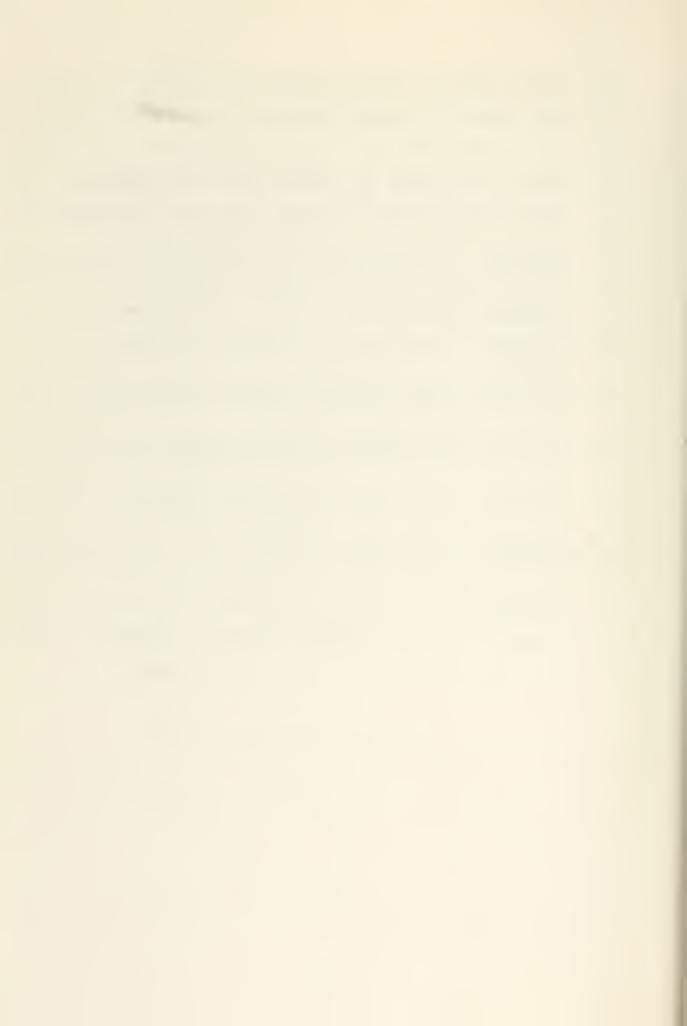


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#### I. INTRODUCTION

#### A. HISTORY

Mature tropical cyclones, 1 called hurricanes in the Atlantic and typhoons in the western Pacific, are the most violent large-scale convective systems in the atmosphere. They form over the warm waters of all the tropical oceans except the South Atlantic [Dunn 1964]. Typhoons are neither the largest nor the most intense atmospheric storms, as they cannot compare in size with the winter storms of middle latitudes or match the concentrated winds found in tornadoes. However, the considerable size and great intensity of tropical storms make them the most dangerous and destructive of all storms.

The greatest damage and loss of life due to typhoons arise from storm surges that flood low-lying coastal areas with wind-driven seas, from flooding caused by the heavy rains, and from winds that frequently exceed 150 miles per hour. The great economic impact of these storms amply justifies efforts to study them. Observation of tropical cyclones, however, has not been easy. Prior to World War II, most of the data available for study were based on observations from ships at sea, by observers located on small islands or by a network of meteorological stations after a storm had moved inland. On 27 July

<sup>1</sup> Tropical cyclonic circulations which at one time in the life cycle of the storm attained either tropical storm or typhcon intensity.



1943, Colonel J. P. Duckworthe made the first planned flight into the eye of a hurricane, proving the feasibility of aircraft reconnaissance of these storms. Routine reconnaissance flights by the Navy and Air Force have since contributed significantly to the detailed knowledge of both the structure and energetic processes of these storms. Measurements of winds, temperatures and pressures obtained during these flights have provided a fairly complete three-dimensional description of tropical storms and typhoons. 3

The advent of weather satellite pictures of cloud patterns has been of considerable value in synoptic meteorological analysis [Anderson, et al 1966]. These pictures have been of particular importance in remote portions of the oceans where conventional meteorological information may be lacking. In April 1960, for example, Tiros I, an experimental weather satellite, made meteorological history [Dunn 1964], by photographing an unreported fully developed tropical cyclone, located about 800 miles east of Brisbane, Australia. In addition to locating mesoscale weather patterns, the extent and appearance of cloud masses have been interpreted in terms of development or decay of significant synoptic features. Such observations serve as an important supplement to the aircraft reconnaissance data of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Tropical cyclonic circulations which at one time in the life cycle of the storm attained sustained wind speeds of 34 to 63 knots inclusive.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Tropical cyclonic circulations which at one time in the life cycle of the storm attained sustained wind speeds of 64 knots or more.



tropical cyclones, resulting in a more complete history file of storm information.

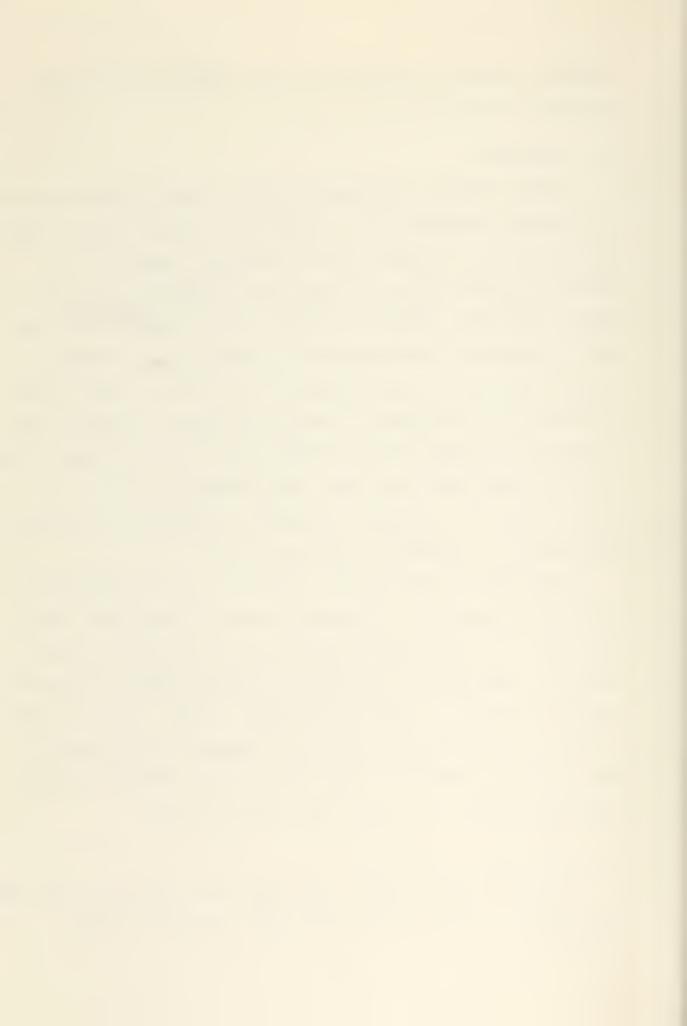
#### B. BACKGROUND

Various methods have been employed to describe the intensity of tropical cyclones in the western north Pacific Ocean. Frank and Jordan [1960] studied the climatological aspects of typhoons, utilizing central pressure data observed during the period 1950-1957. Riehl and Malkus [1961] suggested that the area covered with clouds capable of producing radar echoes varies directly with the intensity of the storm. Later, FUNG Yat-kong [1970] conducted a purely statistical analysis on the intensity of typhoons from 1958-1968, based on the minimum value of central sea level pressure. The extensive paper by Gray [1970] provided an updated statistical climatology of tropical cyclones in the western north Pacific Ocean.

More recently, Riehl [1971] examined recurving typhoons, showing the variation of intensity during recurvature. Brand and Gaya [1971] presented statistical information on the geographical and seasonal variations of tropical cyclone intensity changes, based on 25 years [1945-1969] of data. Finally, Brand [1972] found distinct geographic and seasonal preferences for both rapid intensification and low-latitude weakening of tropical cyclones in the western north Pacific Ocean.

#### C. OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

The above investigations have shown that both a seasonal and geographic variation of tropical cyclone intensity exists.



Moreover, they tend to imply that the variations of intensity may have an important influence on the variation of other tropical cyclone parameters. However, there have been no studies which demonstrate the significance of the variation of tropical cyclone intensity and its relationship to the variation of other tropical cyclone parameters. It is therefore the purpose of this paper to describe:

- 1. The seasonal variation of tropical cyclone intensity as a function of maximum intensity, speed of movement and storm size.
- 2. The correlation of the available tropical cyclone parameters both before and after maximum intensity, and before and after recurvature.

#### D. THE AREA OF STUDY

The tropical western north Pacific Ocean experience more than twice as many tropical storms or cyclones as any other area [Atkinson 1971]. It is also the only region where storms can occur in any month. Table I illustrates the cyclone activity of the past five years [FWC/JTWC 1971], during which era increased satellite coverage proved to be an invaluable aid in the detection of cyclones in the early stages of formation.

Figure 1 is a Mercator projection showing the portion of the western north Pacific Ocean used for this study. Land stations and ship reports are sparse in the western north Pacific Ocean, especially in the areas of tropical cyclone formation. The fixed reporting stations and a typical distribution of daily reports from transiting ships are shown in Fig. 1.



The importance of the area to the Navy is clearly demonstrated in Table II. It lists the number, points of origin and destination of Navy ships, and additional ships under Navy contract, which transited the area during the calendar year 1971. Information concerning the number of non-Navy ships was not available. Not all ships which transit the areas of cyclone genesis report weather, and once the cyclone moves into the shipping lanes, it is usually of such intensity that ships will take evasive action. Because of this lack of data, one of the greatest aids in locating cyclones has been the Automatic Picture Transmission (APT) satellite pictures received via Forecasters Facsimile (FOFAX) [FWC/JTWC 1971]. This additional information helps to augment the available reconnaissance data of tropical cyclones.

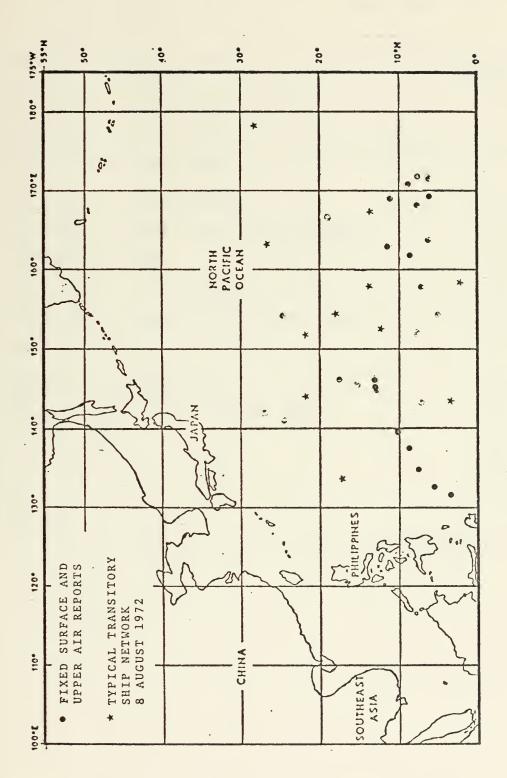
TABLE I

A tabulation of tropical cyclone activity in the western north Pacific Ocean, 1967-1971 [FWC/JTWC 1971].

1967	1968	1969	1970	1971
957	822	430	533	747
185	142	108	127	163
6	4	4	3	2
15	7	6	12	11
20	20	13	12	24
41	31	23	27	37
	957 185 6 15 20	957 822 185 142 6 4 15 7 20 20	957 822 430 185 142 108 6 4 4 15 7 6 20 20 13	957     822     430     533       185     142     108     127       6     4     4     3       15     7     6     12       20     20     13     12

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> A weak tropical cyclone circulation with highest sustained wind speeds (average over one minute or longer period) of less than 34 knots.





area of the western north Pacific Ocean used in this study, transitory surface observation networks. The and Figure 1. with fixed

TABLE II

A tabulation of the number of ships, either Navy or Navy contract vessels, which transited the western north Pacific Ocean during calendar year 1971 [FNWC 1972].

Ports	Westbound	Eastbound
Washington, Oregon - South China Sea	4	3
Washington, Oregon - Japan, Korea, Okinawa, Taiwan	1	11
Washington, Oregon - Guam	10	13
California - South China Sea	121	65
California - Japan, Korea, Okinawa, Taiwan	41	88
California - Guam	21	16
Canal Zone - South China Sea	96	43
Canal Zone - Japan, Korea, Okinawa, Taiwan	16	50
Canal Zone - Guam	3	1.2
Hawaii - South China Sea	32	14
Hawaii - Japan, Korea, Okinawa, Taiwan	12	33
Hawaii - Guam	. 11	15
Sub-totals	368	363
Total	731	



#### II. DATA

#### A. DATA SOURCES

The data used for this study were extracted from a file of tropical storms and typhoons of the western north Pacific Ocean, compiled by the National Climatic Center for the Navy Weather Research Facility. The history file was comprised of data from the following sources:

## 1. Synoptic Charts

Period	Preparing Agency	Location
1/45-12/47	U.S. Air Force Weather Central	Andrews AFB, Md.
1/45- 4/60	U.S. Air Force Weather Central	Tokyo, Japan
7/45-12/45	U.S. Weather Bureau	Washington, D.C.
1/45-12/67	U.S. Air Force, Anderson AFB	Guam, M.I.
5/59-12/66	U.S. Navy, FLEWEACEN/JTWC	Guam, M.I.
1/67-12/69	ESSA, NMC	Washington, D.C.
1/45-12/54	U.S. Navy and U.S. Air Force	Various

### 2. Publications

Annual Typhoon Reports, Fleet Weather Central/Joint Typhoon. Warning Center, Guam, 1953-1969.

Memoirs of the Central Meteorological Observatory, Japan.

A Report on the Typhoons and Tropical Depressions (Philippines) 1947-1949, 1951-1954, and 1956-1958.

Meteorological Results of Royal Observatory, Hong Kong, 1947-1958.

Typhoons of the Western Pacific, August-October 1945, 7th Amphibious Force Aerological Unit.

Typhoon Reconnaissance-Meteorological Squadron One - May to November 1946, Office of the Chief of Naval Operations, Washington, D.C.

### 3. Reconnaissance Data

Air Force Reconnaissance Forms, 1947-1968.
Navy Reconnaissance Forms, 1962-1969.



These data sources provided detailed storm-track information. This resulted in the compiled, history file of six-hourly information on the tropical storms and typhoons which occurred during the period 1945 through 1969. For this study the tropical storms and typhoons during the period 1960-1969 were examined, with primary emphasis given to the investigation of storm intensity as a function of other storm parameters.

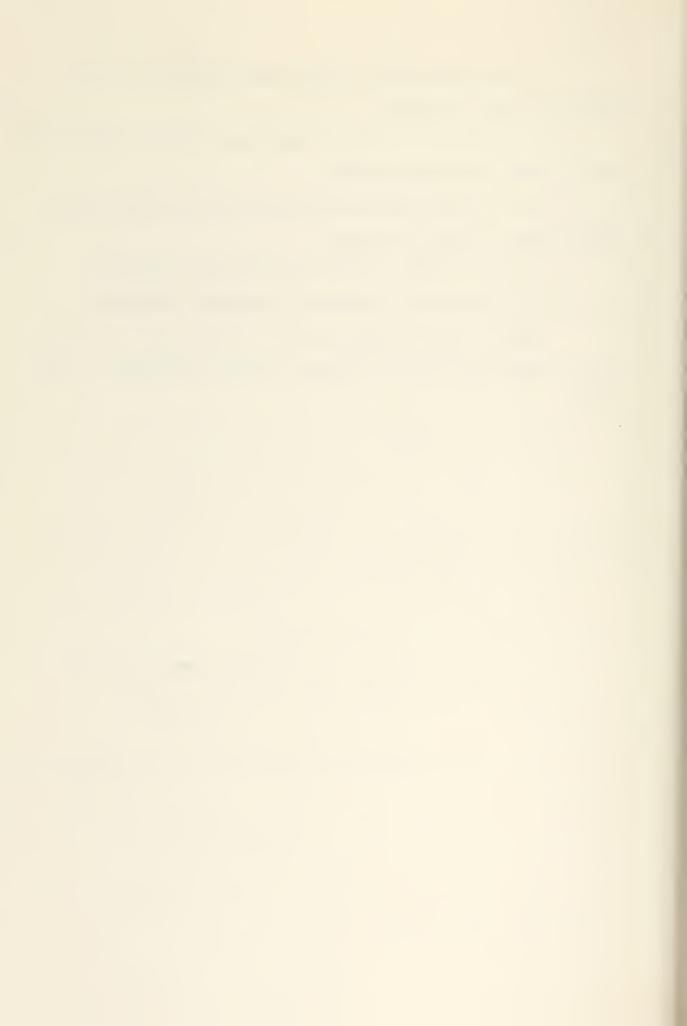
The following sea-level (and 700-mb where specified) parameters constituted the available data for this paper:

- a. Latitude, in degrees and tenths.
- b. Longitude, in degrees and tenths.
- c. Past 12-hour direction of movement, in degrees.
- d. Past 12-hour speed of movement, in knots.
- e. Past 24-hour direction of movement, in degrees.
- f. Past 24-hour speed of movement, in knots.
- g. Size, as the average radius of the outer closed isobar, in whole degrees of latitude.
  - h. Past 12-hour change of size, in degrees latitude.
- i. Minimum observed sea-level pressure, in whole millibars.
- j. Past 12-hour change in minimum sea-level pressure, in mb.
  - k. Maximum intensity (maximum observed wind), in knots.
  - 1. Minimum 700-mb height, in tens of meters.
- m. Latitude of the 700-mb ridge north of the storm, in whole degrees.



- n. 700-mb height at the ridge line north of the storm, in tens of meters.
- o. Longitude at 35N of the nearest 700-mb trough west of the storm, in whole degrees.
- p. 700-mb height at the intersection of the trough line at 35N, in tens of meters.
  - q. Past 12-hour change of intensity, in knots.
  - r. Past 24-hour change of intensity, in knots.

These 18 data elements were available for each six-hourly observation of the tropical cyclones examined in this study.



### III. PROCEDURES AND METHOD OF ANALYSIS

### A. PRELIMINARY CRITERIA FOR DATA SELECTION

Following the selection of the area, all the tropical cyclones which occurred during the period 1960 through 1969 were examined. The tracks of these storms are presented in Appendix A. Because of the large variations in the storm tracks, the cyclones were grouped according to the characteristics exhibited by the individual tracks. This analysis resulted in the following representative classifications: (1) East-West moving Storms: Storms that generally proceeded in a westerly direction, having never looped or recurved; (2) Recurving Storms: Storms which experienced a clockwise change in the direction of movement, from an initial westward component to an eastward component; (3) Looping Storms: that illustrated a complete loop in the track, which was formed by the more recent path of the storm crossing its previous track; (4) Northeasterly moving Storms: Storms which generally had an initial northeasterly heading, and which continued to track to the northeast of its initial observation point.

For the purpose of this study, it was decided to investigate only the East-West moving storms and recurving storms, as defined above. Furthermore, each tropical cyclone was required to have at least a 24-hour history, with its genesis having occurred east of 125E. This requirement eliminated the less intense, short-lived storms which would have otherwise biased



the rest of the data. Moreover, a more representative sample of recurving storms was obtained by excluding the recurving storms which had any portion of their tracks west of 125E.

In addition, a storm was not included in this study if its first observation recorded a maximum intensity of the storm greater than 65 knots. Finally, only those continuous track segments which remained over the open ocean were considered. If a storm encountered a land mass such as the, Philippines, Taiwan, Japan or the Chinese mainland, its subsequent data were discontinued after the most recent observation prior to landfall. This requirement was imposed in consideration of the recently documented effects of terrain on the behavior of tropical cyclones [Brand 1972].

Table III is a summary, grouped by monthly and half-monthly periods, of the storms which were deleted by the application of the preceding criteria. It shows that of the original 295 tropical cyclones which occurred during 1960-1969, there were 24 which experienced looping and 18 that conformed to the given definition of northeasterly moving storms. Fourteen recurving storms had paths which tracked west of 125E longitude, 11 of which later crossed land. Only five storms had less than a 24-hour history, caused by either the small number of observations made in the storm or the fact that the storm encountered land shortly after the first observation. Another 48 storms that formed west of 125E and five storms that had an initial recorded intensity greater than 65 knots were deleted from the sample.



TABLE III

A listing of the various categories of storms deleted, by monthly and half-monthly periods.

Period	Looping storms	North- easterly storms	Recurving storms with track west of 125E	Less than 24-hour history	Genesis west of 125E	Initial intensity exceeded 65 knots
Jan	٦					
Feb					٦	
Mar						
Apr		Н			2	
May	Н	г	2	٦	4	
Jun	Н	Н	2		S	
Jul 1 - 15		Н	2		7	
Jul 16-31	4	m	2	П	4	
Aug 1 - 15	٦	4	г		m	
Aug 16- 31	7	2	Н		m	Н
Sep 1 - 15					0	
Sep 16- 30	2		гH		7	Н
Oct 1 - 15	е	С	Н			
Oct 16- 31	2			Н	2	٦
Nov 1 - 15				г <b>н</b>	2	٦
Nov 16- 30	7				7	
Dec	:	٦	2	1	4	
Totals	24	18	14	5	48	4



#### B. DATA UTILIZED

Table IV lists, by monthly periods, 5 the remaining tropical storms and typhoons which were used in this study. The table indicates an August-September peak for tropical storms and typhoons, which compares favorably with the findings of Brand [1972] for the 25-year period 1945-1969. East-West storms also were most frequent in August and September, whereas the largest number of recurving storms was during October.

Figure 2 portrays the monthly frequency distribution of the 3,950 six-hourly observations that remained after excluding those storms that did not satisfy the selection criteria. The maximum number of six-hourly observations occurred in August, and the minimum number in February. It is interesting to notice that even though the month of February had the fewest number of observations, it had a greater number of storms than did the month of January. The reason for this can be realized by examining the storm tracks in Appendix A, which illustrate the variation in the track length, and thus the difference in the number of six-hourly observations.

Another notable feature of Fig. 2 is the limited period during which the largest number of observations occurred.

Eighty-three percent of the total number of East-West observations occurred during the period July through November. Seventy-nine percent of the total number of observations in the recurving storms occurred between August and November. Together, these

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Storms are categorized by month according to the midpoint in time of the total storm track.



TABLE IV

Tropical storms and typhoons classified as East-West storms and recurving storms, as separated by monthly periods for the years 1960-1969

Period	Total Tropical Storms and Typhoons per Period	Percent of Total Number of Storms	East-West Storms per Period	Recurving Storms per Period
January	3	2%	1	2
February	4	2	4	0
March	5	3	3	2
April	5	3	3	2
May	4	2	4	0
June	10	6	6	4
July	23	12	21	2
August	38	21	26	12
September	39	21	26	13
October	29	16	9	20
November	18	10	9	9
December	4	2	2	2
Totals	182	100%	114	68

two periods comprised 80 percent of the total number of 1960-1969 six-hourly observations, and are the object of examination in the following sections.

### C. ANALYSIS OF EAST-WEST STORMS

The months from July through November for the years 19601969 were examined. During this period there were 91 East-West
storms, consisting of 1,641 six-hourly observations. The data
were separated into two periods within the life cycle of these
storms. The first period contained those observations during



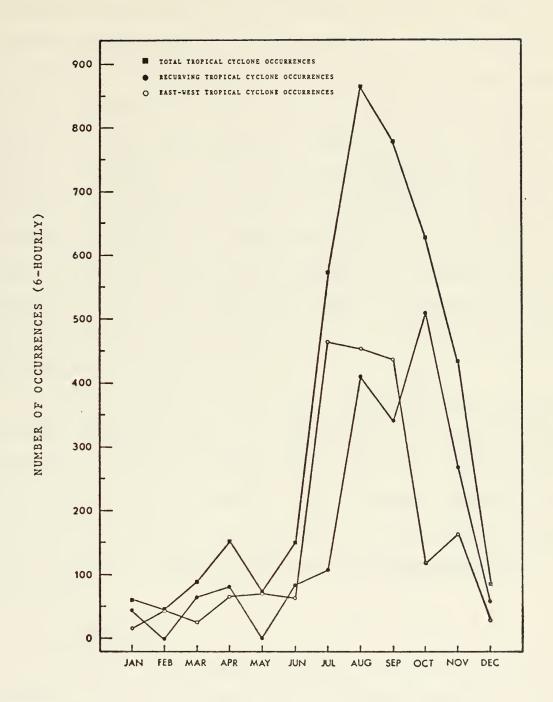


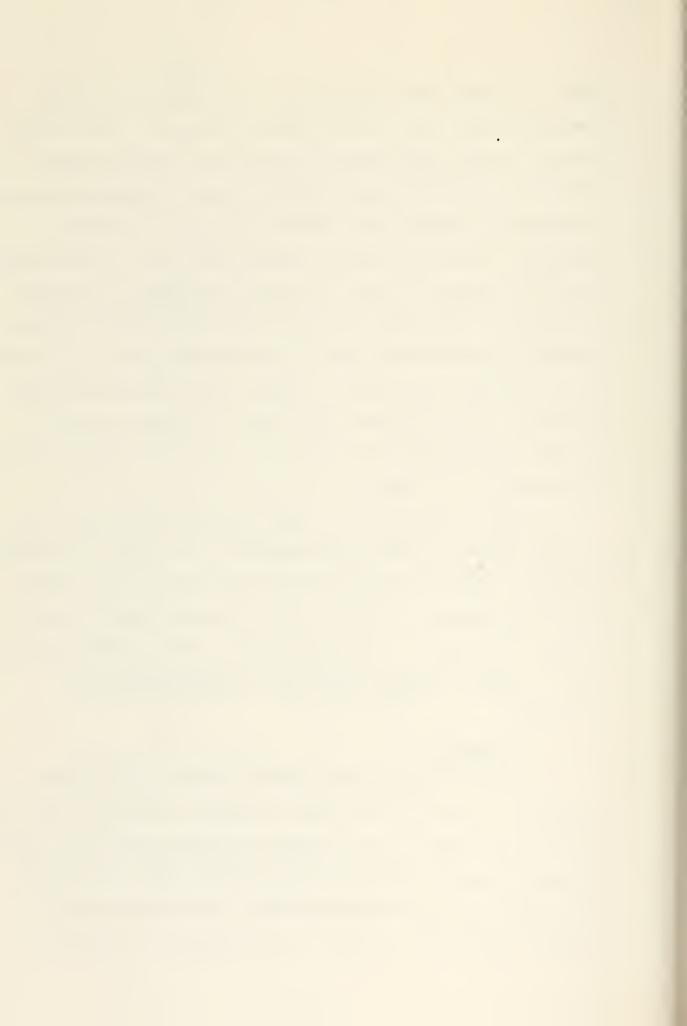
Figure 2. Monthly frequency distribution of tropical cyclone occurrences in the western north Pacific for tropical cyclones which reached tropical storm or typhoon intensity. The occurrences are based on 6-hourly reports during the period 1960-1969. Distributions are also presented for recurving and East-West moving tropical cyclones.

which the storms were intensifying, and included the first six-hourly observation of the maximum intensity. Nine of the East-West storms encountered land prior to reaching maximum intensity. In these cases, the most recent six-hourly observation prior to landfall was treated as the time of maximum intensity. The second period extended from the time the storms started to weaken - or from the second observation of maximum intensity - to the final six-hourly observation of the storms. It should be pointed out that the second period did not include those storms that experienced landfall after reaching maximum intensity. For this reason, the point of maximum intensity is shown as discontinuous in Figs. 3, 4 and 5 to indicate the differences in the sample.

An effort was made to show only the major characteristics of these storms and their relationships to the point of maximum intensity. This was accomplished by plotting for each storm only those averages on either side of maximum intensity which included two-thirds of the sample size at the maximum intensity value. Thus the general character of the parameters was maintained.

# 1. Intensity

Figure 3 portrays the monthly variation of average intensity relative to the points of maximum intensity (maximum observed wind speed) of 91 East-West tropical storms and typhoons. Tropical storms and typhoons during October were less intense throughout the intensification period, achieving an average maximum intensity of 79 knots. Following maximum intensity,



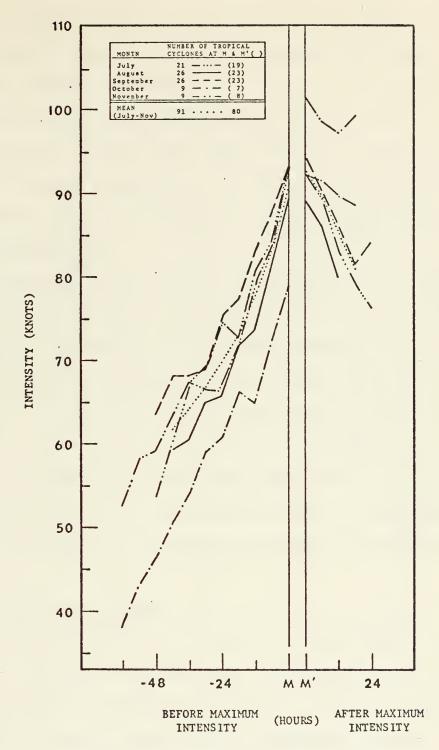


Figure 3. Intensity versus time profiles for east to west moving tropical cyclones (july-November, 1960-1969) relative to the point at which the storms reached their maximum intensity. Monthly profiles are presented for the months July through November as well as a mean for the 5-month period. The discontinuity at M and M' exists due to the storms hitting landfall at their maximum intensity.



the October storms were the slowest ones to weaken. In contrast, the month having storms of greatest intensity, reaching an average maximum intensity of 93 knots, was September.

During the 24-hour period preceding maximum intensity, the November storms had the most rapid rate of intensification.

Following maximum intensity, the November storms were also the most intense, while the storms during July exhibited the fastest rate of dissipation.

Compared to the 10-year weighted mean, the September storms were consistently of greater intensity both before and after maximum intensity. During the intensification period, August and October storms were less intense than the mean of storms for all months. It is of particular interest to notice that during the dissipation period, the earlier season months of July and August had storms that were less intense than the 10-year mean while the later season months of September, October and November had storms of greater intensity than the mean.

### 2. Speed of Movement

Figure 4 presents the monthly average speed of movement, plotted with respect to the time of maximum intensity of the East-West storms. Although the range of speeds is small, it is significant to note that a distinct monthly variation does exist. Figure 4 shows that October storms reached their maximum speed of movement earlier than storms in other months. At the point of maximum intensity, the October storms had the smallest speed of movement of all months, and experienced a slight increase in speed after maximum intensity.



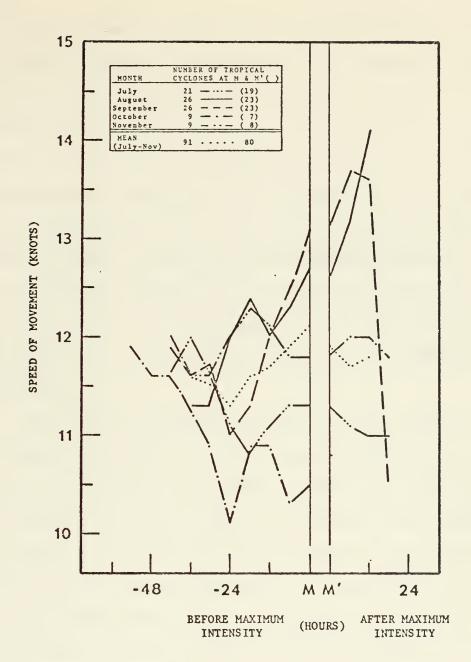
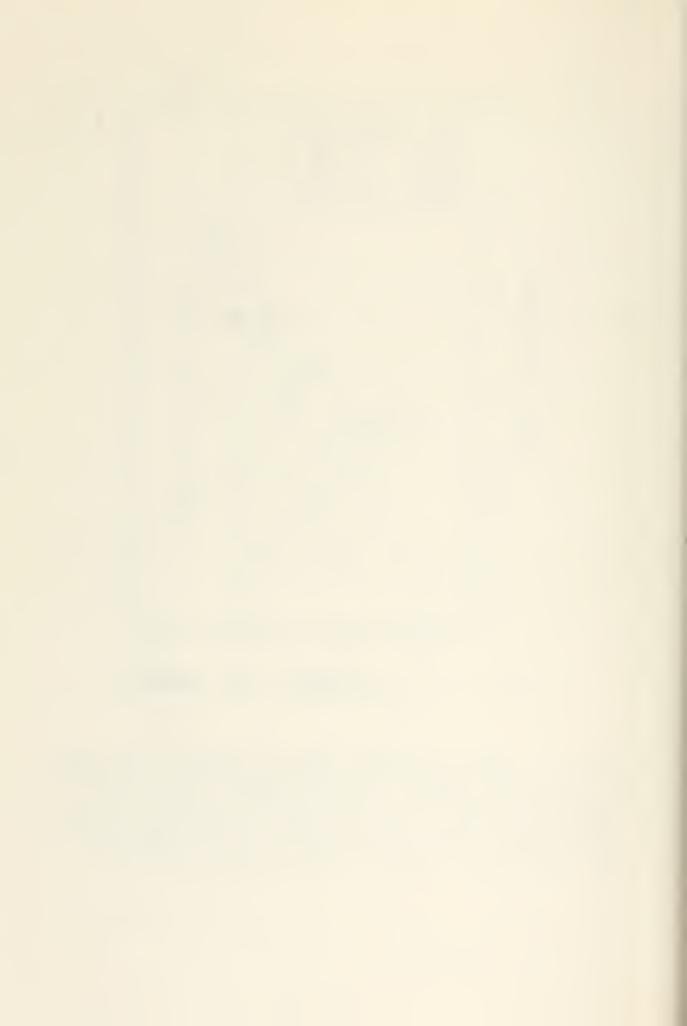


Figure 4. Speed of movement versus time profiles for east to west moving tropical cyclones (July-November, 1960-1969) relative to the point at which the storms reached their maximum intensity. Monthly profiles are presented for the months July through November as well as a mean for the 5-month period. The discontinuity at M and M' exists due to the storm hitting landfall at their maximum intensity.

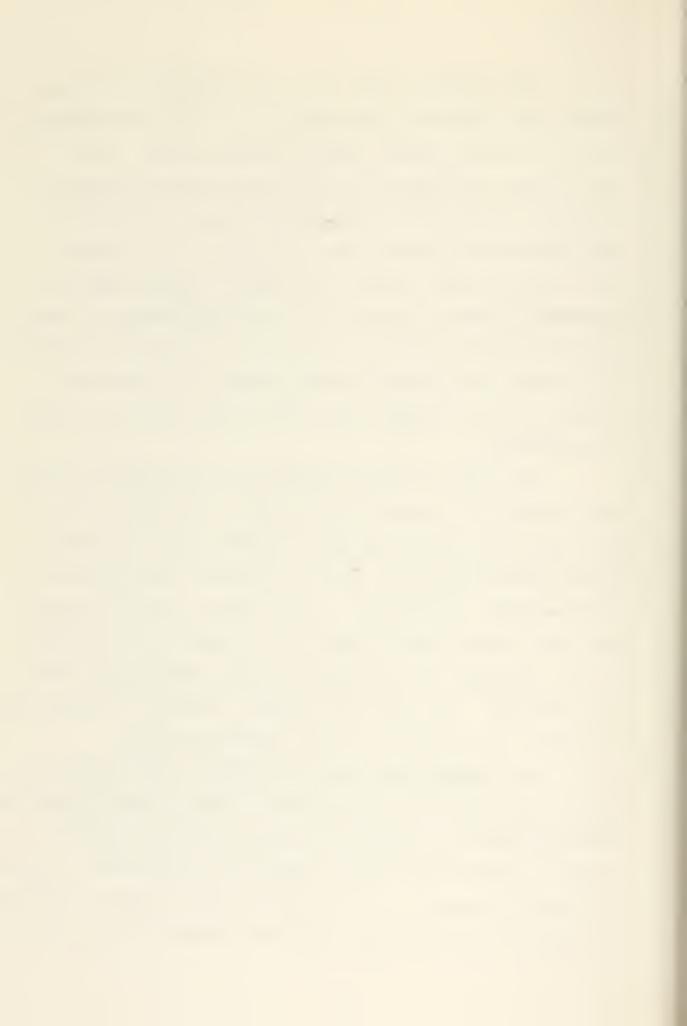


The September storms show a minimum speed of movement at the same six-hourly observation prior to maximum intensity as do the October storms, and the overall average. After this minimum, the September storms demonstrated the greatest increase in speed prior to maximum intensity, at which time they attained the largest speed of movement of all months.

Much like the August storms, the September storms showed an increase in speed of movement after maximum intensity. After reaching maximum intensity at about six hours into the dissipation period, the September storms showed a continuous and abrupt decrease in speed, whereas the August storms continued to accelerate.

The speed of movement patterns for the months of July and November were almost exactly opposite, as shown in Fig. 4. The July storms experienced their minimum speed at 18 hours before maximum intensity, when the November storms showed a maximum speed. Furthermore, as the speed of the July storms increased toward maximum intensity, the speed of the November storms decreased. The converse is again seen following maximum intensity. The July storms showed a decrease in speed, the November storms showed an initial increase in speed.

The ten-year mean speed of movement, shown in Fig. 4, shows a minimum speed being reached at about 24 hours preceding maximum intensity, followed by a gradual and continuous increase in speed as the maximum intensity is approached. Following maximum intensity, the mean speed showed a general decrease. Whereas the storms in July, August and September attain maximum



speed of movement either at or following maximum intensity, the storms in October and November reach their maximum speed of movement prior to maximum intensity.

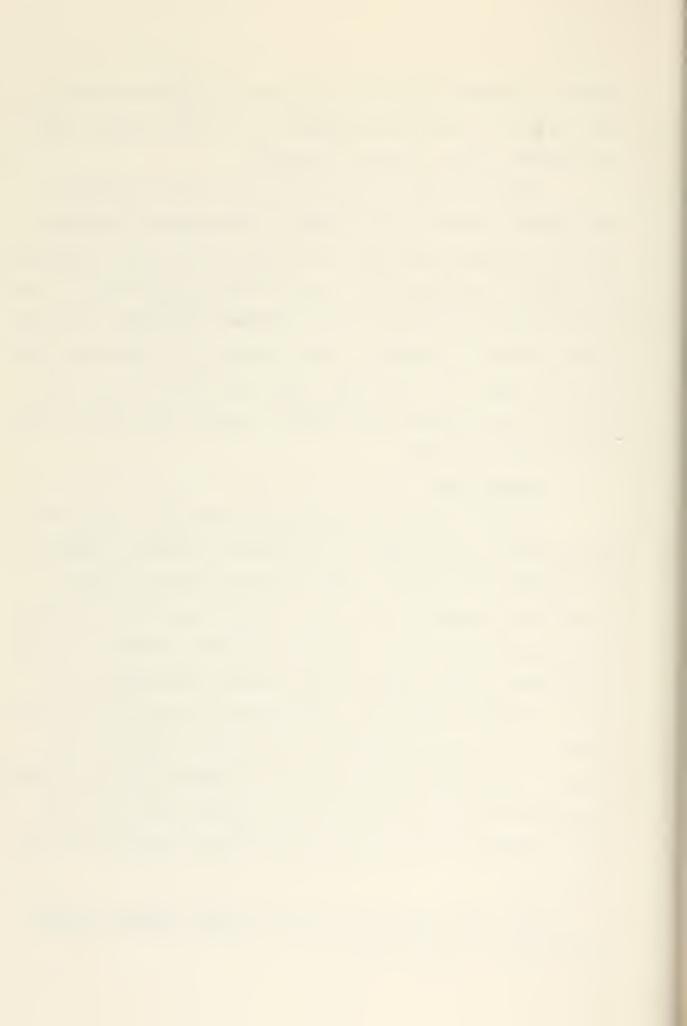
Comparing Figs. 2 and 3 it is seen that a relation—ship exists between the intensity and the speed of movement.

Prior to maximum intensity, the faster moving storms (September) are shown to correspond with those of maximum intensity. Similarly, the slower moving storms (October) correspond with the storms of least intensity. These findings are consistent with those of Shea [1972] who showed that the faster moving hurricanes in the Atlantic Ocean exhibit stronger winds than do the slower moving storms.

#### 3. Storm Size

Figure 5 shows the monthly variation of average storm size blotted with respect to the points of maximum intensity of the East-West storms. August has the smaller tropical storms and typhoons, which reach largest size before maximum intensity and continue to decrease in size afterward. On the other hand, October storms show a dramatic increase in size prior to maximum intensity, and increase to the largest of all months after maximum intensity. The November observations begin as the largest storm size of all months prior to maximum intensity, decrease sharply in size shortly thereafter and later stabilize within 24 hours of maximum intensity with the

<sup>6</sup> Storm size was defined to be the mean radius in degrees of latitude from the center of the tropical cyclone to the outer closed surface isobar.



	NUMBER OF TROPICAL
MONTH	CYCLONES AT M & M'( )
July	21 (19)
August	26 (23)
September	26 (23)
October	9 (7)
November	9 (8)_
MEAN	91 80
(July-Nov)	91 80

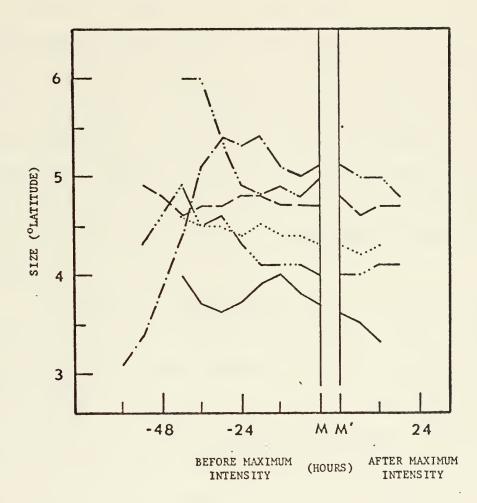


Figure 5. Tropical cyclone size (average radius to outer closed surface isobar in degrees latitude) versus time profiles for east to west moving tropical cyclones (July-November, 1960-1969) relative to the point at which the storms reached their maximum intensity. Monthly profiles are presented for the months July through November as well as a mean for the 5-month period. The discontinuity at M and M' exists due to the storms hitting landfall at their maximum intensity.



second-largest storms. In comparison with the other months, the month of September appears generally void of either maximum or minimum extremes in storm size.

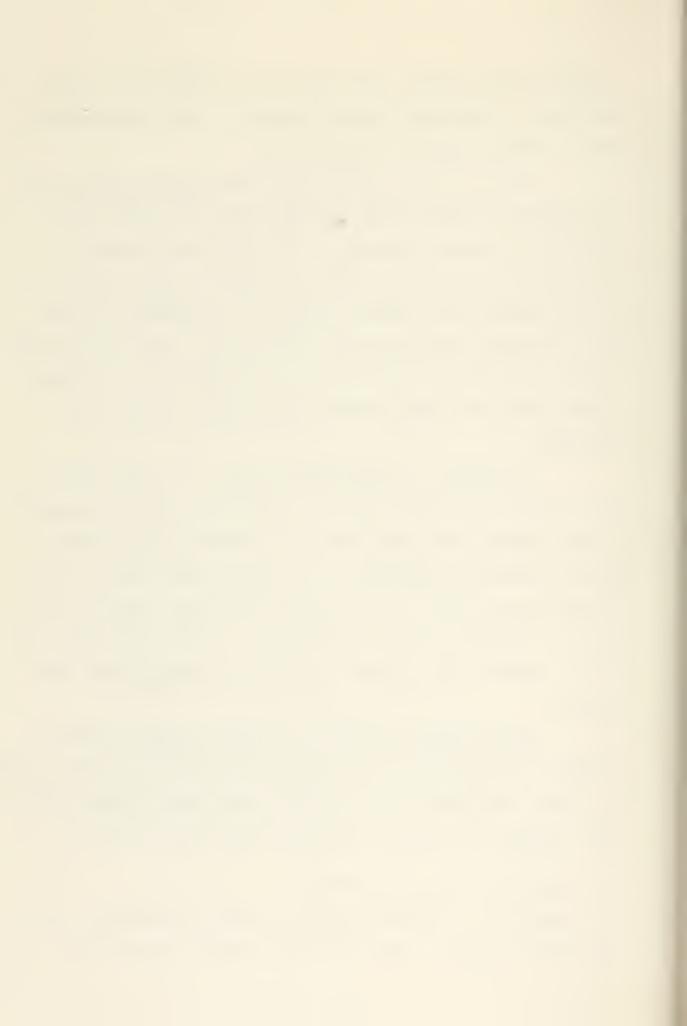
In Fig. 5, the 10-year mean storm size for the period July through November shows a monthly stratification within 24 hours of maximum intensity. The distribution of the monthly average size of tropical cyclones as shown in Fig. 5 gives evidence of a seasonal preference for both very large and very small tropical storms and typhoons. The smaller size storms are shown to occur in July and August, and the larger storms during the later months of September, October and November.

In summary, a comparison of Figs. 3, 4 and 5 shows the existence of some definite correlations. While September is the month of the most intense and fastest moving storms prior to maximum intensity, it is not the month that has the largest size storms. It is the least intense, slower moving storms of October which are the largest storms. The more intense, faster moving storms of August are the smallest size storms.

After maximum intensity, the least intense storms of August continue to be the fastest moving storms, as well as the smallest. The more intense storms of the later season (September, October and November) tend to be the larger storms.

#### D. ANALYSIS OF RECURVING STORMS

The months of August through November for the years 1960-1969 were examined. This four-month period included 54



recurving storms, accounting for 1,535 six-hourly observations.

As was the case for the East-West storms, the six-hourly observations were plotted relative to the point of maximum intensity.

The data were separately composited during two other periods.

The first composite covered the period prior to the point of recurvature.

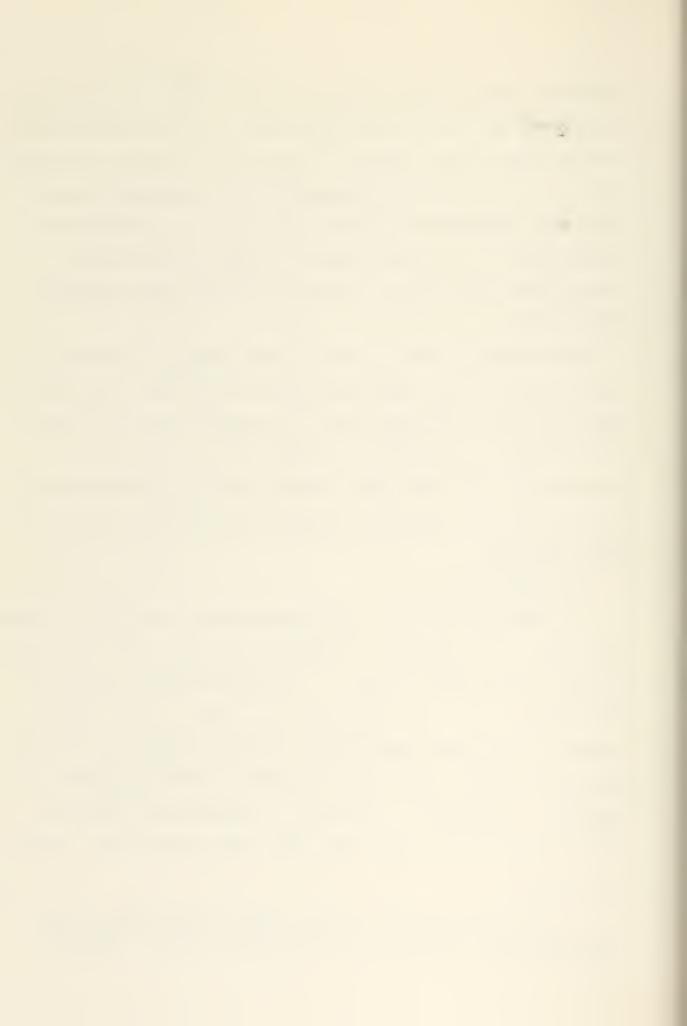
The second composite covered the period extending from the point of recurvature to the last six-hourly observation.

The criterion used for plotting the singular six-hourly observations of the recurving storms was that only those averages which included two-thirds of the sample size at the point of recurvature were plotted on either side of the point of recurvature. Utilizing this method, the major characteristics of the recurving storms as related to the point of recurvature were displayed.

## 1. Intensity

Curves portraying the average monthly variation of intensity prior and subsequent to maximum intensity of the recurving storms are presented in Fig. 6. A survey of Fig. 6 reveals a few salient facts. For the recurving storms, a much greater number of six-hourly observations exists both before and after maximum intensity than for the East-West storms discussed earlier. Furthermore, the number of observations before the point of recurvature was larger than after recurvature. Based

The observation at which the track of the tropical cyclone demonstrates a clockwise change in the direction of movement, from a westward component to an eastward component.



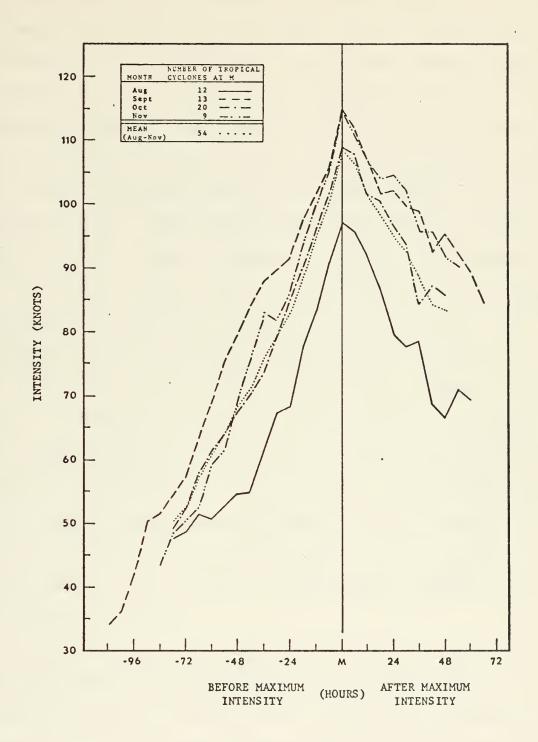
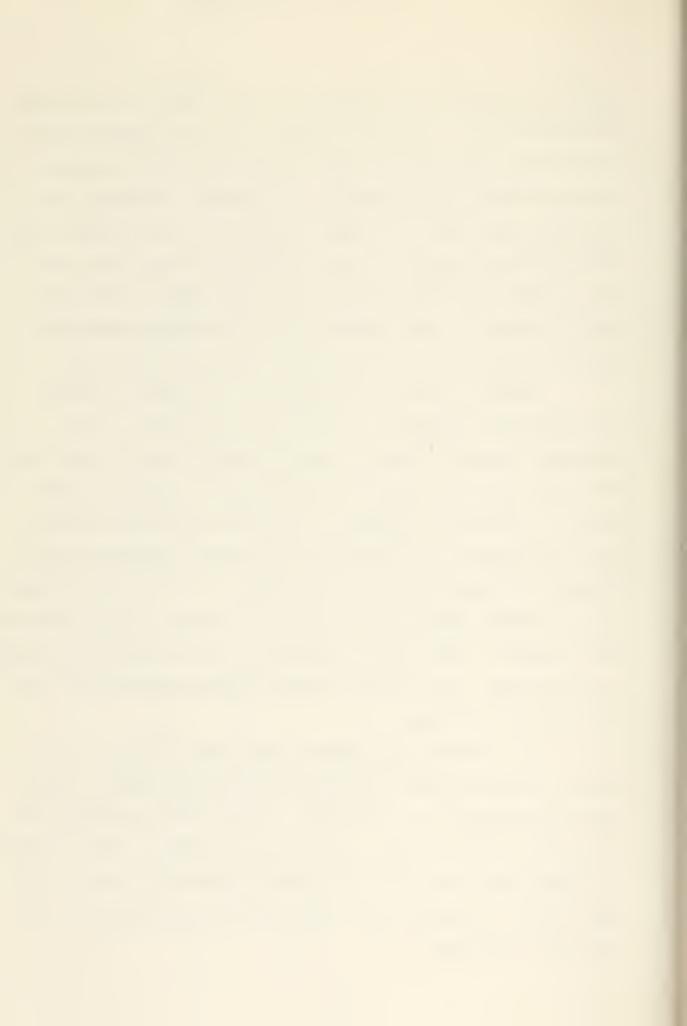


Figure 6. Intensity versus time profiles for recurving tropical cyclones (August-November, 1960-1969) relative to the point at which the storms reached their maximum intensity. Monthly profiles are presented for the months August-November as well as a mean for the 4-month period.

upon the criterion for inclusion of these values, the profiles indicate that the recurving tropical storms and typhoons were consistently more intense than the East-West moving tropical cyclones during the same month. In addition, September and November storms had the longest tracks before recurvature. The plots further indicate an early seasonal preference for the less intense recurving tropical cyclones, namely, during the month of August. More intense recurving tropical storms and typhoons tend to occur in September, October and November.

Figure 7 shows the variation of the monthly average intensity with respect to the point of recurvature. The September tropical cyclones reached maximum intensity more than two days prior to the point of recurvature. November storms showed a continuous increase in intensity from three days before recurvature up to the point of greatest intensity of all months at 12 hours prior to recurvature. The tropical cyclones during October demonstrated a symmetric bimodal maximum intensity with respect to the time of recurvature, with a relative minimum at recurvature. By contrast, August storms reached peak intensity after recurvature.

For the ten-year weighted mean shown in Fig. 7, the monthly average maximum intensity occurred more than 24 hours prior to the point of recurvature. Riehl [1971] examined the intensity of 66 recurving typhoons for the period 1957-1968 and concluded that virtually all typhoons reached their peak intensity at, or a little before, the point of recurvature and subsequently decreased.



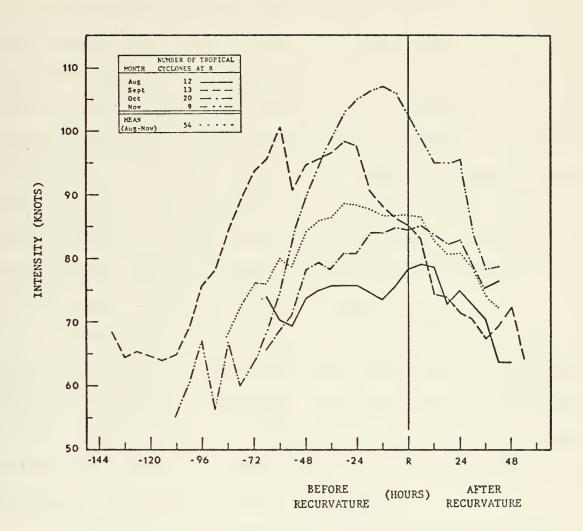


Figure 7. Intensity versus time profiles for recurving tropical cyclones (August-November, 1960-1969) relative to the point of recurvature. Monthly profiles are presented for the months August-November as well as a mean for the 4-month period.

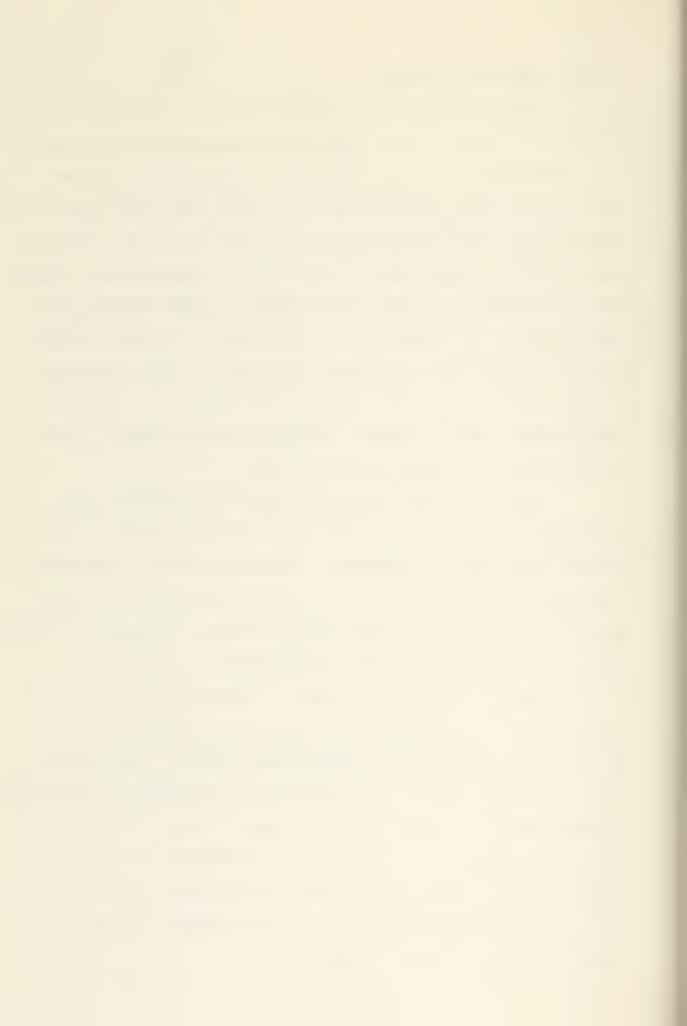


#### 2. Speed of Movement

The monthly average speed of movement variations are presented in Fig. 8, with respect to the point of recurvature. It is interesting to note that except for September storms, which experienced minimum speed of movement more than three and one-half days before recurvature, all the storms had a minimum speed within 12 hours prior to the time of recurvature. Except during September, all the storms showed a marked acceleration immediately after recurvature. The largest increase in speed following recurvature occurred in November. After a monthly average speed of about ten knots at the point of recurvature, the November tropical storms and typhoons accelerated to an average speed of approximately 27 knots.

Figure 8 further shows the speed of movement after recurvature generally increased with the progression of the season from August to November. This is consistent with the findings of Burroughs and Brand [1972], who further developed forecast equations for predicting the speed of movement of tropical storms and typhoons after recurvature.

Comparing Fig. 8 with Fig. 7 indicated that within 24 hours prior to recurvature, the less intense storms of August and October were also the slower moving storms. The more intense and faster moving storms occurred in September and November. Of particular interest is the fact that the most intense storms of November experienced their maximum intensity just six hours before reaching their minimum speed of movement. After recurvature, November storms had both the most intense and fastest moving tropical storms and typhoons.



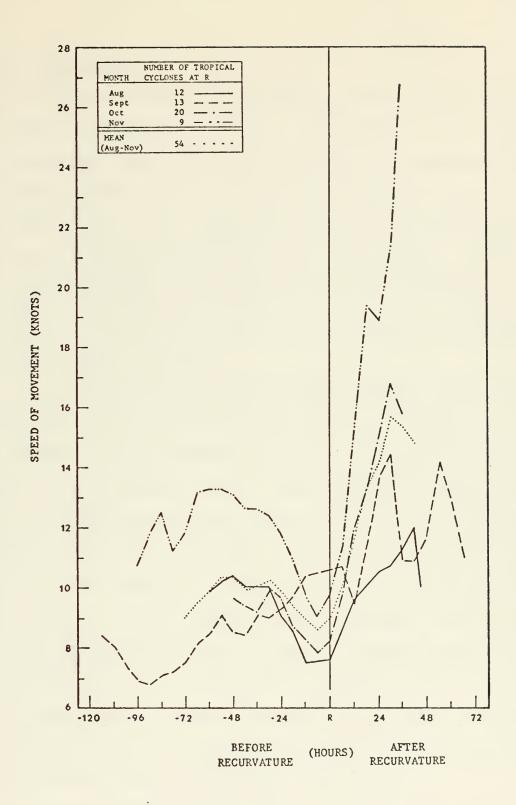


Figure 8. Speed of movement versus time profiles for recurving tropical cyclones (August-November, 1960-1969) relative to the point of recurvature. Monthly profiles are presented for the months August-November as well as a mean for the 4-month period.

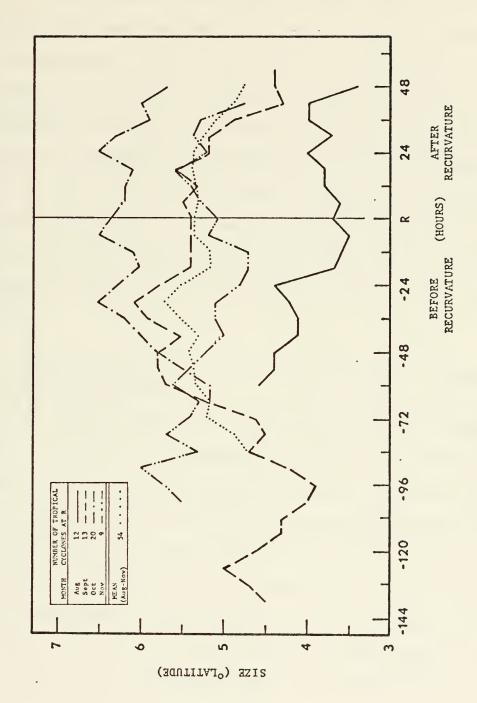
### 3. Storm Size

Figure 9 shows the variation of the monthly storm size for recurving tropical cyclones. Furthermore, Fig. 9 shows that both very large and very small tropical storms and typhoons have seasonal preferences. The earlier season storms of August were the smaller ones. The maximum size of August storms occurred two and one-half days before recurvature. After this time, they generally decreased in size until six hours prior to recurving, at which time they began to steadily increase in size for another 30 hours.

In comparison with the 10-year weighted mean, Fig. 9 clearly shows that within two days prior to recurvature, August and November had the smaller storms whereas September and October had the larger storms. The summing of opposite tendencies in the different months resulted in a rather flat curve of no significant size variations. From August to October, there appears to be a definite preference for the larger storms later in the season. The October storms had minimum size two and one-half days before recurvature. Then the storms increased in size and reached the maximum size of all months at 30 hours before recurvature. After interim fluctuations in size, the October storms again reached the same maximum size at six hours before recurvature and at 24 hours after recurvature.

The September storms attained maximum size 30 hours prior to recurving, and generally decreased in size thereafter, as shown in Fig. 9. November had a maximum storm size more than three and one-half days before recurvature, then decreased to a minimum size 12 hours before recurvature. The November storms





i, for the 4-month period. Monthly profiles are Tropical cyclone size (average radius to outer closed surface isobar degrees latitude) versus time profiles for recurving tropical cyclones (August-1960-1969) relative to the point of recurvature. a mean for the months August-November as well as presented Figure 9. November,

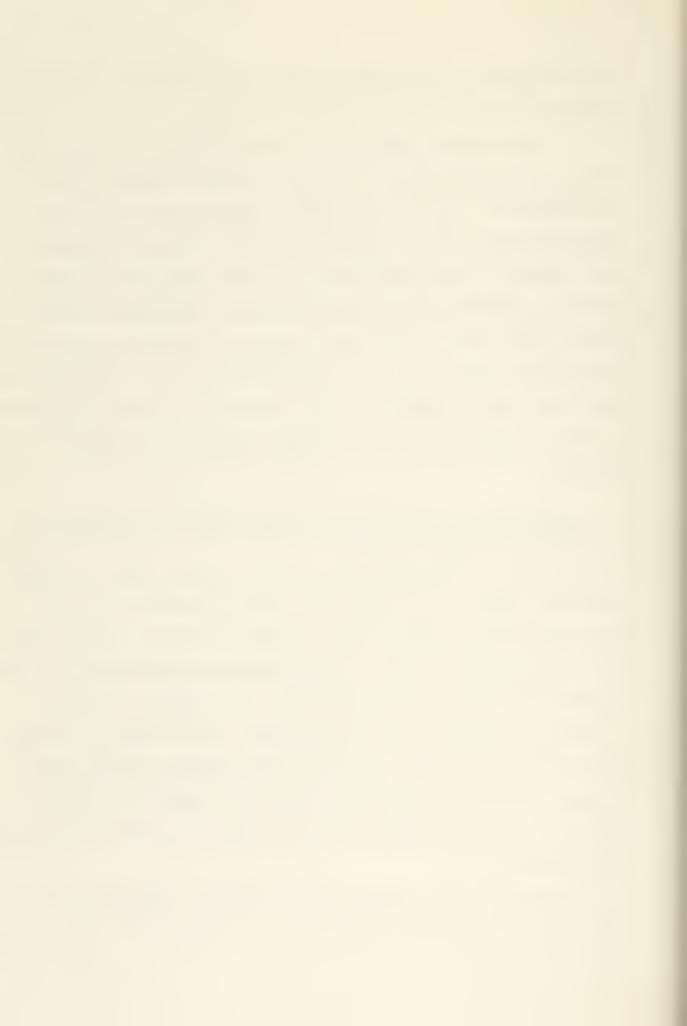
then increased in size through recurvature to reach a smaller, secondary maximum 18 hours after recurvature.

The seasonal variation of the parameters for recurving storms, as shown in Figs. 7, 8 and 9, suggest several interrelationships. Prior to the point of recurvature, the less intense, slower moving tropical storms and typhoons of August were observed as also the smallest storms. The more intense storms of September and November were also the faster moving storms, but were not the largest storms. The August storms displayed practically the same characteristics after recurvature as they did before recurvature; they continued in time as the least intense, slowest moving and smallest storms of the period studied.

# E. COMPARISON OF THE 10-YEAR WEIGHTED MEANS OF EAST-WEST AND RECURVING STORMS

For ease of comparison the 10-year weighted means of storm intensity, speed of movement and size are presented for the East-West and recurving storms in Figs. 10 and 11, respectively. During the period 48 to 24 hours prior to maximum intensity, the average of the East-West storms (Fig. 10), showed a decrease in speed of movement while intensifying. In the final 24 hours before reaching maximum intensity, the East-West storms accelerated. Furthermore, the East-West storms tended to generally decrease in size throughout both the intensification and dissipation periods.

In the mean, the maximum intensity of the recurving storms (Fig. 11), was reached 21 hours prior to recurvature. The mean



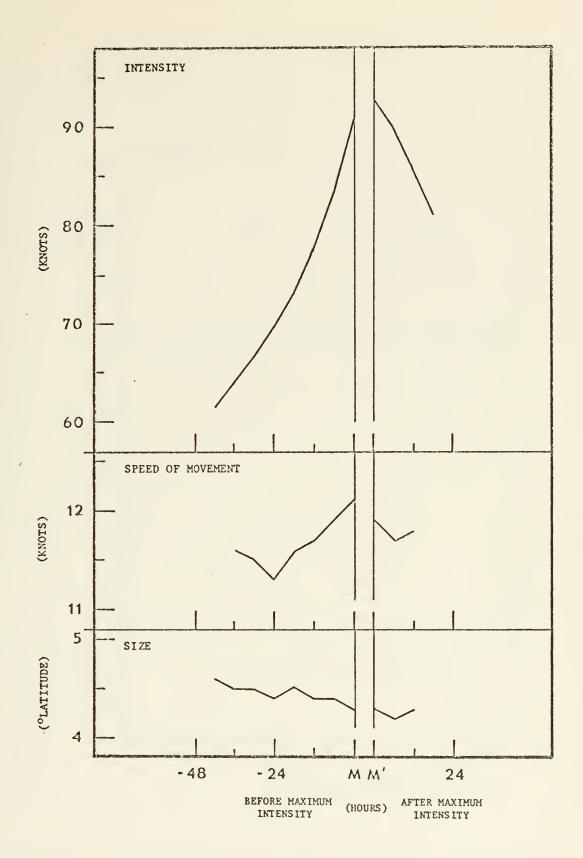


Figure 10. Comparison of the mean intensity, speed and size profiles for the east to west moving tropical cyclones (July-November, 1960-1969) relative to the point at which the storms reach their maximum intensity.



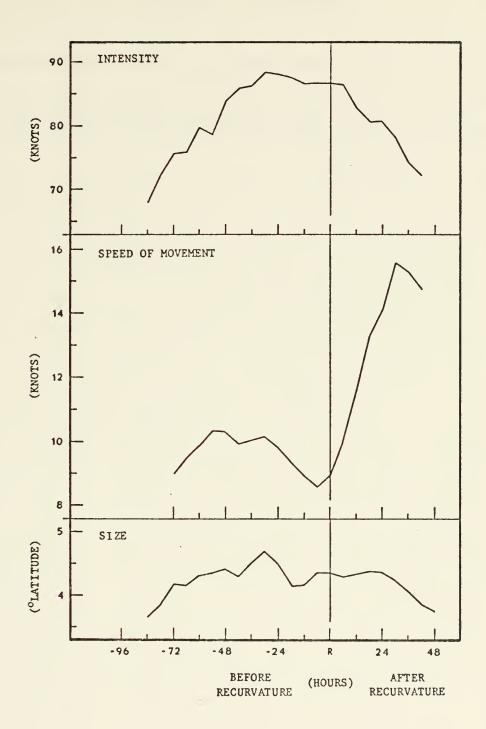
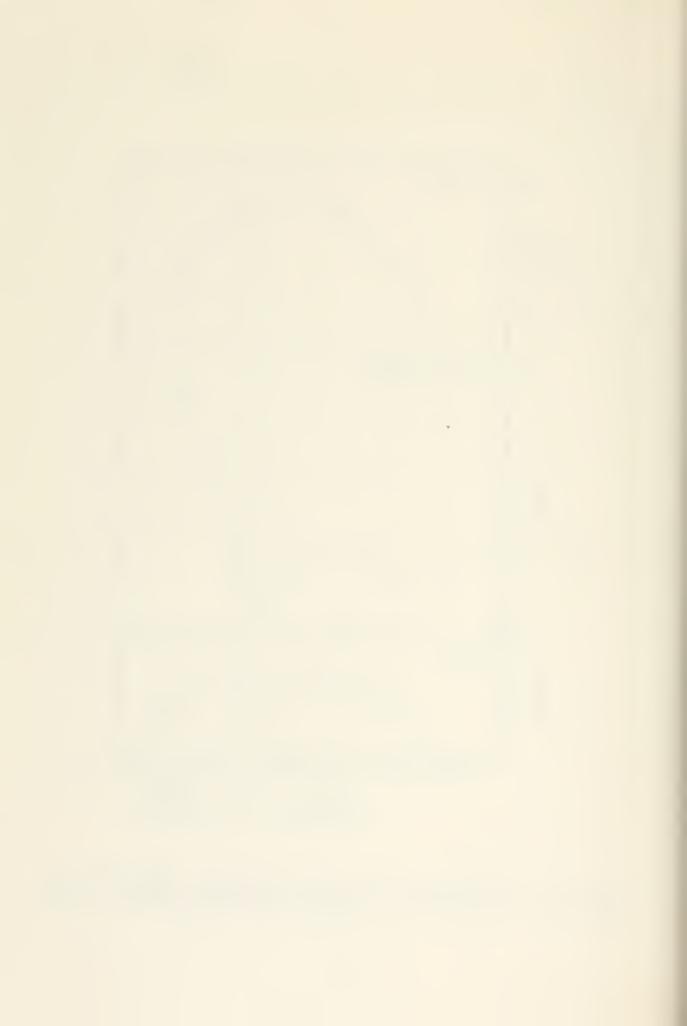
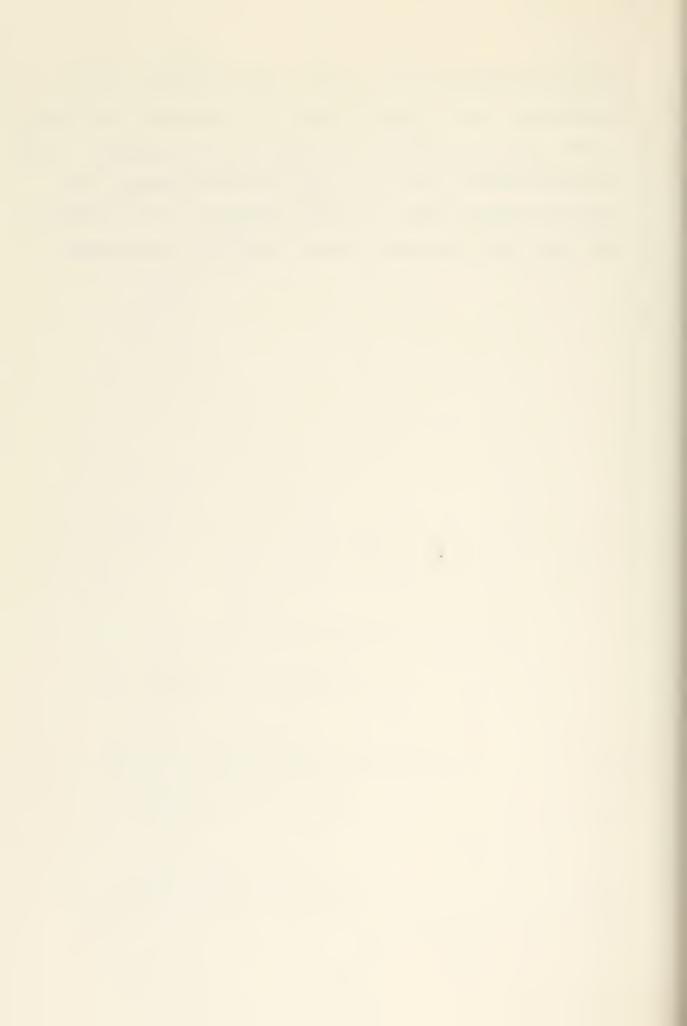


Figure 11. Comparison of the mean intensity, speed and size profiles for the recurving tropical cyclones (August-November, 1960-1969) relative to the point of recurvature.



speed of movement showed a minimum speed six hours before recurvature, with continued acceleration thereafter until the maximum speed was reached at 30 hours after recurvature. After attaining maximum size at 30 hours before recurvature, the recurving storms showed an overall decrease in size afterward, with very little variation through the time of recurvature.



#### IV. STATISTICAL CALCULATIONS

The computer program used in this study for developing the tables in Appendices B and C was from the Biomedical (BMD 02R) programs [Dixon, 1966]. This program is currently on file at the Statistical Library of the W. R. Church Computer Facility at the Naval Postgraduate School.

Appendices B and C present statistical correlations for the East-West and recurving tropical storms and typhoons data examined earlier in this study. Each table lists the means, standard deviations and correlations of the eighteen available tropical cyclone parameters. The code explanations are:

(1)	LAT	latitude, in degrees
(2)	LONG	longitude, in degrees
(3)	12 DIR	past 12-hour direction of movement, in degrees
(4)	12 SPD	past 12-hour speed of movement, in knots
(5)	24 DIR	past 24-hour direction of movement, in degrees
(6)	24 SPD	past 24-hour speed of movement, in knots
(7)	SIZE	the average radius of the outer closed isobar, in degrees of latitude
(8)	12 C SIZ	past 12-hour change of size, in degrees latitude
(9)	SLP	minimum observed sea-level pressure, in millibars
(10)	12 C SLP	<pre>past 12-hour change in minimum sea-level   pressure, in mb</pre>
(11)	MAX I	<pre>maximum intensity (maximum observed wind speed), in knots</pre>

MIN 7 HT minimum 700-mb height, in tens of meters

(12)



- (13) 7 R LT latitude of the 700-mb ridge north of the storm, in degrees
- (14) 7 R HT 700-mb height at the ridge true north of the storm, in tens of meters
- (15) 7 T LONG longitude at 35N, of the nearest 700-mb trough west of the storm, in degrees
- (16) 7 T HT 700-mb height at the intersection of the trough line at 35N, in tens of meters
- (17) 12 C I past 12-hour change of intensity, in knots
- (18) 24 C I past 24-hour change of intensity, in knots

#### A. THE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT

The various measures of correlation indicate the degree of association between the various parameters. The product-moment correlation coefficient represents the degree of linear relationship between any two variables. Because the correlations are based on data over a 10-year period, the results are generally representative.

Since successive data are usually positively correlated (due to persistence), an adjustment should be made to the total number of six-hourly observations for interpretation of the significance of correlation data. Panofsky and Brier [1958] pointed out that, approximately, each observation is independent of the observation three days prior. However, within a tropical cyclone, a complete exchange of mass occurs within 24 hours. Therefore, with four six-hourly observations per day, the number of six-hourly observations (at the top of each table) must be divided by four, yielding the effective number of independent observations, N.



## 1. Tests of Significance of r

The only requirement for computation of the correlation coefficient, r, for a given sample is that the values of the variables in the sample be truly quantitative. A positive value of r is obtained whenever the relationship between the two variables is such that one of the variables tends to increase if the other variable increases. On the other hand, a negative value of r results whenever the relationship between the two variables is such that one of the variables tends to decrease if the other variable increases.

To test the significance of a correlation coefficient between any two of the variables, one must decide whether or not the value of r calculated from a sample is significantly different from the population value  $\rho=0$ . The decision is whether or not to reject the null hypothesis,  $H_0$ , that the value of  $\rho$  is zero, and accept the alternative,  $H_A$ , that  $\rho$  is different from zero. Table V contains the smallest values of |r| that may be considered significantly different from zero for three levels of significance and for various values of N.

To illustrate the use of these statistical concepts in this study, the following example is given. Consider an observed correlation coefficient, r=.411, and a sample size  $^8$  N=23. The test of  $\rm H_0$ :  $\rho=0$ ,  $\rm H_A$ :  $\rho\neq0$  is made from Table V using the values in the columns under 10%, 5%, and 1% in the row for N=23. Under 5%, the number 0.396 is tabulated. Thus there are only five chances in 100 that a value of  $|\rm r|$  larger

<sup>8</sup> N is the effective number of independent data pairs.



TABLE V

Tabulation of correlation coefficients at the 10%, 5% and 1% levels of significance.

N	10%	5%	1%	N	10%	5%	1%
1	.988	.997	1.000	23	.335	.396	.505
2	.900	.950	.990	24	.329	.388	.496
3	.805	.878	.959	25	.323	.381	.487
4	.729	.811	.917	26	.317	.374	.478
5	.669	.754	.874	27	.311	.367	.470
6	.622	.707	.834	28	.306	.361	.463
7	.582	.666	.798	29	.301	.355	.456
8	.549	.632	.765	30	.296	.349	.449
9	.521	.602	.735	35	.275	.325	.418
10	.497	.576	.708	40	.257	.304	.393
11	.476	.553	.684	45	.293	.288	.372
12	.458	.532	.661	50	.231	.273	.354
13	.441	.514	.641	60	.211	.250	.325
14	.426	.497	.623	70	.195	.232	.302
15	.412	.482	.606	80	.183	.217	.283
16	.400	.468	.590	90	.173	.205	.267
17	.389	.456	.575	100	.164	.195	.254
18	.378	.444	.561	125	.156	.174	.228
19	.369	.433	.549	150	.143	.159	.208
20	.360	.423	.537	200	.125	.138	.181
22	.383	.404	.515	300	.103	.113	.148
						•	-



than 0.396 would occur by pure chance in drawing an independent sample of 23 observations from a population, in which there really is no linear relationship between the two variables. In other words, 0.396 is the smallest value of |r| that can be considered significant at the 5% significance level for 23 independent observations of two variables. Because the observed value, 0.411, of r is larger than the value in Table V, 0.396, it is concluded that the value of r computed from the sample is significantly different from zero at the 5% significance level. Therefore, the null hypothesis  $H_0$ , that there is no linear relation between the two variables, is rejected.

Furthermore, notice that the tabulated value on the line for N=23 in the column under 1% is 0.505. Since the observed value of r=0.411 is less than the table value 0.505, it is concluded that the observed value is significantly different from the population value  $\rho=0$  at the 10% and 5% levels of significance, but not significantly different from  $\rho=0$  at the 1% level.

## 2. Application to 24-hour Change of Intensity

To further examine the intensity parameter, a summary of the four highest correlation coefficients of parameter 18, the past 24-hour change of intensity, was constructed. This was done as a diagnostic study to look for relationships between the parameters, and to see if these relationships are physically realistic. Tables VI, VII, VIII and IX summarizes these coefficients before and after maximum intensity for East-West storms, and before and after the time of recurvature for



recurving storms. The number within parentheses indicates the variable number, as listed in the previous section. Each correlation coefficient was tested for a 1% level of significance as described above. In those cases for which less than four variables were significant at the 1% level, additional variables were added at the 5% and 10% levels and indicated by asterisks. The correlation coefficients computed from the combined data of all months are given at the bottom of the tables for comparison.

Table VI summarizes the correlation coefficients for the East-West storms during the period before maximum intensity. As could be expected, the past 12-hour change of intensity (parameter 17) was the most frequent as well as the largest correlation coefficient. In fact, it only occurred in the column of the largest correlation coefficient in this table. In most months persistence was quite a good forecast. The explained variance from this parameter alone ranged from about 60% in April and May to 84% in October. In the column of secondlargest correlations, maximum intensity (parameter 11) appeared in the five months having the greatest number of six-hourly observations. The 12-hour change in sea-level pressure (parameter 10) occurred the most number of times as the third-largest correlation coefficient, and was a negative value each time. The fourth-largest correlation coefficient column showed the minimum 700-mb height (parameter 12) to occur the most often, although the months having the greatest number of six-hourly observations favored sea-level pressure (parameter 9). Because



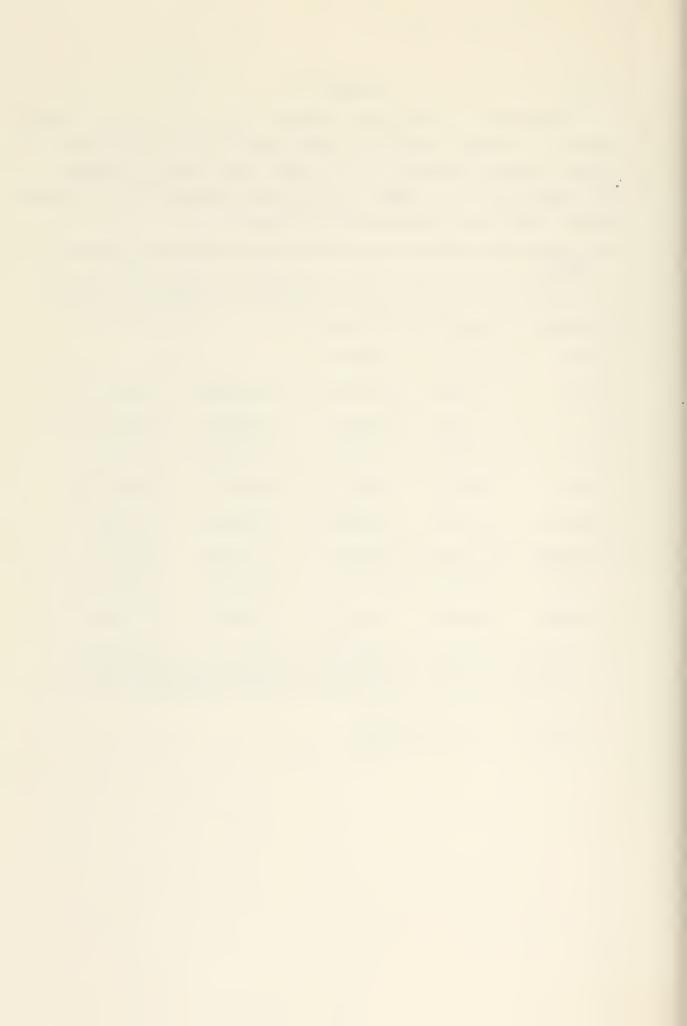
TABLE VI

Four highest correlation coefficients of the past 24-hour change of maximum intensity (parameter 18) for the period before maximum intensity of the East-West tropical storms and typhoons. The number in parantheses denotes the variable number listed at the beginning of Section IV.

PERIOD	1	2	3	4
FEBRUARY	-0.812(10)	0.725(8)**		
MARCH	0.840(3)	0.828(5)		
APRIL	0.782(17)	-0.611(9)**	-0.591(12**	0.546(11)*
YAM	0.775(17)	0.690(3)	0.656(11)	-0.597(10)**
JUNE	0.832(17)	0.625(14)	0.490(1)**	-0.430(7)*
JULY	0.794(17)	0.571(11)	-0.474(7)	-0.470(10,12)
AUGUST	0.857(17)	0.581(11)	-0.986(10)	-0.397(9)
SEPTEMBER	0.876(17)	0.550(11)	-0.536(10)	-0.475(9)
OCTOBER	0.916(17)	0.879(11)	-0.874(10)	-0.820(12)
NOVEMBER	0.908(12)	0.731(11)	-0.620(9)	-0.577(12)
ALL MONTHS	0.846(17)	0.593(11)	-0.491(9)	-0.487(10)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Significant at the 5% level.

<sup>\*</sup> Significant at the 10% level.



both parameters 9 and 12 are highly correlated with the maximum observed wind speed (parameter 11), which frequently appeared as the second highest correlant, little new information is added by these two parameters.

Table VII shows a summary of the correlation coefficients for the period after maximum intensity of the East-West storms. As was the case for the period before maximum intensity, the past 12-hour change of intensity (parameter 17) occurred most often as the largest correlation coefficient. The 12-hour change of sea-level pressure (parameter 10) appeared more times than any other parameter as the second-largest correlation coefficient, and each time it was a negative value. As shown in Table VII, there were no correlation coefficients with values significant at the 1% level in the columns of the third- and fourth-largest values of r. This agrees with the results obtained in the sample for all months combined, and implies that it is more difficult to accurately forecast, by statistical methods, the intensity changes after maximum intensity.

A tabulation of the four largest correlation coefficients for the recurving storms during the period prior to recurvature is shown in Table VIII. The past 12-hour change of intensity (parameter 17) dominated the r values in the column of largest correlation coefficients, although July storm intensity change had the largest correlation coefficient of 0.985 with the storm's latitude (parameter 1). Of the second-largest correlation coefficients, the 12-hour change of sea-level pressure (parameter 10) occurred most frequently. Eight months are



TABLE VII

Four highest correlation coefficients of the past 24-hour change of maximum intensity (parameter 18) for the period after maximum intensity of the East-West tropical storms and typhoons. The number in parentheses denotes the variable number listed at the beginning of Section IV.

PERIOD	1	2	3	4
JANUARY	0.964(5)**	0.955(3)**	-0.926(9)*	-0.920(12)*
FEBRUARY	0.725(11)**	0.682(17)**	• • •	,
MARCH	0.829(3)**	0.815(5)**		
APRIL	-0.815(10)**	0.720(11)**	0.713(17)**	-0.693(12)**
MAY	0.852(17)			
JULY	0.780(17)	-0.461(10)	0.326(11)**	-0.304
AUGUST	0.799(17)	-0.586(10)	0.379(11)**	-0.320(9)**
SEPTEMBER	0.738(17)	-0.326(10)**	0.282(2)	0.258(15)*
OCTOBER	0.854(17)	-0.645(10)*		
NOVEMBER	0.742(17)	-0.563(1)**	-0.443(10)*	•
DECEMBER	0.973(17)**	-0.926(1)*		
ALL MONTHS	0.768(17)	-0.440(10)	0.199(11)**	0.182(2)**

<sup>\*\*</sup> Significant at the 5% level.

<sup>\*</sup> Significant at the 10% level.

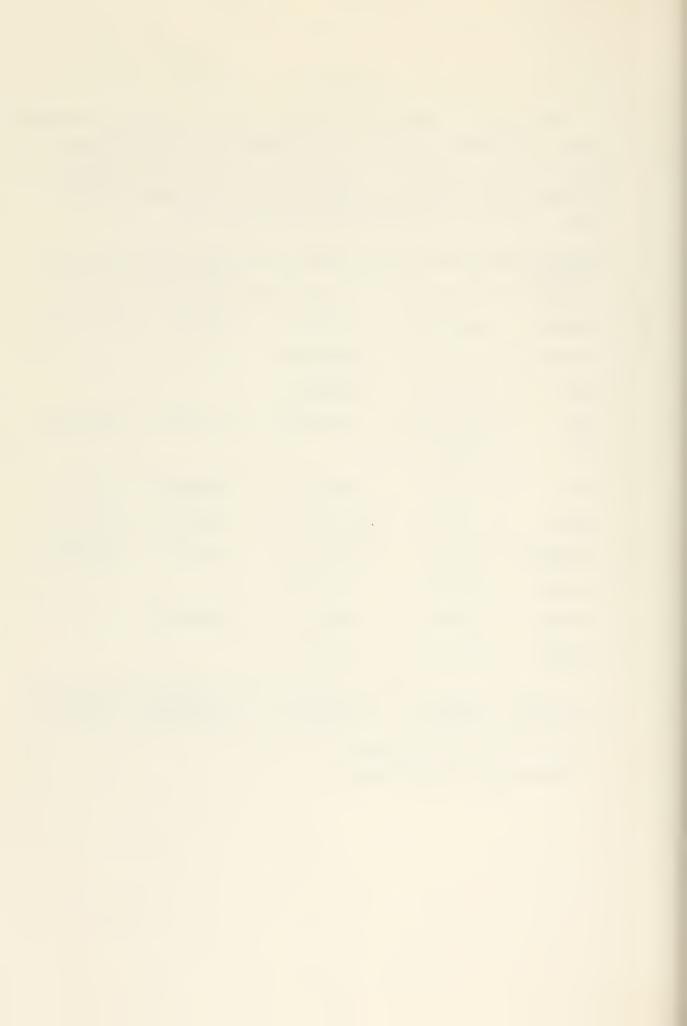


TABLE VIII

Four highest correlation coefficients of the past 24-hour change of maximum intensity (parameter 18) for the period before recurvature of the recurving tropical storms and typhoons. The number in parentheses denotes the variable number listed at the beginning of Section IV.

PERIOD	1	2	3	4
JANUARY	0.844(12)**	0.836(16)**	0.747(14)*	0.740(17)*
MARCH	0.947(17)	-0.901(10)	-0.820(13)	-0.739(1)
APRIL	0.787(17)	-0.517(10)**	0.433(16)*	
JUNE	0.918(17)	-0.690(10)	-0.591(12)**	0.586(11)**
JULY	0.985(1)	-0.963(13)	-0.953(10)	-0.938(6)
AUGUST	0.889(17)	-0.683(10)	-0.313(1)**	
SEPTEMBER	0.867(17)	-0.592(10)	-0.477(1)	-0.334(13)
OCTOBER	0.854(17)	-0.703(10)	0.297(11)	0.278(8)**
NOVEMBER	0.866(17)	-0.603(10)		
DECEMBER	0.745(17)	-0.646(7)**		
ALL MONTHS	0.871(17)	-0.641(10)	-0.245(1)	0.177(11)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Significant at the 5% level.

<sup>\*</sup> Significant at the 10% level.



listed in Table VIII as having a third-largest correlation coefficient significant at least at the 10% level. It is interesting to note that none of these eight months had the same third-largest parameter. These parameters included the 700-mb ridge latitude (parameter 13), the 700-mb ridge height (parameter 14), and the 700-mb trough height (parameter 16). Also of interest is the fact that the computed values of r for all months combined during this period were significant at the 1% level.

Table IX presents the correlation coefficients for the period after recurvature of the recurving storms. Consistent with Tables VI, VII and VIII, the past 12-hour change in intensity (parameter 17) was the most recurrent parameter with the largest correlation coefficients. All values in column one were significant at the 1% level. The 12-hour change of sealevel pressure (parameter 10) appeared most often as the secondlargest correlation coefficient during this period. The thirdlargest correlation coefficient that occurred most frequently was the latitude of the storm (parameter 1). The 700-mb ridge height (parameter 14) had the greatest number of occurrences as the fourth-largest correlation coefficient, but did not occur at the 1% level of significance. As during the period before recurvature (Table VIII), the four largest correlation coefficients for all months combined were all significant at the 1% level.



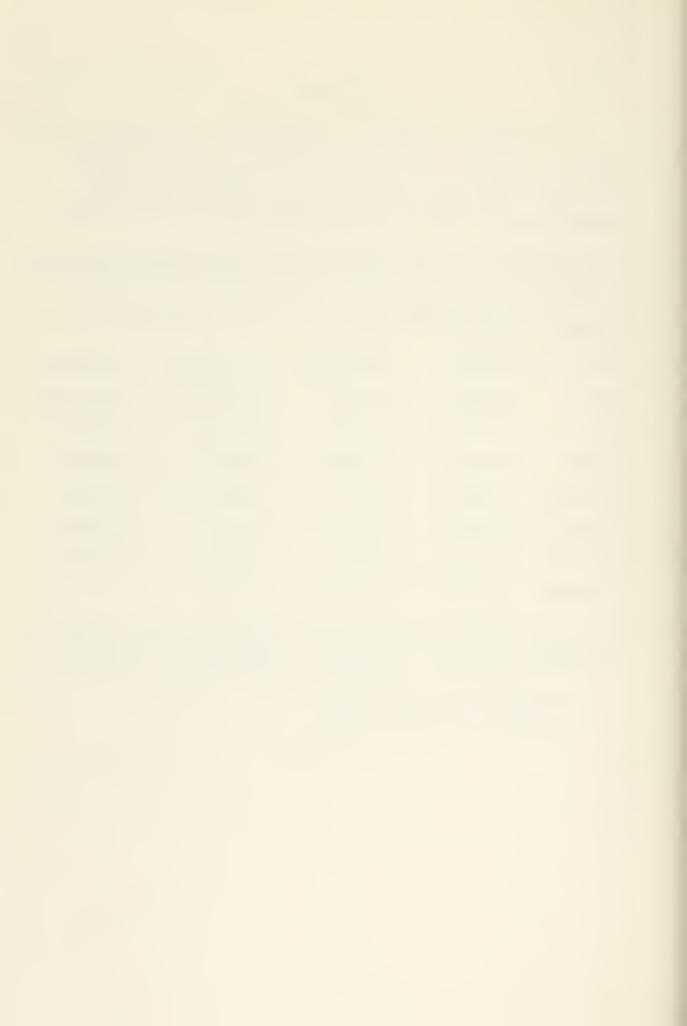
TABLE IX

Four highest correlation coefficients of the past 24-hour change of maximum intensity (parameter 18) for the period after recurvature of the recurving tropical storms and typhoons. The number in parentheses denotes the variable number listed at the beginning of Section IV.

PERIOD	1	2	3	4
JANUARY	0.856(17)	-0.820(10)		
MARCH	-0.942(10)	0.813(17)**	-0.718(12)**	-0.717(14)**
JUNE	0.860(17)	-0.746(10)	-0.625(1)**	0.576(14)*
JULY	-0.988(12)	-0.984(6)	-0.979(9)	-0.976(12)
AUGUST	0.840(17)	-0.565(10)	-0.406(1)	0.405(11)
SEPTEMBER	0.726(17)	0.467(12)**	-0.461(10)**	0.436(9)*
OCTOBER	0.887(17)	-0.704(10)	-0.654(1)	-0.464(6)
NOVEMBER	0.766(17)	-0.616(1)	0.578(11)	-0.568(4)
DECEMBER	0.975(17)	0.698(7)	-0.669(1)	
ALL MONTHS	0.817(17)	-0.600(10)	-0.393(6)	-0.391(4)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Significant at the 5% level.

<sup>\*</sup> Significant at the 10% level.



## V. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

Available tropical cyclone data for a 10-year period were examined. Tropical storm and typhoon tracks which were classified as East-West moving and recurving storms were subjected to the following selection criteria: (1) genesis must occur east of 125E, (2) initial observation of intensity cannot exceed 65 knots, (3) the storm must have at least a 24-hour history, (4) recurving storms can have no portion of their track west of 125E, and (5) if a storm track encountered land, all subsequent data were discontinued after the most recent observation prior to landfall. The application of the above criteria resulted in a data sample consisting only of open-ocean observations.

Analysis of the data revealed significant monthly and seasonal variations of intensity, speed of movement and size. For the East-West moving storms, August storms were the smallest (size defined as the mean radius from the center of the tropical cyclone to the outer closed surface isobar). In addition, the August storms were both less intense and faster moving than the 10-year weighted means. The most intense and fastest moving East-West tropical cyclones occurred in September. October had the largest size East-West storms. The October storms were also the least intense and slowest moving East-West storms.

The recurving storms data showed August to have the least intense, slowest moving and smallest size storms. October had the largest size recurving storms. The most intense and fastest moving recurving storms occurred in November.



The monthly correlations between 18 parameters of tropical storm and typhoon data were computed for four composited periods: before and after maximum intensity of East-West storms, and before and after recurvature for recurving storms. In particular the correlation coefficients of the past 24-hour change of intensity were examined. The four highest correlation values for each monthly period were checked for significance at the 1%, 5%, and 10% levels. Persistence was shown to be a dominant factor in the East-West storms, with very high significance. In those months in which the storms develop and decay more rapidly, the effective contribution of persistence was less, as expected. It was then that various other parameters appeared as significant correlates.

Further study of intensity changes of the tropical cyclones is suggested. By using a similar data base to correlate current values and tendencies in the tropical cyclone parameters with subsequent intensity changes, regression equations could be developed. The information gained would be of great usefulness to the tropical meteorologist who presently has limited aids to forecast tropical cyclone development and decay.



## APPENDIX A

Tracks of the tropical storms and typhoons during the period 1960 through 1969 are presented by monthly and half-monthly periods. Complete tracks of ten years storm data are compared with the East-West and recurving storms used in this study.

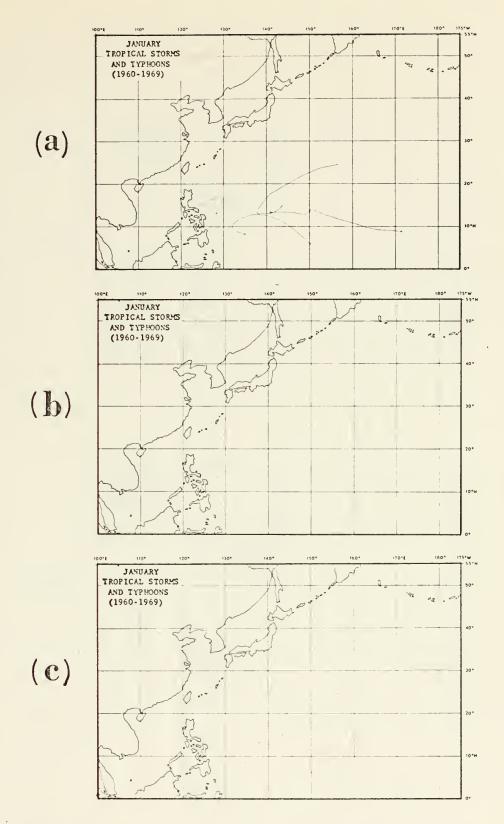
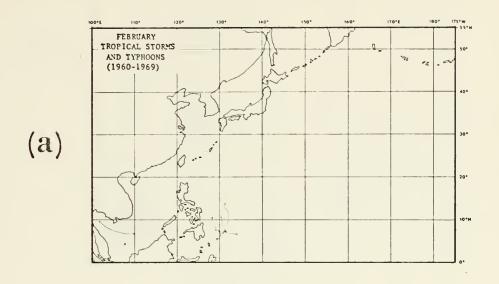


Figure 12. January tracks of tropical cyclones. Complete tracks of all tropical storms and typhoons during 1960-1969 (a) are separated into the track segments of East-West storms (b) and recurving storms (c) examined in this study.





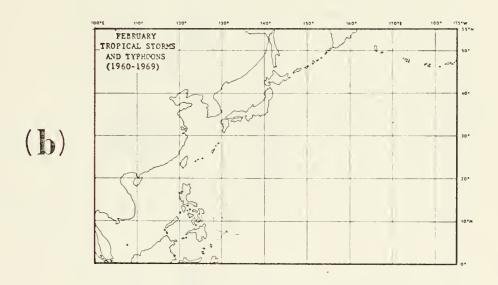


Figure 13. February tracks of tropical cyclones. Complete tracks of all tropical storms and typhoons during 1960-1969 (a) and the track segments of East-West storms (b) examined in this study.

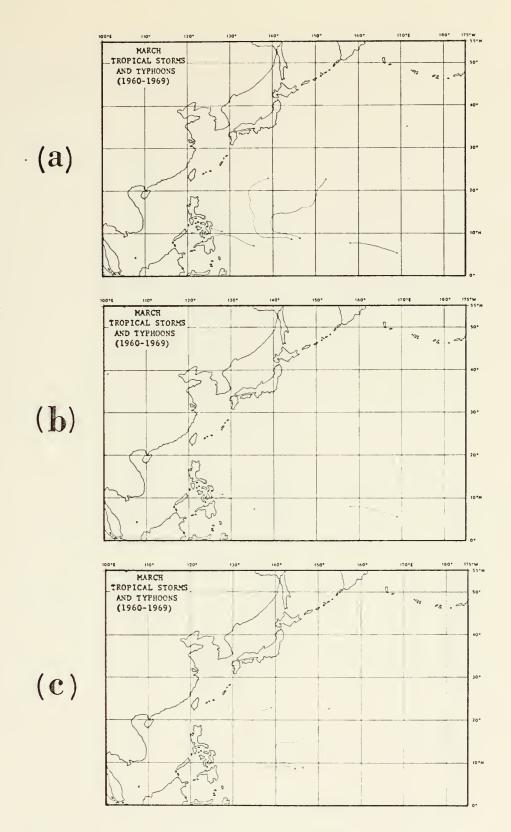
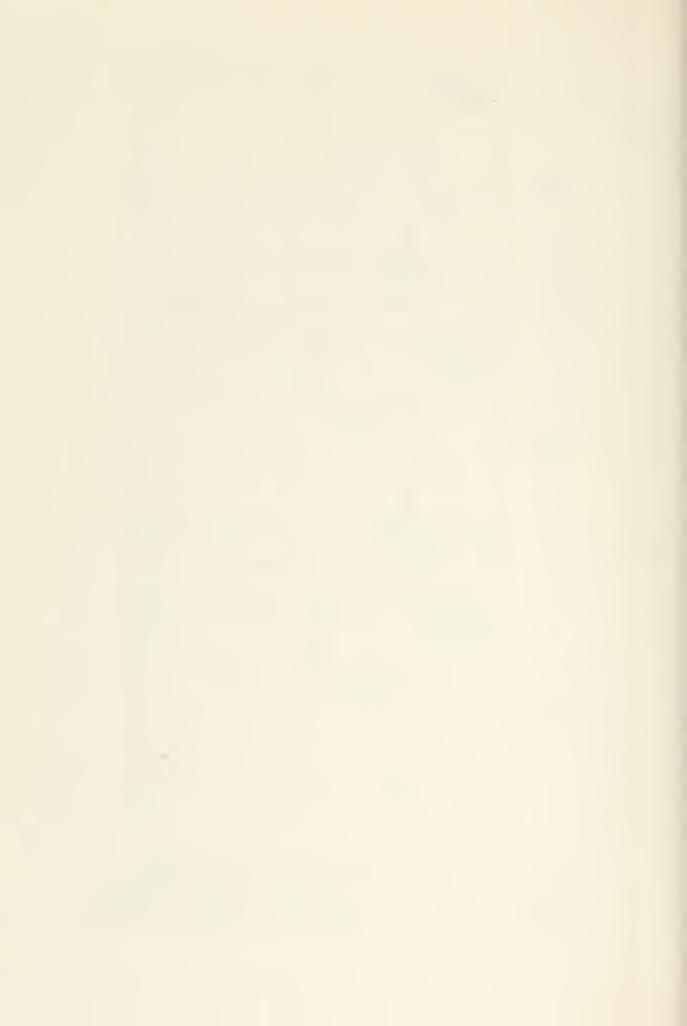


Figure 14. March tracks of tropical cyclones. Complete tracks of all tropical storms and typhoons during 1960-1969 (a) are separated into the track segments of East-West storms (b) and recurving storms (c) examined in this study.



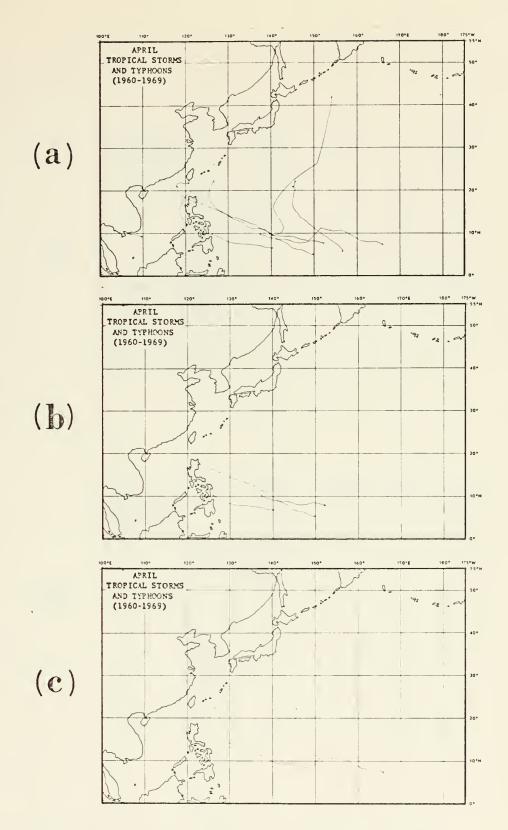
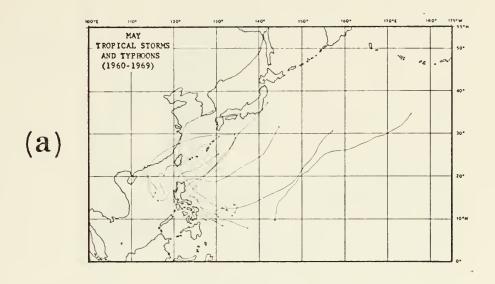


Figure 15. April tracks of tropical cyclones. Complete tracks of all tropical storms and typhoons during 1960-1969 (a) are separated into the track segments of East-West storms (b) and recurving storms (c) examined in this study.





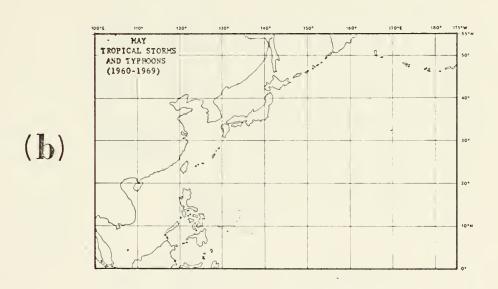


Figure 16. May tracks of tropical cyclones. Complete tracks of all tropical storms and typhoons during 1960-1969 (a) and the track segments of East-West storms (b) examined in this study.

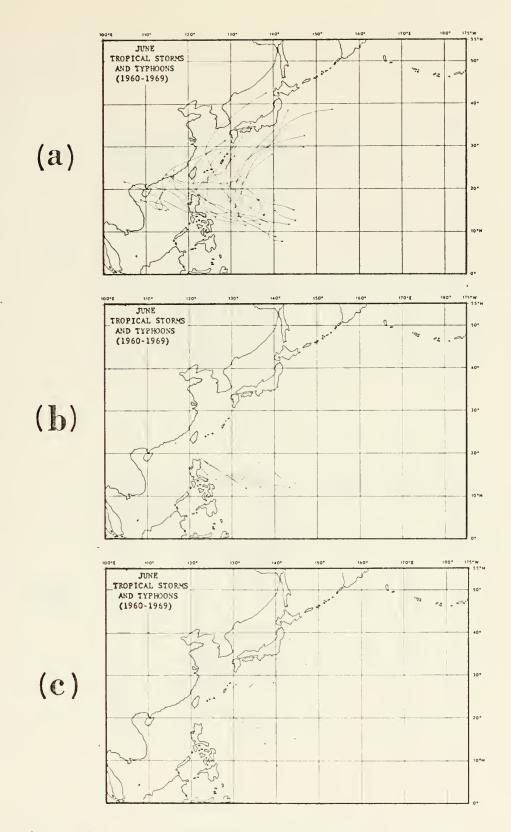
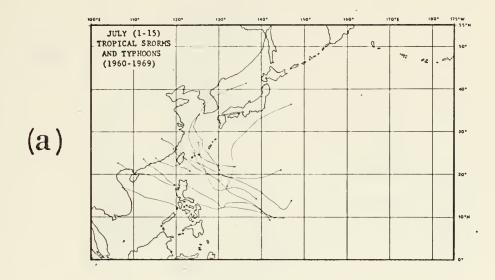


Figure 17. June tracks of tropical cyclones. Complete tracks of all tropical storms and typhoons during 1960-1969 (a) are separated into the track segments of East-West storms (b) and recurving storms (c) examined in this study.





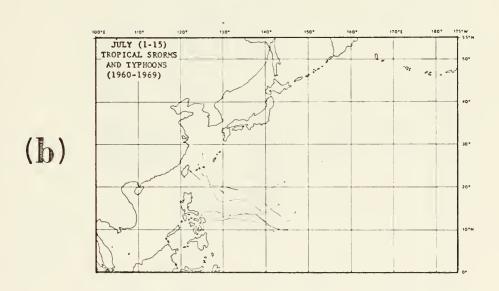


Figure 18. July (1-15) tracks of tropical cyclones. Complete tracks of all tropical storms and typhoons during 1960-1969 (a) and the track segments of East-West storms (b) examined in this study.

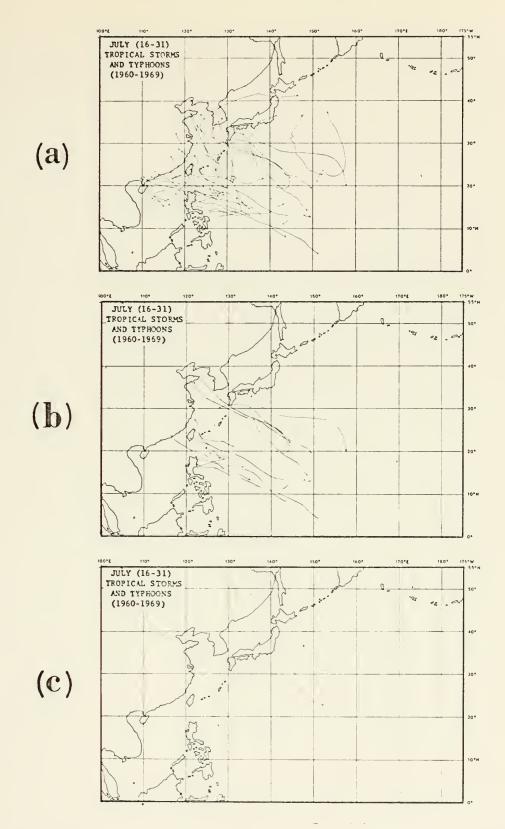


Figure 19. July (16-31) tracks of tropical cyclones. Complete tracks of all tropical storms and typhoons during 1960-1969 (a) are separated into the track segments of East-West storms (b) and recurving storms (c) examined in this study.



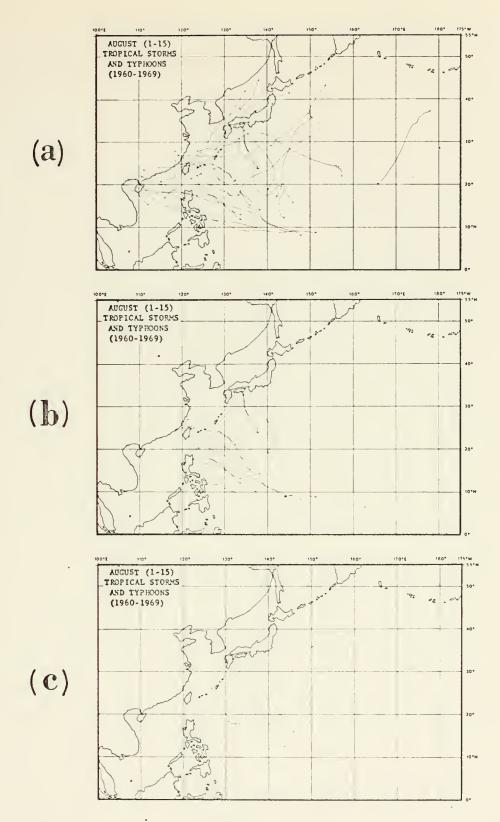


Figure 20. August (1-15) tracks of tropical cyclones. Complete tracks of all tropical storms and typhoons during 1960-1969 (a) are separated into the track segments of East-West storms (b) and recurving storms (c) examined in this study.



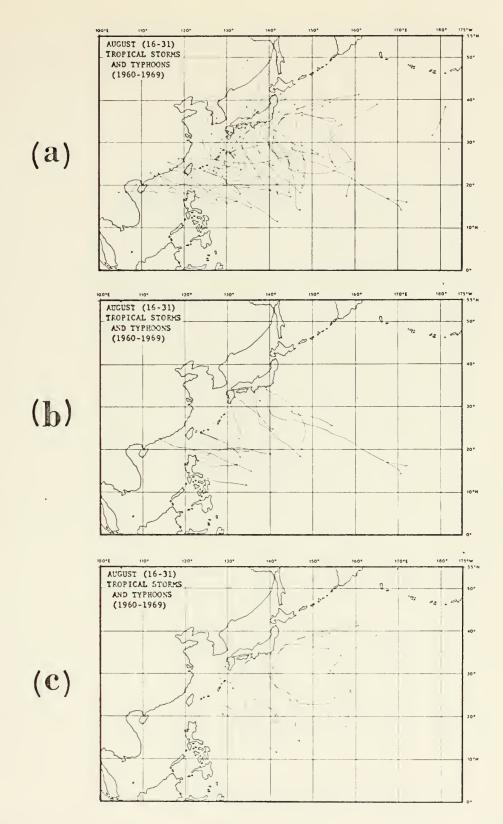


Figure 21. August (16-31) tracks of tropical cyclones. Complete tracks of all tropical storms and typhoons during 1960-1969 (a) are separated into the track segments of East-West storms (b) and recurving storms (c) examined in this study.



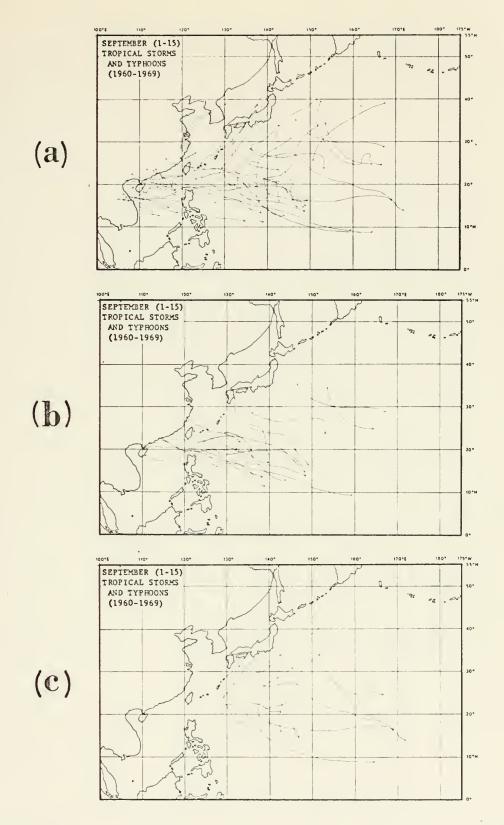


Figure 22. September (1-15) tracks of tropical cyclones. Complete tracks of all tropical storms and typhoons during 1960-1969 (a) are separated into the track segments of East-West storms (b) and recurving storms (c) examined in this study.



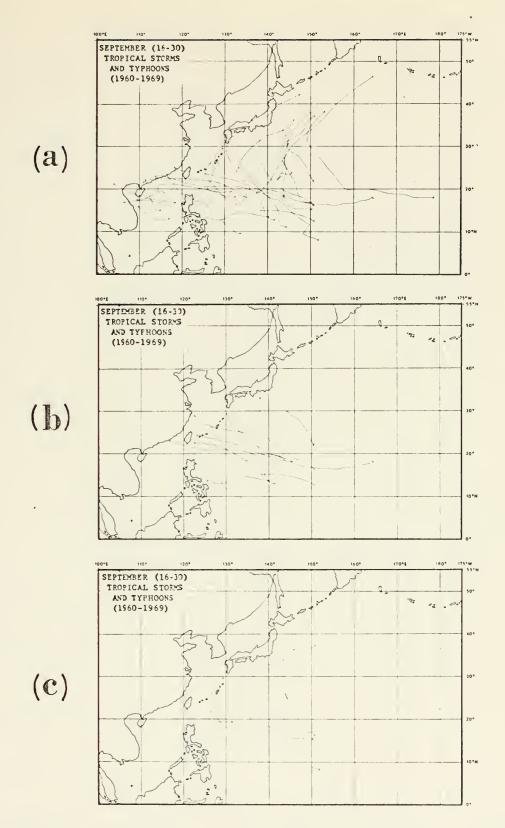


Figure 23. September (16-30) tracks of tropical cyclones. Complete tracks of all tropical storms and typhoons during 1960-1969 (a) are separated into the track segments of East-West storms (b) and recurving storms (c) examined in this study.

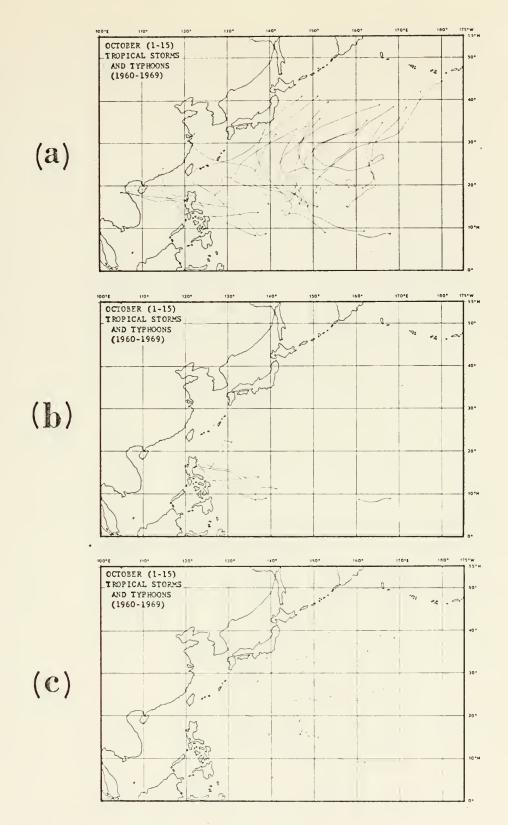


Figure 24. October (1-15) tracks of tropical cyclones. Complete tracks of all tropical storms and typhoons during 1960-1969 (a) are separated into the track segments of East-West storms (b) and recurving storms (c) examined in this study.

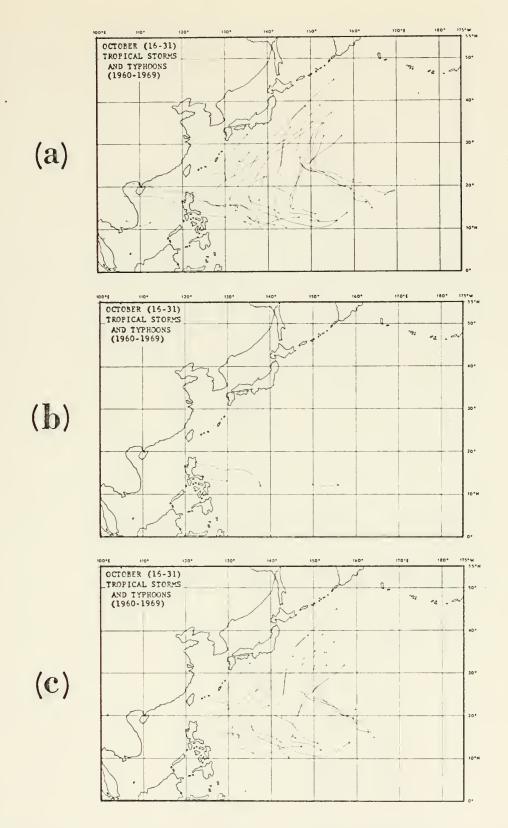


Figure 25. October (16-31) tracks of tropical cyclones. Complete tracks of all tropical storms and typhoons during 1960-1969 (a) are separated into the track segments of East-West storms (b) and recurving storms (c) examined in this study.



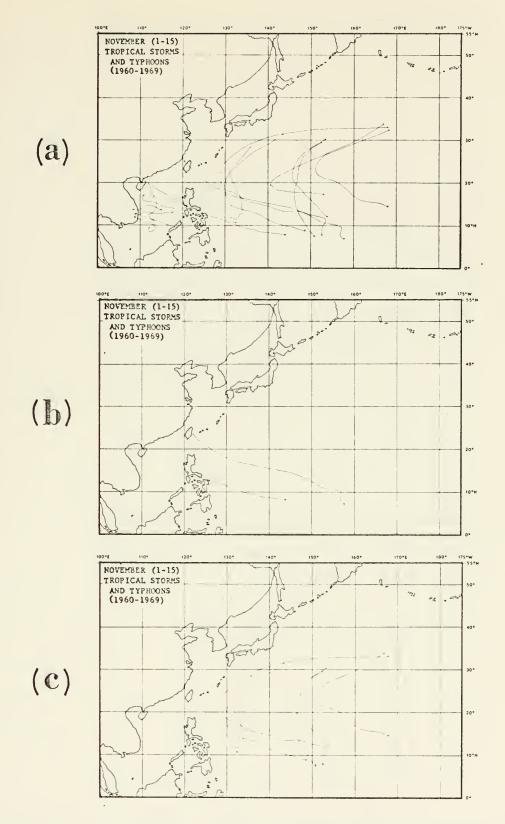


Figure 26. November (1-15) tracks of tropical cyclones. Complete tracks of all tropical storms and typhoons during 1960-1969 (a) are separated into the track segments of East-West storms (b) and recurving storms (c) examined in this study.

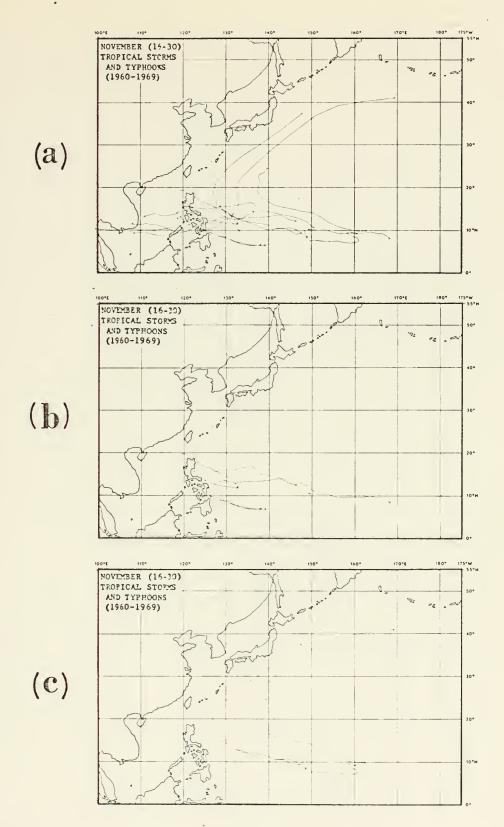


Figure 27. November (16-30) tracks of tropical cyclones. Complete tracks of all tropical storms and typhoons during 1960-1969 (a) are separated into the track segments of East-West storms (b) and recurving storms (c) examined in this study.



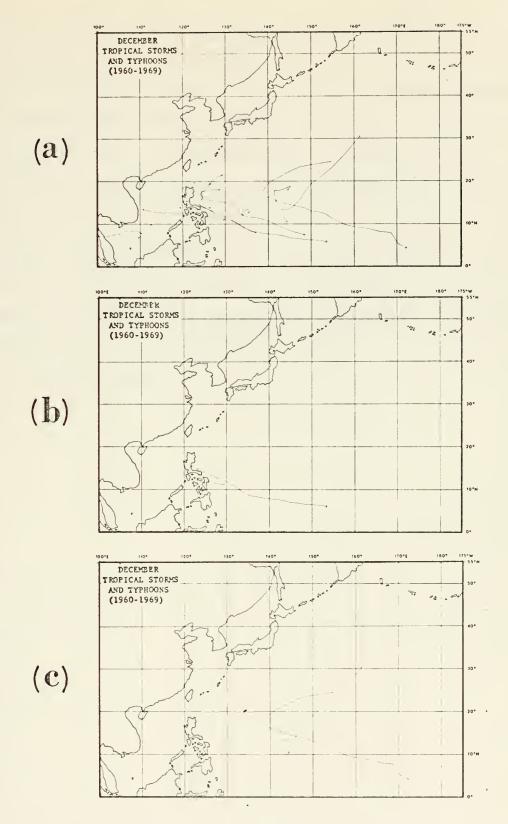


Figure 28. December tracks of tropical cyclones. Complete tracks of all tropical storms and typhoons during 1960-1969 (a) are separated into the track segments of East-West storms (b) and recurving storms (c) examined in this study.

## APPENDIX B

Statistical calculations of the 18 available parameters of the East-West moving tropical storms and typhoons during the period 1960-1969 are presented. Computations are shown for the two composited periods of the East-West storms: before and after maximum intensity.

Each table presents: (1) the number of tropical storms and typhoons for the period, (2) the number of six-hourly observations during the period, (3) the means and standard deviations of the 18 parameters, and (4) a correlation matrix of the 18 variables.



Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 114 Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 1277

Standard Deviation	e e	7 21.85344	5.10727	2 2.50971	7 10.67886	1 4.26153	4 9.79933	4 16.11357
Mean -6.75216	77.39211	286.39087	28.76572	316.68042	119.09247	308.45491	11.24044	21.50554
Variable SLP 10	=======================================	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Variable	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LT	7 R 11T	7 T LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I
Standard Deviation 5. 20795		47 28.85039	20 4.26670	32 29.32910	13 4.09859	45 1.78689	61 1.03602	74 25,21660
Mean 16.60562		293.55347	11.14920	293.04932	10,86313	4.65845	0.08261	973.06274
able	7	m	7	S	9	7	12 8	6
Variable	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ 8	SLP

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons for all months (1960-1969) for the period before maximum intensity. TABLE X.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 114
Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 698

Standard Deviation	8.18365	41.44125	24.66219	6.00784	2.43566	14.21540	15.99199	10.68967	18.81728	:	16 17 18	0.073 -0.093 -0.144 -0.029 0.160 0.182 -0.005 -0.0046 0.026 -0.012 0.083 -0.008 -0.056 -0.033 0.054 -0.050 0.033 0.055 0.001 0.032 0.050 0.001 0.032 0.051 -0.455 -0.440 -0.003 -0.054 -0.134 0.021 -0.455 -0.440 -0.003 -0.054 -0.135 0.005 -0.054 -0.094 0.005 -0.054 -0.094 0.006 0.007 -0.054 1.000 -0.026 -0.073 1.000 0.768
Mean	3.32319	74.53477	283.46069	30.47391	315.53760	116.03477	307.93311	-6.33768	-5.81739	:	15	1 0.085 4 0.085 4 0.075 6 0.075 7 0.049 7 0.049 8 0.071 1 0.056 9 0.071 1 0.061 1 0.061 1 0.075 1 0.075 1 0.075
			2		e e	7	ř	•	·	:	14	0.261 0.369 0.259 0.259 0.0264 0.0364 0.085 0.08
Variable	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	:	13	0.844 0.070 0.070 0.018 0.117 0.117 0.103 0.048 0.048
Var	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LT	7 R HT	T LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I	:	12	-0.100 0.125 0.045 0.046 -0.107 -0.989 1.000
		~	4						.,	:	=	0.103 -0.199 -0.0215 -0.0317 -0.0417 -0.005
										:	01	0.098 0.097 0.097 0.036 0.025 0.025 0.025 0.025 0.044
											0	-0.130 0.219 0.016 -0.046 -0.039 -0.039 1.000
											œ	-0.075 0.097 0.097 0.019 0.019 0.044 0.0283 1.000
											7	-0.083 -0.102 -0.162 -0.140 -0.140 1.000 1.000
lation	1579	709	1293	617	144	930	181	228	295	,	9	0.224
Standard Deviation	6.85451	9.82602	32.03293	4.27617	28.71144	3.94930	2.05781	1.01228	28.86295	,	5	0.331 0.115 0.825 0.825 1.000 1.000
Stand											7	0.294 0.084 -0.071 1.000
Mean	20,60457	130,46576	297.24487	.43478	297.14038	.24928	4.27536	.14203	.03027		m	0.293 0.083 1.000
ΣI	20	130	297	10.	297	10.	4	-0-	971.(	trix	2	1.000
1b le	1	2	3	7	5	9	7	8 21	6	n Ma		1.000
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	SLP	Correlation Matrix	Variable l Number	

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons for all months (1960-1969) for the period after maximum intensity. TABLE XI.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 1 Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 7

Standard Deviation	9 4.69159	7.15137	5 0.22495	6 0.60266	(3 0.53969	7 5.51886	5 1.28618	9 2.45832	7 2.09973		16 17 18	6 0.095 -0.245 6 -0.027 0.181 0.191 5 -0.008 -0.037 -0.030 8 0.038 0.074 0.130 4 0.055 0.057 0.109 5 0.049 0.121 0.109 7 0.039 0.045 0.070 4 -0.017 -0.654 -0.021 6 0.005 0.220 0.318 1.000 0.014 -0.016 6 0.019 -0.017 -0.196 6 0.019 -0.017 -0.196 7 0.008 0.210 0.318 8 0.005 0.220 0.318 1.000 0.014 -0.012 1.000 0.014 -0.012
Mean	-2,12059	55.07861	302.04395	25.55096	313.15503	116.68687	304.27515	12.15989	26.94537		14 15	-0.253 -0.046 0.439 0.496 -0.033 0.055 -0.033 0.055 -0.079 0.071 0.267 -0.044 0.044 0.045 0.065 0.094 -0.226 -0.044 -0.026 0.094 -0.026 0.094 -0.006 0.094 -0.006 0.094 -0.006 0.094 -0.006 0.094 -0.006 0.094 -0.006 0.094 -0.006 0.094 -0.006 0.094 -0.006 0.094 -0.006 0.094 -0.006 0.094
Variable	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		13	0.752 0.102 0.183 0.183 0.117 0.017 0.089 0.089 1.000
Var	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R'LT	7 R HT	7 T LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I		12	-0.152 -0.037 -0.013 -0.014 -0.014 -0.018 -0
		_	_								11	0.113 -0.182 0.025 0.015 0.015 0.118 0.155 1.000
											10	0.184 -0.165 0.039 0.030 -0.053 -0.073 1.000
											6	-0.166 0.196 -0.031 -0.037 -0.037 1.000 1.000
											∞	-0.096 -0.119 -0.013 -0.003 -0.003 -0.003 -0.003 -0.003 -0.003
											7	-0.143 -0.018 -0.120 -0.120 -0.113 -0.001 -0.001
riation	55	.87	127	745	999	187	76	93	191		9	0.126 0.031 -0.107 0.941 1.000
Standard Deviation	0.43055	0.81187	8.39827	0.28442	4.10666	0.04087	0.92494	1.03093	1.96367		٧.	0.308 0.097 0.840 1.000
Stand											7	0.125 0.089 -0.063 1.000
Mean	.44368	.89627	.25049	.82079	.92993	.58095	.48234	,02065	.12842		3	0.277
2.1	15.	129.	385.	5	387	4	7	0	992	trix	2	1.000 -0.114
Variable	1	2	3	4	\$	9	7	80	6	on Ma	1	000
Vari	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	SLP	Correlation Matrix	Variable	

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during January (1960-1969) for the period before maximum intensity. TABLE XII.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 1 Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 11

Standard Deviation	2.83164	15.82575	2.53341	1.25045	1.12006	8.00340	1,13618	5,80908	15.78261		17 18	0.398 0.622 0.588 0.811 0.794 0.955 -0.592 -0.798 0.791 0.964 -0.397 -0.964 0.611 0.883 0.166 0.116 -0.957 -0.926 -0.957 -0.926 -0.955 0.815 -0.925 -0.920 0.454 0.675 -0.554 0.854 1.000 0.854
Stand											16	0.148 0.261 0.355 0.355 0.035 0.092 0.092 0.012 0.012 0.013 1.000
au	1.27273	46.36363	307.27271	23.18181	312.63623	105.36363	302.90894	-6.81818	-9.09091		15	0.027 0.272 0.272 0.278 0.444 0.278 0.238 0.238 0.203 0.003
Mean	1.:	746	307.	23.1	312.6	105.	302.9	-6.8	)•6-		14	0.890 0.965 0.936 0.336 0.337 0.373 0.373 0.373 0.373 0.373 0.373 0.373 0.373 0.373 0.373 0.373 0.373 0.373 0.373
Variable	10	Ξ	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		13	0.932 0.937 0.737 0.780 0.856 0.856 0.602 1.000
Var	C SLP	ı X	N 7 HT	R LT	R HT	7 T LONG	T HT	CI	C I		12	-0.487 -0.684 -0.910 -0.644 -0.743 -0.743 -0.709 1.000
	12	MAX	MIM	7	7	7	7	12	24	-	11	0.952 0.098 0.796 0.796 0.908 0.928 0.078 1.000
								٠			10	0.309 0.265 -0.004 -0.188 0.088 0.045 0.092 1.000
											6	-0.570 -0.739 -0.886 -0.906 -0.524 -0.768 1.000
											∞	-0.342 -0.245 -0.037 -0.037 -0.037 -0.000 1.000
											7	0.853 0.940 0.871 0.942 0.942 1.000
riation	180	147	151	383	355	680	986	223	371		9	-0.780 -0.794 -0.569 0.776 -0.753 1.000
Standard Deviation	1.0008	2.49247	49.74551	1.84883	54.11855	1.99089	0.87386	0.52223	2.97871		S	0.767 0.916 0.957 -0.725 1.000
Stand											7	-0.456 -0.577 -0.625 1.000
Mean	15.88181	5.29079	3.72705	1.27273	5.72705	6.81818	2.81818	-0.45455	996.54541		e	0.623
£41	ä	126.2	273.	, ,	285.	ŭ	.,	ĭ	966	trix	2	1.000
Variable	1	2	m	7	2	9	7	<b>∞</b>	6	Ion Ma		1.000
Var	לאז	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	SLP	Correlation Matrix	Variable	1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during January (1960-1969) for the period after maximum intensity. TABLE XIII.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 4
Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 22

Standard Deviation	1.26491	4.91596	3.31159	4.92612	1.86190	2.60768	5.98052	4.18330	5.84523	17	-0.942 0.442 -0.133 -0.972 0.592 -0.171 0.363 0.169 0.185 -0.814 0.098 0.135 -0.814 0.731 0.136 -0.584 0.257 0.191 0.584 0.217 -0.145 0.0 -0.567 -0.145 0.0 -0.567 -0.146 -0.907 0.335 -0.245 -0.667 0.733 -0.394 1.000 -0.460 0.396 1.000 0.307
Mean	-2.00000	39.16666	300.83325	13.66667	316,33325	128.00000	300.16650	2.50000	5.83333	15	0.45 0.633 0.000 0.038 0.052 0.052 0.054 0.324 0.324 0.334 0.334 0.334
el	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		0.989 -0.974 0.939 -0.988 0.939 -0.988 0.667 -0.784 0.873 -0.851 0.908 -0.721 0.973 -0.916 0.973 -0.916 0.977 -0.930 1.000 -0.945
Variable	C SLP	H	MIN 7 HT	LT	HT	T LONG	T HT	C 1	C I		0.986 0.989 0.930 0.939 0.017 0.697 0.717 0.667 0.855 0.873 0.878 0.908 0.983 0.973 0.983 0.973 0.191 0.353 0.747 0.674 1.000 0.977
	12 (	MAX	MIN	7 R	7 R	7 T	7 T	12 (	24 (		-0.670 0 -0.670 0 -0.508 0 -0.186 0 -0.640 -0 -0.299 0 -0.682 0 -0.682 0 -0.110 0 1.000 0
											1.000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
											0.972 -0.594 0.604 0.604 0.774 0.774 1.000
											-0.311 -0.441 -0.557 -0.557 -0.122 -0.161 1.000
											0.846 0.723 0.408 0.408 0.760 1.000
viation	237	452	324	089	962	196	643	319	505		0.883 -0.017 0.868 0.868 1.000 1.000
Standard Deviation	3,46237	1.51452	112.36324	2.19089	105.27296	. 1,47196	0.89443	0.98319	4.53505		-0.437 -0.335 0.198 1.000
Stan											0.749 0.856 0.219 1.000
Mean	7.49999	129.81656	211,50000	4.00000	227.00000	2.83333	3.00000	-0.16667	993.83325		0.971 -0.423 1.000 -0.299 1.000
ple	_	2	3	4	5	9	7	8 ZI	6	on Mat	000
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	SLP	Correlation Matrix Variable 1 2 Number	1. 5

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during February (1960-1969) for the period before maximum intensity. TABLE XIV.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 4

Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 26

Variable	le	Mean	Standard Deviation	Variable	ble	Mean	Standard Deviation
LAT	-	8,71923	1,28125	12 C SLP 10	10	1.26923	1.97094
LONG	2	129,91144	1,20245	MAX I	11	33.84625	8.03836
12 DIR	3	295.65381	69.76926	MIN 7 HT	12	306.76904	6.12736
12 SPD	7	6.07692	1,76461	7 R LT	13	15.76923	5.99538
24 DIR	2	295.46143	76,10942	7 R HT	14	315.23071	2,43816
24 SPD	9	5.73077	1,51149	7 T LONG	15	107,07692	5.19170
SIZE	7	2.92308	0.68836	7 T HT	16	303,42285	3.48910
12 C SIZ	∞	0.07692	0.93480	12 C I	17	-3.65385	5.75459
SLP	6	1000,19214	8,27535	. 24 C I	18	-2.88461	9.18401

		047446701688074890
	18	-0.230 0.494 0.327 0.337 0.316 0.316 0.037 0.003 0.025 0
	17	0.074 0.144 0.128 0.186 0.177 0.003 0.002 0.002 0.120 0.120
	16	0.097 -0.390 0.433 0.453 -0.685 -0.685 0.236 0.2
	15	0.037 0.652 0.663 0.653 0.653 0.753 0.753 0.753 0.753 0.753
	14	-0.319 -0.594 0.218 0.1144 0.072 -0.072 -0.026 -0.026 -0.035 1.000
	13	-0.070 0.707 -0.769 -0.769 0.364 -0.025 0.360 0.036
	12	0.332 0.174 0.174 0.147 0.147 0.018 0.080 0.985 0.985 0.985
	::	-0.493 0.152 -0.201 0.270 0.270 0.066 -0.347 1.000
	10	0.003 -0.351 0.272 0.275 0.012 0.012 0.097 0.097
	6	0.332 0.275 0.104 0.031 0.030 0.628 0.101 1.000
	œ	-0.409 -0.022 0.194 0.215 0.213 0.213 1.000
	7	0.047 0.465 0.465 0.027 0.009 1.000 1.000
	9	-0.495 0.213 0.213 -0.590 1.000 1.000
	2	-0.136 -0.644 0.987 -0.435 1.000
	7	-0.599 0.271 1.000 1.000
	e	-0.040 -0.659 1.000
latrix	2	1,000 0,059
ton	1	1.000
Correlation Matrix	Variable 1	100 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during February (1960-1969) for the period after maximum intensity. TABLE XV.



Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 3

Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 13

LAT         1         8.08235         1.51667         4           LONG         2         150.32933         17.59666         MAX I         11         43.82352         15           LONG         2         150.32933         17.59666         MIN 7 HT         12         305.52930         6           12 SPD         4         11.41176         2.57533         7 R LT         13         21.94116         1           24 DIR         5         285.76465         5.92167         7 R HT         14         318.47046         2           24 SPD         6         10.94118         2.48673         7 T HT         16         302.17627         19           SIZE         7         3.64706         1.53871         12 C I         17         -2.35294         7           12 C SIZ         8         996.29395         8.22925         8.22925         7         16         17         -2.35294         7	Variable	ble	Mean	Standard Deviation	Variable	able	Mean	Standard Deviation
2       150.32933       17.59666       MAX I       11       43.82352         3       283.23511       8.12041       12       305.52930         4       11.41176       2.57533       7 R LT       13       21.94116         5       285.76465       5.92167       7 R HT       14       318.47046         6       10.94118       2.48673       7 T LONG       15       136.52940         7       3.64706       1.53871       7 T HT       16       302.17627         8       0.05882       1.08804       12 C T       17       -2.35294         9       996.29395       8.22925       24 C T       18       2.94118	LAT	-	8.08235	1.51667	12 C SLP	10	2.11765	4.34284
3       283.23511       8.12041       7 R LT       12       305.52930         4       11.41176       2.57533       7 R LT       13       21.94116         5       285.76465       5.92167       7 R HT       14       318.47046         6       10.94118       2.48673       7 T LONG       15       136.52940       1         7       3.64706       1.53871       7 T H T       16       302.17627       1         2       8       0.05882       1.08804       12 C I       17       -2.35294       1         9       996.29395       8.22925       24 C I       18       2.94118       1	LONG	2	150.32933	17.59666	MAX I	11	43.82352	15.66539
4         11.41176         2.57533         7 R LT         13         21.94116           5         285.76465         5.92167         7 R HT         14         318.47046           6         10.94118         2.48673         7 T LONG         15         136.52940         17           7         3.64706         1.53871         7 T H T         16         302.17627         17           2         8         0.05882         1.08804         17         -2.35294         17           9         996.29395         8.22295         18         2.94118         1	12 DIR	3	283.23511	8.12041	MIN 7 HT	12	305.52930	6.81099
5       285.76465       5.92167       7 R HT       14       318.47046         6       10.94118       2.48673       7 T LONG       15       136.52940       1         7       3.64706       1.53871       7 T HT       16       302.17627         12       8       1.08804       12 C I       17       -2.35294         9       996.29395       8.22925       24 C I       18       2.94118       1	12 SPD	7	11.41176	2.57533	7 R LT	13	21.94116	1.71284
6       10.94118       2.48673       7 T LONG       15       136.52940       1         7       3.64706       1.53871       7 T HT       16       302.17627         2       8       0.05882       1.08804       12 C I       17       -2.35294         9       996.29395       8.22925       24 C I       18       2.94118       1	24 DIR	2	285.76465	5,92167	7 R HT	14	318.47046	2.26709
7       3.64706       1.53871       7 T HT       16       302.17627         S1Z       8       0.05882       1.08804       12 C I       17       -2.35294         9       996.29395       8.22925       24 C I       18       2.94118       1	24 SPD	9	10.94118	2,48673	7 I LONG	15	136.52940	19.69171
5.51Z 8     0.05882     1.08804     12 C I     17     -2.35294       9     996.29395     8.22925     24 C I     18     2.94118     10	SIZE	7	3.64706	1.53871	7 T HT	16	302.17627	2.81148
9 996.29395 8.22925 2.94118	12 C SI		0.05882	1.08804	12 C I	17	-2.35294	7.52447
	SLP	6	996.29395	8.22925	24 C I	18	2.94118	16.01355

17 17 19		-0.954 -0.843 -0.221 -0.669 -0.048	0.082 0.561	0.076		-0.183 -0.028	-0.217 0.576 -0.183 -0.028 -0.089 -0.102 0.671 0.008	-0.217 0.576 -0.183 -0.028 -0.089 -0.102 0.671 0.008 -0.316 -0.668 -0.177 -0.275	-0.217 0.576 -0.183 -0.028 -0.089 -0.102 0.671 0.008 -0.316 -0.668 -0.177 -0.275 0.624 0.660 0.622 0.653	-0.217 0.576 -0.183 -0.028 -0.089 -0.102 0.671 0.008 -0.316 -0.668 -0.177 -0.275 0.624 0.660 0.622 0.653 0.140 0.337 0.344 0.438	0.576 -0.183 -0.028 -0.102 0.671 0.008 -0.668 -0.177 -0.275 0.660 0.622 0.653 0.337 0.344 0.438 0.449 -0.648 -0.114	0.576 -0.183 -0.028 -0.102 0.671 0.008 -0.668 -0.177 -0.275 0.660 0.622 0.653 0.337 0.344 0.438 0.449 -0.648 -0.114 -0.319 -0.560 -0.680	0.576 -0.183 -0.028 -0.102 0.671 0.008 -0.668 -0.177 -0.275 0.660 0.622 0.653 0.337 0.344 0.438 0.449 -0.648 -0.114 -0.319 -0.560 -0.688	0.576 -0.183 -0.028 -0.68 -0.671 0.008 -0.660 0.622 0.653 0.337 0.344 0.438 0.449 -0.648 -0.114 -0.549 -0.560 -0.680 -0.664 0.268 -0.078	0.576 -0.183 -0.028 -0.102 0.671 0.008 -0.668 -0.177 -0.275 0.660 0.622 0.653 0.337 0.344 0.438 0.449 -0.648 -0.114 0.519 -0.560 -0.680 0.577 -0.540 0.093	0.576 -0.183 -0.028 -0.102 0.671 0.008 -0.668 -0.177 -0.557 0.669 0.622 0.653 0.337 0.344 0.438 0.449 -0.648 -0.114 -0.319 -0.560 -0.680 0.577 -0.560 0.093 0.577 -0.054	0.576 -0.183 -0.028 -0.102 0.671 0.008 -0.668 -0.177 -0.257 0.660 0.622 0.653 0.337 0.344 0.438 0.449 -0.648 -0.114 -0.319 -0.560 -0.680 0.577 -0.560 0.093 0.577 -0.560 0.093 0.577 -0.540 0.093 0.757 -0.033 0.619	0.576 -0.183 -0.028 -0.668 -0.177 -0.275 0.660 0.622 0.653 0.337 0.344 0.438 0.449 -0.648 -0.114 -0.319 -0.560 -0.668 0.577 -0.540 0.093 0.757 -0.031 0.619 1.000 0.126 0.648	0.576 -0.102 -0.668 0.337 0.449 -0.319 -0.577 0.752
7		0.534	-0.670	-0.129	0.771		0.208	0.208	0.208 0.880 -0.246	0.208 0.880 -0.246 0.103	57 0.208 - 92 0.880 - 82 -0.246 42 0.103 36 -0.588	57 0.208 - 92 0.880 - 82 -0.246 42 0.103 36 -0.588 07 0.295 -	57 0.208 - 92 0.880 - 82 -0.246 42 0.103 36 -0.588 07 0.295 - 31 0.813 ·	0.208 0.880 0.880 0.103 0.103 0.295 0.813	0.208 0.880 0.246 0.103 0.103 0.295 0.813 1.000	0.208 0.880 0.880 0.103 0.103 0.295 0.813 1.000	0.208 0.880 0.880 0.103 0.103 0.295 0.813 1.000	0.208 0.880 0.880 0.103 0.295 0.295 1.000	0.208 0.880 0.880 0.103 0.295 0.813 1.000
77		0.479 -0.394	-0.683 0.592	0.130 -0.42	0.849 -0.658		0.381 -0.65												
7		0.268 0.		-0.098 0.		0 550 0-													
		-0.225	0,449	-0.332	-0.569	-0.535	1	-0.534	-0.534	-0.534 -0.228 -0.288	-0.534 -0.228 -0.288 1.000	-0.534 -0.228 -0.288 1.000	-0.534 -0.228 -0.288 1.000	-0.534 -0.228 -0.288 1.000	-0.534 -0.228 1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
0		1 -0.264	8 0.111	2 0.218		4 0.371			0.048	0.048	0.048 0.573 1.000	0.048 0.573 1.000	0.048 0.573 1.000	0.048	0.048 0.573 1.000	0.048 0.573 1.000	0.048 0.573 1.000	0.048 0.573 1.000	0.048 0.573 1.000
		41 -0.801	83 0.658	99 0.272	02 -0.182				00 -0.316										
>	•	0.441		377 -0.29	150 0.902	1.000 -0.03													
		0.336 -0.060	-0.500 -0.032		1.000 0.150	1.0													
		-0.099 0.	0.082 -0.	1.000 -0.															
7		1.000 -0.964 -(																	
A STUBLISH	Number	1 1.000	2	n	7	5		9	6	9 / 8	9 / 8 6	6 8 9 10	6 8 9 10 11	6 7 8 9 8 7 9 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	6 7 8 8 9 10 11 13	6	6 7 7 8 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 7 7 9 8 8 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 7 7 9 8 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during March (1960-1969) for the period before maximum intensity. TABLE XVI.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 3 Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 13

Mean Standard Deviation	3.69231 3.70550	45.00000 17.91182	305.69214 7.85689	22.23076 1.87767	318,00000 2,41523	129.61537 17.23145	301.30762 2.65784	-4.61538 7.20576	0.76923 17.89392	15 16 17 18  77 -0.745 0.186 -0.505 0.132  11 0.828 -0.279 0.397 -0.190  87 -0.216 0.505 -0.090 0.829  99 -0.425 0.187 0.481  99 -0.425 0.108 -0.035 0.183  10 0.245 0.302 0.407 0.165  10 0.245 0.302 0.407 0.166  10 0.245 0.302 0.407 0.166  10 0.245 0.390 -0.000 -0.429  10 0.215 -0.286 -0.495 0.230  12 0.775 0.285 -0.497 0.255  13 0.800 -0.630 0.142 -0.567  14 0.723 -0.491 0.265  15 0.000 -0.401 0.448 -0.295  15 0.000 -0.401 0.448 -0.295  15 0.000 -0.401 0.266  15 0.000 -0.181 0.266  15 0.000 -0.181 0.266  15 0.000 -0.181 0.266  15 0.000 -0.181 0.266  15 0.000 -0.181 0.266	
e) i	0	1		9				7	80	14 54 -0.977 55 -0.977 50 -0.130 40 -0.130 40 -0.130 70 -0.130 70 -0.130 71	
Variable	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	13 0.454 -0.624 0.346 0.370 0.870 0.063 0.013 1.000	
Var	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LT	7 R HT	7 T LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I	12 -0.525 -0.708 -0.708 -0.685 -0.685 -0.90 -0.368 0.240 0.240 1.000	
		-	4	, -	,-		,,		.,	11 0.498 -0.711 0.175 0.451 0.842 0.0842 0.081 0.426 -0.308 1.000	
										10 -0.226 0.312 0.113 0.022 0.222 0.022 0.022 0.063 0.063	
										9 -0.404 -0.613 -0.613 -0.517 -0.185 -0.244 1.000	
										8 0.044 -0.174 0.103 0.250 0.345 0.334 1.000	
										7 -0.717 0.544 0.200 0.220 0.171 1.000	
lation	557	602	121	389	555	924	232	193	083	6 -0.243 -0.488 -0.110 0.128 1.000	
Standard Deviation	1.4055	17.71602	9.04121	2.82389	6.49555	2.56954	0.86232	1.09193	9,38083	5 0.165 0.867 0.275 1.000	
Stand						•				0.196 0.196 0.027 1.000	
Mean	.56922	.69223	282.07690	11.84615	284.76904	.53846	.92308	.23077	.00000	2 3 2.960 0.076 1.000 -0.056 1.000	
ž	80	145.	282	11	284	11.	2.	-0-	997.(	lon Matrix 1 2 1.000 -0.960 1.000 -	
ble	1	2	3	7	2	9	7	8 2	6	Mai	
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	SLP	Correlation Matrix Variable 1 2 Number 1.000 -0.9, 2 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during March (1960-1969) for the period after maximum intensity. TABLE XVII.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 3

Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 46

Standard Deviation	9.25769	22.74057	18.87466	1.49509	1.84323	9.45261	3.03456	8.07716	10.66421	
Mean	-6.85294	66.32352	288.55859	23.64705	316.23511	117.26 69	301,94116	8.82353	16.17647	
ble	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Variable	12 C SLP 10	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LT	7 R HT	7 I LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I	
Standard Deviation	86 2,33435	5,46002	46 11,65470	3.52934	13 10.39556	3,10425	41 0.83431	82 0.77620	97 21.62891	
Mean	9.25586	136.58501	287.47046	9.70588	286.58813	10.00000	4.02941	0.05882	975.64697	
ple	1	2	е	7	2	9	7	8 21	6	
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ 8	SLP	

Correlation Matrix	Matrix																
Variable 1	2	E.	7	5	9	7	80	6	10	=======================================	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	1.000 -0.321	0.516	-0.177	0,617	-0.034	0.338	0.137		-0.262	0.619	-0.442	-0.187	0.695	-0.003	-0.211	-0.006	-0.087
7	1,000	-0.084	0.726	-0.071		0.138	0.070	0.841	0.441 -	-0.634	0.845	6 -0.333	0.732	0.111	-0.345	-0.377	-0.483
m			0,131	0.871	0.186	0.170	-0.161		0.054	0.402	-0.231	0.328	0-070	-0.130	-0.421 -01277	-01277	-0.268
7			1.000	0.201	0.951	0.003	-0.159		0.522	-0.395		0.100	0.756	0.323	-0.319		-0.321
\$				1.000	0.263	0.386	0.007	-0.162	00000	0.412	-0.204	0.261	-0.145	-0.222	-0.450	-0.190	-0.251
. 90					1.000	0.000	-0.126		0.485	-0.328	0.608	0.026	0.667	0.378	-0.344	-0.284	-0.398
7						1.000	0.559	0.007	-0.338	0.054	0.016	-0.040	-0.162	-0.216	-0.358	0.005	-0.072
. 00							1,000		-0.183	-0.013	0.035	-0.295	-0.137	-0.031	-0.320	-0.085	-0.100
6								1.000	-	-0.856			0.664	0.071	-0.358 -0.359 -	-0.359	-0.611
10										-0.356	0,616	-0.265	0.488	-0.024	-0.283	-0.259	-0.451
=										1.000		0.322	-0.564	-0.004	0.078	0.429	0.546
12											1.000	-0.407	0.670	670.0	-0.355	-0.345	-0.591
13												1.000	0.240	0.101	0.211	0.291	0.492
1.4													1.000	0.228	-0.214	-0.205	-0.184
- 2														1.000	-0.005	0.149	0.128
16															1.000	0.121	0.381
17																1.000	0.782
138																	1.000

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during April (1960-1969) for the period before maximum intensity. TABLE XVIII.



Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 3
Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 23

Variable	able	Mean	Standard Deviation	Variable	able	Mean	Standard Deviation
LAT	1	11.95650	3.01629	12 C SLP 10	10	6.95652	5.08543
LONG	2	127.69994	3,76702	MAX I	11	81,73912	33.93202
12 DIR	3	305.43457	26.67961	MIN 7 HT	12	274.95630	19.43394
12 SPD	7	7.00000	5.93142	7 R LT	13	314.47803	0.99405
24 DIR	S	299.73901	20.21524	7 R HT	14	101.86955	44.33580
24 SPD	9	6.43478	4.83195	7 T LONG	15	286.86938	84.17355
SIZE	7	3.60870	0.89133	7 T HT	16	-8.91304	13.64788
12 C SIZ	8 21	-0.21739	0.67126	12 C I	17	-9.78261	21.92331
SLP	6	961.95630	23,46072	24 C I	18	-9.78261	21.92331

Correlation Matrix	fatrix																	
Variable 1 Number	2	m	4	5	9	7	∞	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
	1.000 -0.272	-0.337	0.397	-0.257	0.441	0.785	-0.151	-0.508	-0.005		-0.506	0.662	0.145	-0.215	-0.199	0.379	0.325	
2	1.000	-0.353	0.656	-0.343	0.561	-0.164	-0.289	0.306	-0.604 -0.287	-0.287	0.323	-0.491	0.540	0.200		-0.142	0.275	
3		1.000	-0.677	0.796	-0.700	-0.335	0.224	0.484	0.475	-0.577	0.455	-0.306 -		0.211	0.141	-0.282	-0.520	
7			1.000	-0.563	0.979	0.206	-0.400	0.007	-0.449	0.163	0.043	-0.047	.802	0.195	-0.086		0.400	
5				1.000	-0.598	-0.235	0.237	0.409	9 0.383 -0.482	-0.482	0.385	0.385 -0.005 -0	.292	0.199	0.125	-0.185	-0.422	
9					1.000		977.0-	-0.037	-0.362	0.210	0.003	-0.005	.769	-0.157	-0.041	-0.073	0.349	
7						1.000	0.231	-0.736	-0.275	0.767	-0.746	0.659	.138	-0.357 -	-0.368	0.653	0.540	
80								-0.116	0.184	0.067	0.123	-0.015 -0.246	.246	0.298	0.256	0.275	-0.120	
6								1.000	0.376	-0.971	0.998	-0.750		0.301	0.320	-0.718	-0.710	
10									1.000	-0.353		-0.083 -	-0.113	0.405	0.386	-0.507	-0.815	
11					•					1.000				-0.272	-0.271	0.722	0.720	
12												-0.755		0.322	0.347	-0.717	-0.693	
13												1.000	-0.399	-0.213	-0.256	0.550	0.468	
14													1,000	0.018	0.106	-0.308 -	-0.109	
15														1.000	0.989	-0.108	-0.427	
16															1.000	-0.155	-0.409	
17																1.000	0.713	
18																	1.000	

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during April (1960-1969) for the period after maximum intensity. TABLE XIX.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 4
Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 51

Standard Deviation	7.07413	26.01047	14.72297	2.62701	0.76484	8.17351	8.17351	2.41782	22.56548	16 17 18 -0.380 0.207 0.286 0.056 -0.307 -0.227 -0.353 0.467 0.690 -0.564 0.035 0.113 -0.592 0.188 0.545 -0.593 0.258 0.146 0.415 0.066 0.047 0.272 -0.454 -0.541 0.293 0.495 0.257 -0.299 0.495 0.257 -0.500 0.135 -0.656 1.000 -0.332 -0.326	1.000 0.775
Mean	-4.95652	80.00000	290,69556	20.08694	315.69556	115.47826	115.47826	307.86938	16.73912	15 -0.249 0.174 0.0187 0.001 0.001 0.0167 0.309 0.309 0.299 0.299 0.299 0.299 0.299	
			2		n	1	1	ñ		14 0.312 0.0.312 0.0.52 0.0.263 0.0.263 0.0.314 0.0.316 0.0.316 0.0.316 0.0.316 0.0.316 0.0.316 0.0.316 0.0.316 0.0.316 0.0.316	
Variable	P 10	11	r · 12	13	14	3 15	16	17	18	13 0.822 0.659 0.659 0.570 0.510 0.118 0.118 0.050 0.700 0.700 1.000	
Vai	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	R LT	7 R HT	7 T LONG	T HT	12 C I	24 C I	12 -0.915 -0.852 -0.852 -0.583 -0.080 0.224 0.987 1.000	
	-	2.	2.		_		7	-	2	11 0.868 0.7919 0.504 0.5504 0.651 0.651 0.051 0.051	
										10 -0.345 0.481 -0.461 -0.128 -0.128 -0.124 0.582 1.000	
										9 0.814 0.875 0.875 0.558 0.038 0.038 0.038	
										8 0.2394 0.209 0.209 0.254 0.354 0.348 1.000	
										7 -0.053 · 0.171 · 0.171 · 0.175 · 0.115 · 0.0055 · 1.000 · 1.000 · 1.000 · 1.000 · 1.000 · 0.	
lation	695	248	392	219	785	357	311	331	101	6 0.795 · 0.795 · 0.617 · 0.617 · 0.677 · 1.000 · 677	
Standard Deviation	3.24469	2.96548	17.80092	2.95219	15.66785	2.53357	0.59311	0.66831	16.51407	5 0.801 0.920 0.656 1.000	
Standa										4 0.755 0.543 1.000	
Mean	34781	49553	65210	47826	86938	34783	47826	96980	52173	•	
	12.	128.	293.	<b>&amp;</b>	292.	œ	ů.	-0-	978.	1000 -0.820 0.790 1.000 -0.666 1.000 1.000	
ble	-	2	3	4	5	9	7	8 2	6	000 -	
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	SLP	Variable 1 2 Number 1 1.000 -0.8 1 1.000 -0.8 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 11 11 12 12 13 14	17

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during May (1960-1969) for the period before maximum intensity. TABLE XX.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 4
Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 25

Standard Deviation	3.04905	46.41853	20.07294	5.62226	0.89258	9.25018	3.83162	7.74773	14.99450	16 17 18	0.497 -0.608 -0.317 -0.554 0.135 -0.065 0.290 -0.231 -0.333 0.184 0.201 0.180 -0.184 0.201 0.180 -0.185 -0.084 0.317 -0.080 0.241 0.247 0.317 -0.080 0.241 0.247 0.222 -0.178 0.265 -0.666 0.481 -0.580 -0.280 0.469 -0.393 0.070 0.463 0.301 -0.035 1.000 0.852 1.000 0.893 0.304 1.000 0.893 0.304 1.000 0.883
Mean	1.71428	54.28571	297.00000	24.92856	316.12411	305.71411	-3.21428	0.71429	0.71429	14 15 1	0.579 -0.573 00.089 -0.080 -00.149 0.064 00.293 0.482 00.454 0.345 00.545 0.316 00.545 0.510 -00.545 0.510 -00.545 0.510 -00.545 0.510 -00.545 0.510 -00.546 0.551 00.547 0.677 00.554 0.677 00.554 0.677 00.554 0.677 00.554 0.677 0.
Variable	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	13	0.963 -0.547 0.123 0.425 0.255 -0.854 -0.857 1.000
Var	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	R LT	R HT	7 T LONG	T HT	12 C I	24 C I	12	-0.889 0.846 -0.381 -0.502 -0.434 -0.271 0.996 -0.959 1.000
	1	Σ	Σ	7	7	7	7	1	2	11	0.834 -0.705 0.280 0.325 0.325 0.323 0.323 0.321 0.210 1.000
										10	0.862 -0.404 0.200 0.526 0.0526 0.111 0.116 1.000
										6	0.880 0.809 0.809 0.416 0.517 1.000 1.000
										œ	0.207 -0.416 -0.068 0.456 0.611 0.653 1.000
										7	0.176 -0.095 -0.497 0.007 0.084 1.000
/lation	4.41062	4.88554	5983	3.89209	5244	3.47440	0.57893	0.75593	9651	9	0.402 -0.908 0.287 0.395 1.000
Standard Deviation	4.4	4.8	40.96983	3.89	23.95244	3.47	0.57	0.7	23.59651	Ю	0.460 -0.393 0.357 1.000
Stand										4	0.250 -0.856 0.278 1.000
Mean	14.61428	,50708	,28564	,07143	.78564	,07143	2.78571	-0.42857	,78564	m •	1.000 -0.436 1.000 -0.436 1.000
r¥4€	14	127.	309.		311.		. 4	Ĩ	987.	2 2	1.000 -0.653
ble	-	2	3	7	5	9	7	8 2	6	E W	000
Variable		9	12 DIR	SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	EL)	c siz		atio	
>	LAT	LONG	12	12	24	24	SIZE	12	SLP	Correlation Matrix Variable 1 2	1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during May (1960-1969) for the period after maximum intensity. TABLE XXI.



Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 6
Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 60

Standard Deviation	5.72176	29.98050	16.01733	2.34731	2.07356	9.32659	3.25315	10,21703	16.14334	16 17 18	0.22 0.054 0.002 -0.194 0.161 0.008 0.063 -0.045 0.053 -0.241 0.033 -0.241 0.033 -0.251 0.040 0.108 0.220 0.503 1.000 0.159
Mean	-6.42857	88.73808	285.92847	23.95238	314.57129	117.88095	305,38086	12.61905	24.69048	14 15	
Variable	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	13	
Var	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LT	R HT	T LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I	12	, , , ,
	_	2.	2.	_	7	7	7	-	7	11	0.040 0.040
										10	
										9	0.150 0.150 0.150 0.150 0.150 0.150
										8	
										7	-0.2504 0.025 0.225 0.183 0.183
rlation	2.09938	4.95140	7201	2.09474	9719	9097	377	0.85404	1642	6	-0.380 0.384 0.753 1.000 1.000
Standard Devlation	2.08	6.4	13.07201	2.09	11.76146	, 2,32606	0.79377	0.8	17.09642	5	•
Stand											1.000
Mean	15.09995	128.23772	289,00000	10.61905	288.09521	10,83333	3.83333	0.04762	972.16650	3	7 7 7
	1	128	28	Ĩ	28	10	•		97	ion Matrix 1 2	1.000
able	1	2	m	4	2	9	7	8 21	6	na Ma	
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	SLP	Variable 1 2	2 2 2 3 3 3 5 4 4 9 8 8 4 9 8 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during June (1960-1969) for the period before maximum intensity. TABLE XXII.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 6
Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 7

Standard Deviation	8.22130	41,98044	19.17094	1.49786	2.81252	11.43431	2.49615	11,73915	21.08862	16 17 18 -0.036 -0.100 -0.575 -0.394 -0.313 0.052 -0.445 -0.271 -0.613 -0.425 -0.256 -0.631 -0.276 -0.256 -0.651 -0.276 -0.256 -0.651 -0.276 -0.256 -0.477 0.339 0.736 0.541 0.329 -0.654 -0.735 0.256 0.137 0.060 -0.315 -0.264 -0.735 0.256 0.137 0.060 -0.315 -0.213 -0.012 -0.082 0.151 0.012 -0.100 0.042 0.001	,
Mean	6.62538	93.23076	284.76904	26.07692	312.92285	116.07692	306.69214	-9.84615	1,69231	14 15 -0.942 -0.692 -0.576 0.321 -0.61 0.381 -0.320 -0.085 -0.320 -0.082 0.255 -0.428 0.328 0.231 -0.427 -0.177 -0.381 0.263 0.378 0.306 -0.117 -0.623 1.000 0.467	
Variable	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	0.334 -0 -0.455 -0 -0.205 -0 -0.177 -0 0.125 -0 0.283 0 0.318 0 0.331 0 0.331 0 1.000 -0	
Var	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LT	7 R HT	7 T LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I	12 -0.360 -0.352 -0.371 -0.171 -0.106 -0.106 -0.264 1.000	
										11 0.374 -0.460 0.375 0.305 -0.058 0.305 -0.058 0.461 1.000	
										10 0.468 0.650 0.650 0.650 0.650 1.000	
										9 0.289 0.183 0.125 0.125 0.100 1.000 1.000	
										8 -0.239 0.187 0.0136 0.084 0.059 0.059 1.000	
										7 -0.158 -0.431 -0.845 -0.104 1.000	
lation	3.26806	787	169	344	6609	1512	902	262	9111	0.384 -0.052 -0.003 0.793 1.000	
Standard Deviation	3.26	7.72434	18,42169	1.71344	15.55099	1.40512	0.87706	0.76795	19.58116	0.620 -0.376 -0.080 1.000	
Stand								4		4 0.039 0.445 -0.039 1.000	
Mean	.57690	.03838	.76904	.46154	00000.	9.84615	.53846	.61538	.61523	2 3 2 3 0.723 0.530 1.000 -0.286	
ΣΙ	18.	124.(	312.	10.	308.	6	2.	-0.	970.(	1 2 1.000 -0.723 1.000	
ble	1	2	e	7	2	9	7	8 21	6	0000	
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	SLP	Correlation Matrix Variable 1 2 Number 1 1.000 -0.7 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 7 8 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	18

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during June (1960-1969) for the period after maximum intensity. TABLE XXIII.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 21 Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 251

Standard Deviation	9.06753	27.75966	21.57544	3.60976	2,70785	10.22421	.3.51947	11.55423	17.21812	17 0.083 0.020 0.020 0.020 0.129 0.129 0.037 0.037	16 -0,400 -0,470 50 0.189 0.213 50 0.189 0.213 50 0.183 -0,140 50 0.124 0.163 1,000 0.794 1,000
Ste	44	48	82	39	81	39	88	90	17		12 -0.216 69 0.360 86 0.334 00 0.244 1.000
Mean	-6.62144	78.65248	288.11328	28.64539	316.63818	115.45389	307.07788	12.31206	23.47517		11 0.112 6 0.069 10 -0.086 1.000
			2		-m	н					0 0.141 0 0.216 1.000
Variable	P 10	11	IT 12	13	14	IG 15	16	17	18		1.000
Va	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LT	7 R HT	7 I LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I	1 1 1 1	1.000
			_							0.067 -0.242 -0.118 -0.199 -0.067 -0.067 -0.067 1.000	
										10 0.025 0.060 0.060 0.207 0.150 0.150 0.150 0.602 1.000	
										9 0.0241 0.072 0.388 -0.093 0.275 0.034	
										8 -0.141 0.251 0.006 0.135 0.135 1.000	
										7 -0.234 -0.010 0.105 0.093 0.036 1.000	
lation	427	976	720	514	814	197	769	584	337	6 -0.048 -0.376 -0.319 0.913 1.000	
Standard Deviation	4.13427	7.64074	27.61720	4.17514	37.79814	4.01797	1.86694	1.13684	24.72037	5 0.266 0.237 0.602 1.000	
Stand										4 -0.112 -0.239 -0.199	
Mean	26657	135.70229	297.65942	57447	27637	11.11347	4.65248	02128	59570	3 0.190 0.321 1.000	
Me	17.	135.	297.	11.	295.	11.	4.	0	974.	1 22	
ble	-	2	3	7	2	9	7	8 2	6	1000 0.222	
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	SLP	Variable 1 2 Number 1 1.000 0.2 1 1.000 0.2 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 8 9 9	12 13 14 15 17 18

for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during July (1960-1969) for the period before maximum intensity. Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix TABLE XXIV.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 21 Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 213

Standard Deviation	8.02083	35.91660	23,30916	5.48143	2.92399	9.63124	3.45512	10.52382	19.98869		16 17 18	-0.314 -0.090 -0.206 0.240 0.211 0.168 -0.006 -0.118 -0.151 0.126 -0.026 -0.018 -0.074 -0.159 -0.028 0.167 0.281 0.213 0.243 -0.037 -0.001 -0.010 -0.283 -0.283 -0.010 -0.283 -0.461 -0.010 -0.283 -0.461 -0.036 -0.151 0.326 -0.036 -0.151 0.326 -0.036 -0.151 0.306 -0.036 -0.151 0.306 -0.036 -0.152 -0.102 0.088 -0.050 0.001 1.000 0.780
Mean	2.38830	68.39362	287.53711	33.03723	315.53174	114.55318	308.13818	-6.61170	-6.91489		15	0.078 0.306 0.306 0.0074 0.0078 0.008 0.008 0.009 0.0170 0.0170 0.0170 0.0170 0.0170 0.0170
											14	3 -0.359 1 0.464 4 -0.241 2 0.434 3 -0.447 9 0.167 6 0.098 8 0.001 3 -0.0164 0 -0.015 1.000
Variable	P 10	11	T 12	13	14	G 15	16	17	18		13	0.863 0.161 0.104 0.002 0.003
Va	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LT	7 R HT	7 T LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I		12	-0.031 0.014 -0.053 -0.050 0.010 0.013 0.990 0.990 0.990 1.000
	-	, <b>2</b> .	Σ	7	7	7	7	-	2		11	-0.046 -0.046 -0.048 0.165 -0.127 -0.127 -0.085 0.032 1.000
											10	0.191 0.191 0.025 0.025 0.025 0.036 1.000
											6	-0.085 -0.005 -0.047 -0.047 -0.050 -0.042 1.000
											œ	0.261 0.261 0.007 0.058 0.015 0.015 1.000
											7	-0.360 0.333 -0.145 0.216 -0.145 1.000
lation	525	216	616	950	956	166	322	660	266		9	-0.100 0.010 0.0198 0.928 1.000
Standard Deviation	7.00525	7.47216	32.31979	3.27056	22.65956	3.08166	1.88322	1.06093	27.07266		5	0.414 -0.123 0.582 -0.170 1.000
Stand											4	0.032 0.032 1.000
Mean	.28114	.81773	302.24463	.90425	.31372	.83511	.15957	.18617	.82446		e	0.078 0.239 1.000 -0.148 1.000
Σl	23,	130.	302	10.	303	10.	7	0-	974.	trix	7	1.000 -0.078
ble	_	2	Э	4	5	9	7	8 2	6	n Ma		. 000
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	SLP	Correlation Matrix	Variable 1	

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during July (1960-1969) for the period after maximum intensity. TABLE XXV.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 26 Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 322

Standard Deviation	7.53344	28.44270	16.28409	3.01787	8.55349	3.37930	3.37930	9.40077	15.30867	16 17 18 0.110 -0.015 -0.022 -0.059 0.007 0.020 -0.128 -0.078 -0.115 0.122 0.138 0.230 -0.081 -0.052 -0.061 0.109 0.119 0.207 0.030 0.093 0.062 -0.027 -0.353 -0.397 -0.154 -0.466 0.048 0.027 0.035 -0.384 -0.020 0.035 -0.384 -0.020 0.015 -0.034 0.006 -0.116 -0.130 1.000 0.857	
Mean	-6.93443	75.40984	290.53540	316.86328	116.83060	309.15845	309.15845	11.17486	20.85245	15 -0.007 0.287 0.038 0.0340 -0.013 0.213 0.213 0.224 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0204 0.0308	
			7	9	1	E ,	3			14 -0.225 0.035 0.095 0.194 0.128 0.058 -0.058 1.000	
Variable										13 0.605 0.2655 0.445 0.446 0.126 0.055 0.0163 0.0163 1.000	
Var	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LT	7 R HT	7 T LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I	12 -0.213 -0.366 -0.066 -0.066 -0.076 0.976 -0.076 1.000	
	-	2.	~	_				-		11 0.215 0.215 0.104 0.258 0.162 0.296 0.048 0.048 1.000	
										10 0.013 0.042 0.040 0.040 0.040 0.040 0.057 1.000	
										9 -0.249 0.035 0.020 -0.090 -0.030 0.031 1.000	
										8 -0.022 -0.013 -0.009 -0.076 0.029 0.462 1.000	
										7 -0.356 -0.253 -0.029 -0.458 1.000	
lation	035	248	043	069	388	130	999	857	542	6 -0.059 0.284 0.952 0.055 1.000	
Standard Deviation	6.16035	9.03248	26.72043	4.56690	25.90388	4.26130	1.62566	0.92857	18.88542	5 0.501 0.271 0.151 1.000	
Standa										4 -0.036 0.374 -0.010 1.000	
Mean	19.59116	133.59541	303.28955	11.97814	302,37158	56831	99424	02920	976.27319	0.224 0.224 1.000	
W.	19	133,	303,	11.	302.	11	e.	-0-	976	2 2 1.000 1.000	
ole	1	2	٣	4	5	9	7	00 N	6	1 2 1 1.000 -0.021 1.000	
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	SLP	Correlation Matrix Variable 1 2 Number 1 1.000 -0.00 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 15	

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during August (1960-1969) for the period before maximum intensity. TABLE XXVI.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 26 Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 132

Standard Deviation	9.72233	39.12135	20.20421	3,15277	2.29331	8.36381	3,21165	14.81167	24.25439		16 17 18	-0.205 -0.101 -0.069 -0.171 0.048 0.126 -0.475 -0.014 0.005 0.071 0.097 0.215 -0.493 -0.035 0.031 0.465 0.182 0.031 0.132 -0.060 -0.050 -0.350 -0.216 -0.320 -0.350 -0.216 -0.320 -0.381 -0.199 -0.299 -0.135 -0.026 -0.046 0.216 0.126 0.193 -0.031 0.100 0.125 1.000 0.152 0.125
Mean	3.67021	80,04254	285.11694	34.68085	114,78723	310.17017	-8.42553	-4.95745	-4.95745		15	0.499 0.639 0.145 0.145 0.145 0.050 0.050 0.069 0.069 0.069 0.069 0.065 0.065 0.065 0.065 0.065 0.065 1.000
		~	2	.,	7	ë	·	·	·		14	-0.065 0.445 0.448 0.448 0.465 0.062 0.062 0.010 0.010 0.010
Variable	10	11	112	13	14	3 15	16	17	18		13	0.739 0.387 0.102 0.102 0.142 0.006 0.006 0.007 0.016 0.016 0.017 0.016
Var	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LT	7 R HT	7 T LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I		12	0.174 0.175 0.156 0.156 0.168 0.167 0.098 0.098 0.098
		-	-		, -	,-	, -		•		11	0.176 0.006 0.006 0.048 0.048 0.104 0.296 0.104 0.104 1.000
											10	0.099 0.063 0.063 0.021 0.021 0.126 1.000
											6	0.169 0.169 0.127 0.119 0.119 0.119 1.000
											∞	0.146 -0.006 -0.004 0.186 -0.014 0.329 1.000
											7	-0.205 -0.365 -0.392 0.165 0.204 1.000
lation	737	715	129	082	117	902	084	708	542		9	0.176 0.133 -0.368 0.910 1.000
Standard Deviation	5.37737	10.49715	30,49129	4.62082	27.40117	. 4.18902	1.99084	1.12708	23.03542		5	0.508 0.132 0.905 1.000
Stand											7	0.194
Mean	.97118	87978	.68066	.78723	.57446	.62766	.84043	.09574	.72339		6	1.000
ΣΙ	24.	130.	305.	11	304.	11	e,	0-	971	trix	2	1.000
ble	-	2	3	7	2	9	7	8 2	6	n Ma		1.000
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	8LP	Correlation Matrix	Variable 1	

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during August (1960-1969) for the period after maximum intensity. TABLE XXVII.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 26 Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 276

Standard Deviation	9.20507	37.28235	25.81146	3.78486	1.98271	11.24362	3.18874	9.27660	15.97196	16 17 18	0.130 -0.071 -0.046 0.126 0.053 0.060 -0.208 0.073 0.074 0.151 0.128 0.184 -0.101 0.037 0.045 0.141 0.152 0.211 0.042 -0.034 0.058 -0.042 -0.407 -0.475 -0.040 0.457 0.550 -0.066 -0.374 -0.473 0.234 0.209 0.293 0.013 -0.110 -0.103 1.000 -0.019 -0.029
Mean	-7.11163	82.05580	279.37671	30.47441	316.82324	119.40930	311.00928	11.58605	22.70697	14 15	0.0113 0.062 0 0.406 0.473 0 0.028 0.123 0 0.215 -0.167 0 0.234 -0.230 0 0.120 0.121 0 0.120 0.121 0 0.051 -0.273 0 0.051 0.273 0 0.051 0.273 0 0.051 0.078 0 0.083 0.097 0 1.000 0
ble	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	13 1	0.556 -0. 0.114 0. 0.114 0. 0.114 0. 0.091 0. 0.202 0. 0.205 0. 0.205 0. 0.207 0. 0.207 0. 0.207 0. 0.207 0. 0.207 0. 0.200 0. 0.200 0. 1.000 0.
Variable	2 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	R LT	R HT	7 I LONG	T HT	2 C I	I C I	12	0.258 0.148 0 0.0148 0 0.017 0 0.017 0 0.018 0 0.018 0 0.019 0 0.011 0 0.011 0 0.011 0
	12	Æ	×	7	7	7	7	12	77	Ξ	0.259 -0.299 -0.056 -0.088 -0.287 -0.287 -0.923 -0.343 -0.343
										01	0.058 -0.108 -0.085 -0.093 -0.043 -0.145 -0.010 -0.047 -0.010
										6	-0.270 0.149 0.004 0.0038 0.038 -0.247 -0.189 1.000
										∞	-0.015 -0.014 -0.098 -0.014 -0.014 -0.014 -0.014
										~	3 -0.008 3 -0.008 3 0.055 6 -0.256 1.000
Standard Deviation	4.06586	9.48343	23.13550	4.60844	21.78000	4.30257	1.90924	1.10496	29.85680	ve	0.228 0.112 0.2368 1.00956 0.956 0.0321 1.000
ndard De	4.0	9.6	23.1	4.6	21.	4.	1.9	1.1	29.8	i,	9 0.027 3 -0.002 4 0.927 5 0 -0.243 1.000
Star	-	0		_		2	~		10	4	9 0.249 9 0.173 9 0.173 1.000
Mean	18.75757	135.66890	293.00464	11.29767	293.33008	10.87442	5.11628	0.17674	966,18115		3 -0.079 0 0.009 1.000
اه		2 1	3 2	7	5 2	9	7	∞	6 6	Matrix	1.000 -0.103
Variable	H	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ		Correlation Matrix	1.00
	LAT	ro	12	12	24	24	SI	12	SLP	Correlati	Number 1 2 3 4 4 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 11 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 19 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during September (1960-1969) for the period before maximum intensity. TABLE XXVIII.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 26 Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 163

Standard Devlation	36 8.12829	45.50163	26.60837	3.32183	1.93704	13.00329	3.36321	83 7.80148	41 14.72218		16 17 18	67 -0.260 -0.051 -0.076 42 -0.383 0.249 0.282 82 0.546 -0.307 0.134 99 -0.117 -0.012 0.099 59 -0.118 0.104 0.125 6 -0.141 -0.055 0.003 96 0.297 -0.053 0.003 98 -0.028 -0.021 -0.015 13 -0.200 0.238 0.072 13 -0.200 0.234 -0.326 14 0.161 -0.166 0.019 96 -0.210 0.204 0.017 96 -0.210 0.204 0.017 97 -0.109 -0.043 -0.015 98 -0.209 0.034 0.096 99 -0.306 0.228 0.258 1.000 -0.083 -0.016 1.000 -0.083 -0.016
Mean	3.62136	74.83009	279.39795	31.71358	315.11646	119.67961	310.2329	-5.53883	-6.78641		14 15	-0.480 0.267 0.120 0.845 0.120 0.845 0.189 -0.282 0.084 0.109 0.022 -0.008 0.153 0.213 0.118 0.118 0.134 0.116 0.137 0.196 0.045 0.039 1.000 0.045
Variable	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		13	0.752 0.038 0.095 0.159 0.124 0.124 0.016 0.016 1.000
Var	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LT	R HT	7 T LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I		12	0.031 0.314 0.036 0.076 0.076 0.076 0.098 0.098 1.000
		2.	2.	_	7	7	7	-	2		11	0.023 -0.288 -0.013 -0.019 -0.019 -0.019 -0.930 1.000
											10	0.087 -0.164 -0.013 0.157 -0.042 -0.084 -0.084 1.000
											6	0.013 0.321 0.114 0.105 0.100 0.100 1.000
											œ	-0.101 0.043 -0.023 0.084 0.015 0.208 1.000
											^	-0.185 -0.312 -0.138 -0.144 -0.100
/lation	4.35166	9159	735	1535	7586	3390	1390	187	187		9	0.192 0.078 0.078 0.948 1.000 1.000
Standard Deviation	4.35	11.09159	27.17735	4.90535	24.97586	4.43390	2.01390	0.97187	31.82787		S	0.365 0.594 0.930 -0.083 1.000
Stand											4	0.167 0.103 0.003 1.000
Mean	22.19196	.99129	.23291	.67961	294.30566	10.33981	4.48544	-0.14563	967.45142		3	0.424 0.557 1.000
ΣΙ	22	129.	295.	10.	294	10	4	9	967	trix	2	1.000
ble	-	2	3	4	5	9	7	8 2	6	n Ma		1.000
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	SLP	Correlation Matrix	Variable 1	

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during September (1960-1969) for the period after maximum intensity. TABLE XXIX.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 9 Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 93

Mean Standard Devlation	-5.58209 7.88774	64.04477 32.55223	295.59692 18.96968	27.58208 4.41810	316.34326 2.00418	121.23880 10.11907	311,94019 2.00666	10.59701 9.00850	19.00000 16.10944		14 15 16 17 18	-0.052 -0.369 -0.045 -0.116 -0.086   0.231  0.093 -0.247  0.232  0.291   0.356  0.039  0.185  0.119  0.134   0.055 -0.080  0.241 -0.142 -0.152   0.340  0.131  0.163  0.026  0.043   0.258 -0.174  0.411 -0.168 -0.121   0.272  0.142 -0.135  0.538  0.578   0.205  0.162 -0.141 -0.084 -0.047   -0.476  0.088  0.091 -0.683 -0.797   -0.326  0.038  0.091 -0.683 -0.797   -0.326  0.038  0.287 -0.834 -0.874   0.500 -0.184 -0.082  0.781  0.879   -0.329  0.041  0.244 -0.734 -0.820   0.588 -0.384  0.209  0.220  0.363   1.000 -0.248  0.325  0.317  0.406   1.000 -0.248  0.306 -0.113 -0.104   1.000 -0.249  0.013 -0.104   1.000 -0.249  0.010   1.000 -0.248  0.209  0.210  0.200   1.000 -0.248  0.209  0.210  0.200   1.000 -0.248  0.209  0.210   1.000 -0.248  0.209  0.210   1.000 -0.249  0.200  0.210   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.210   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200  0.200  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200  0.200  0.200  0.200   1.000 -0.240  0.200
Variable	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		13	0.400 0.460 0.037 0.037 0.037 0.123 0.123 0.123 0.585 1.000
Vari	12 C SLP	r ×	MIN 7 HT	7 R'LT	R HT	7 T LONG	7 T HT	CI	Н		12	-0.166 -0.478 -0.316 -0.339 -0.339 -0.536 -0.556 -0.959 -0.959 -0.959
	12	MAX	M	7	7	7	7	12	24		11	0.139 - 0.364 - 0.364 - 0.364 - 0.361 - 0.235 - 0.129 - 0.129 - 0.626 - 0.950
											10	0.023 -0.391 -0.253 0.302 -0.166 0.020 0.020 1.000
											6	0.158 0.335 0.399 0.350 0.350 1.000
											80	0.212 0.212 0.212 0.129 -0.192 -0.022 0.399 1.000
											7	0.257 0.257 0.257 0.257 0.050 0.040 1.000
lation	318	199	949	571	641	725	202	314	002		9	-0.430 -0.359 0.324 0.913 1.000
Standard Deviation	2.97318	5.05461	37.10646	3.80571	34.56641	3.89725	1.84202	1.03314	24.16002		5	0.256 0.269 0.264 0.264 1.000
Stand											4	-0.388 -0.314 0.276 1.000
Mean	.63125	,10814	,28345	.61194	.38794	.56716	.02985	,43284	.67163		Э	
≥.	15.	130	277.	10.	278.	10.	2	0	982.	trix	2	1.000 0.125 -0.291 1.000 0.251 1.000
ble	-	2	3	7	2	9	7	8 2	6	n Ma		000
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	SLP	Correlation Matrix	Variable 1	Number 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during October (1960-1969) for the period before maximum intensity. TABLE XXX.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 9
Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 26

Var	Variable		Mean	Stande	Standard Deviation	tation						Var	Variable	Σİ	Mean	Stand	Standard Deviation	lation
LAT	1	17	.82990		6.69193	193					Н	12 C SLP	10	3	3.25000		7.40668	88
LONG	2	135.	.43945		14.02811	811					Σ	MAX I	11	95	95.87500		41.02792	92
12 DIR	33	284.	.50000		20.14813	813					Σ	MIN 7 HT	12	273	273.44995		26.81459	69
12 SPD	7 0	9.	.30000		2.87518	518					7	7 R LT	13	31	31.29999		3.83104	74
24 DIR	3 5	282.	.19995		24.09828	828					7	R HT	14	315	315.29980		2.65252	52
24 SPD	9 0	6	.25000		2.53943	943					7	7 T LONG	15	121	121.97499		15.00335	35
SIZE	7	9	.45000		2.68853	353					7	7 T HT	16	309	309.57495		1.76704	74
12 C SIZ 8	8 218	0.	.20000		1,01779	611					1	12 C I	17	5-	-5.10000		6.92005	35
SLP	6	959.	.29980		31.67720	720					2	24 C I	18	-3	-3.80000		17.72899	66
Correlation Matrix	lon M	atrix																
Variable 1	1	2	9	7	5	9	7	80	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1 2 3 4 4	000.1	1.000 -0.649	0.649 0.548 0.340 0.553 0.311 0.431 . 1.000 -0.294 -0.249 -0.217 -0.213 -0.576 1.000 0.487 0.932 0.345 0.430 1.000 0.551 0.995 0.595	0.340 0.553 -0.249 -0.217 0.487 0.932 1.000 0.551	0.553 -0.217 0.932 0.551	0.311	0.431	0.431 -0.257 -0.700 0.576 0.112 0.604 0.430 0.195 -0.594 0.595 -0.152 -0.652	-0.700 0.604 -0.594 -0.652	0.181 -0.089 0.264 0.503	0.676 -0.658 0.522 0.610	0.553 0.311 0.431 -0.257 -0.700 0.181 0.676 -0.668 0.688 -0.726 -0.450 0.591 -0.136 -0.238 -0.217 -0.213 -0.576 0.112 0.604 -0.089 -0.658 0.533 -0.391 0.762 0.662 -0.482 0.235 0.212 0.932 0.345 0.430 0.195 -0.594 0.264 0.522 -0.561 0.328 -0.256 -0.019 0.178 -0.145 -0.144 0.551 0.905 0.595 -0.152 -0.652 0.603 0.610 -0.695 -0.111 -0.187 -0.094 -0.024 -0.254 -0.359 0.005 0	0.688 -0.391 0.328 -0.101	0.688 -0.726 -0.450 -0.391 0.762 0.662 0.328 -0.256 -0.019 -0.101 -0.187 -0.094	-0.450 0.662 -0.019	0.591	0.591 -0.136 -0.482 0.235 0.178 -0.145 -0.020 -0.524 0.157	-0.238 0.212 -0.144 -0.359

	~			•			>	_	3	2	_	3	2	0		, S		0
18	-0.238	0.212	-0.147	-0.359	-0.105	-0.394	-0.17	0.389	-0.043	-0.64	0.047	-0.05	-0.112	0.220	0.17	0.056	0.85	1.000
17	-0.136	0.235	-0.145	-0.524	-0.127	-0.566	-0.265	0.276	0.105	-0.673	-0.102	0.104	0.081	0.161	0.250	0.150	1.000	
16	0.591	-0.482	0.178	-0.020	0.220	0.021	0.430	0.020	-0.452	-0.068	0.457	-0.411	0.266	-0.574	-0.040	1.000		
15	-0.450	0.662	-0.019	-0.094	0.118	7 -0.118 -	0.055	0.348	0.178	-0.031	-0.227	0.150	-0.396	0.331	1.000			
14	-0.726	0.762	-0.256	10.187	-0.26	-0.21	-0.61	0.224	0.638	-0.123		0.586		1.000				
13	0.688	-0.391	0.32	0.10	0.30	-0.242	-0.061	-0.200	-0.266	0.051	0.285	-0.224	1.000					
12	-0.668	0.533	-0.561	-0.695 -	-0.666	-0.599	-0.778	-0.026		-0.210	-0.977	1.000						
11	0.676	-0.658	0.522	0.610	0.610	0.515	0.801	0.050	-0.987	0.209	1.000							
10	0.181	-0.089	0.264	0.503	0.344	0.504	0.361	-0.058	-0.191	1.000								
6	-0.700	0.604	-0.594	-0.652	-0.686	-0.556	-0.802	-0.058	1.000									
<b>®</b>	-0.257	0,112	0.195	-0.152	0,212		0.247	1.000										
7	0.431	-0.576	0.430	0.596	0.542	0.543	1.000											
9	0.311	-0.213	0.345	0.906	0.404	1.000												
<b>ا</b> م	0.553		0.932	0.551	1.000													
4	0.340	-0.249		1.000														
က		-0.294																
2	1.000 -0.649																	
riable 1		2	3	4	2	9	7	œ	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	91	17	18
A C		•	. ,	~	- 1	_		~	٠,			-		-				

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during October (1960-1969) for the period after maximum intensity. TABLE XXXI.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 9

Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 115

Standard Deviation	7.48154	36.96675	22.39072	5.34253	2.59924	10.57701	4.06108	8.57548	15.85621
Mean	-7.31325	72.95180	284.91553	27.44577	318.00000	127.38553	307.43359	10.14458	19.55421
Variable	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Vari	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LT	7 R HT	7 T LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I
Standard Deviation	18 2.65098	83 11.90937	50 22.70209	3,60362	39 20.44765	3.97648	55 1.67898	1.15185	46 26.47818
Mean	11.16018	143.38083	288.38550	10.34940	287.87939	10.27711	5.63855	0.12048	973.39746
ab le	-	2	3	4	5	9	7	8 21	6
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ 8	SLP

		07	74	63	0.7	11	22	07	90	20	35	31	77	92	62	07	19	90	00	
	18	-0.1	-0.5	0.2	-0.007	0.2	0.0	0.0	-0.1	-0.6	-0.4	0.7	-0.5	-0.4	-0.4	-0.240		0.908	1.0	
	17	-0.083	-0.560	0.278	0.014	0.189	0.047	-0.089	-0.207	-0.550	-0.415	0.631	-0.498	-0.449	-0.442	-0.222	0.440	1.000		
	16	0.121	-0.361	0.052	5 -0.040	-0.035	-0.018	-0.324	-0.194	-0.287	-0.355	0.143	-0.221	-0.198	-0.156	-0.310	1.000			
	15	-0.276	0.615	0.250	-0.345	0.273	-0.414	0.419	0.078	0.248	0.298	-0.119	0.204	0.425	-0.104	1.000				
	14	-0.104	0.260	-0.506	0.130	-0.469	0.109	-0.226	-0.004	0.554	0.452	-0.499	0.518	0.352	1.000					
	13	-0.248	0.864	0.015	-0.374	0.029	-0.415	0.293	0.154	0.459	0.425	-0.365	0.409	1.000						
	12	-0.301	0.443	-0.132	0.015	-0.109	0.005	-0.261	0.214	0.983	0.610	-0.923	1.000							
	11	0.041	-0.410	0.162	0.009	0.141	-0.010	0.311	-0.163	-0.908	-0.526	1.000								
	10	-0.148	0.438	-0.042	-0.134	-0.031	-0.168	-0.189	0.036	0.663	1.000									
	6	-0.322	0.486	-0.151	0.018	-0.125	0.005	-0.219	0.208	1.000										
	80	-0.178	0.270	0.099	-0.069	0.188	-0.079	0.319	1.000											
	7	-0.087	0.414	-0.000	0.051	0.072	0.026	1,000												
					0.954															
	2	0.025	0.207	0.932	-0.380	1.000														
	7	0.108	-0.464	-0.393	1.000															
	٣	-0.018	0.123	1,000																
trix	2																			
Correlation Matrix	e 1	Number 1.000 -0.202																		
Correla	Variable 1	Number	-	2	3	4	2	9	7	80	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during November (1960-1969) for the period before maximum intensity. TABLE XXXII.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 9

	tton		_		_				_			18	-0.563 0.354 -0.105 0.280 0.280 0.205 -0.005 0.203 0.152 -0.043 0.152 0.152 0.152 0.152 0.152
	Standard Deviation	10.93006	34.84933	24.85704	3.00410	1.68404	9.98657	2.63736	7.30453	13.67181		17 1	0.186 0.279 0.021 0.030 0.136 0.035 0.035 0.031 0.031 0.031 0.031 0.031 0.031 0.031 0.031 0.031 0.031
	Standa											16	-0.082 -0.063 -0.069 -0.386 -0.375 -0.375 -0.150 -0.443 -0.144 -0.144 -0.144
	Mean	3.26415	89.05659	269.83008	25.77357	316.83008	115.86792	308.92432	-5.09434	-4.24528		15	-0.630 0.626 0.16 0.216 0.333 0.333 0.349 0.349 0.349 0.349 0.349 1.000
	ΔI	` '	80	269	2.	316	113	308	ĭ'	7		14	-0.460 0.236 0.238 0.238 0.118 0.189 0.189 0.189 0.189 0.187 0.187
	Variable	10	11	112	13	14	15	16	17	18		13	0.545 0.231 0.340 0.340 0.341 0.341 0.383 0.069 0.069 1.000
	Var	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	R LT	R HT	7 I LONG	T HT	12 C I	24 C I		12	0.063 -0.248 -0.287 -0.002 -0.287 -0.715 -0.748 -0.888 1.000
		1	Z	Σ	7	7	7	7	1	2		11	-0.251 0.261 0.057 0.155 0.105 0.528 0.050 0.528 0.090 1.000
												10	0.090 -0.096 0.027 -0.174 0.031 0.029 1.000
												6	0.076 -0.251 -0.095 -0.244 -0.201 -0.693 1.000
												∞	0.227 0.219 0.219 -0.334 -0.130 0.341 1.000
												7	0.454 0.454 0.350 0.350 0.317 1.000
	Standard Deviation	516	100	582	212	125	870	737	124	072		9	-0.114 -0.003 0.274 0.928 0.156 1.000
		3.52516	6.37001	20.02682	3.86012	17.66125	.3.58870	2.17737	1.08124	28.58072		2	0,577 0,908 0,036 1,000
ons: 50												4	0.175 · 0.185
Number of 6-Hourly Observations:	Mean	16.06786	54643	33960	94340	33960	.07547	09434	15094	60376		Э	1.000 -0.319 1.000 -0.319 1.000
rly Obe	সা	16	128.	281.3	10.	283.	11.	5.0	-0-	955.	rfx	2	1.000 -0.430
6-Hot	ble	П	2	3	4	2	9	7	8 2	6	n Ma		000
of	Variable		<sub>Q</sub>	i2 bir	12 SPD	24 DIR	SPD	ы	C SIZ		atio	le 1	
Number	>1	LAT	LONG	12	12	24	24	SIZE	12	SLP	Correlation Matrix	Variable	Number 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during November (1960-1969) for the period after maximum intensity. TABLE XXXIII.

7	
1 Abrooms 1	
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ž.	7
200	:suo
nomber of part-weat respirat scoring and typicons	Number of 6-Hourly Observations:
THE THE	6-Hourly
5	Jo
Nomina	Number

lation	43	92	05	09	55	30	85	00	52		18	0.026 0.101 0.267 0.056 0.058 0.068 0.068 0.068 0.073 0.073 0.073 0.046
Standard Deviation	14.07443	31.34792	27.91905	1.12660	0.75955	7.29330	3.05085	5.00000	8.26252		17	0.070 0.226 0.226 0.228 0.228 0.259 0.219 0.279 0.270
Stand											16	-0.219 0.468 0.688 0.698 -0.054 0.783 0.210 0.696 0.697 0.687 0.687 0.687
Mean	-9.61538	124.23076	263.84595	21.46153	315.92285	129.23076	299.84595	15.00000	33.46153		15	0.522 0.571 0.572 0.585 0.468 0.468 0.404 0.573 0.381 0.381 1.000
ΣÌ	6-1	124	263	21	315	129	299	15	33		14	0.734 0.734 0.734 0.735 0.741 0.741 0.829 0.829 1.000
Variable	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		13	0.854 -0.939 -0.782 -0.746 -0.646 -0.646 -0.896 -0.896 -0.896
Var	12 C SLP	I XVW	MIN 7 HT	R LT	R HT	T LONG	7 T HT	CI	CI		12	0.897 0.897 0.869 0.869 0.986 0.982 0.982 0.982 0.982
	-	Æ	Ξ	7	7	7	7	12	24		11	0.963 -0.986 -0.986 -0.761 -0.909 -0.485 -0.940 -0.940
											10	0.397 -0.091 0.433 0.418 0.552 0.552 0.369 0.156 1.000
											6	0.933 - 0.933 - 0.934 - 0.9354 - 0.9354 - 0.9554 - 0.9554 - 0.6554 - 0.119 - 0.0554 - 0.119 - 0.000 -
											œ	0.300 0.373 0.373 0.573 0.575 1.000
											7	0.555 - 0.131 - 0.555 - 0.122 0.625 - 0.187 0.625 - 0.187 0.000 1.000
lation	199	184	562	776	808	218	)22	355	889		9	0.872 0.872 0.847 0.847 0.847 1.000
Standard Deviation	1.66561	5.43184	10.95562	1.73944	9.40608	1.70218	0.66022	0.75955	28.99889		2	0.967 - -0.832 0.941 - -0.415 1.000
Stand											4	0.595 0.795 0.427 1.000
Mean	8.56153	.73833	.23071	.12077	.15481	15.30769	5.46154	-0.07692	.46143		3	1.000 -0.940 0.918
We	80	137.7	286.2	15.1	284.1	15,	5	0-	944.4	rrtx	2	1,000
le	-	2	3	4	2	9	7	∞	6	Ma		00
Variable			IR	QdS	IR	29		SIZ		tion	e 1	1.0
Va	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 S	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C	SLP	Correlation Matrix	Variable 1	Number 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during December (1960-1969) for the period before maximum intensity. TABLE XXXIV.

Number of East-West Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 2 Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 9

Standard Deviation	7.19567	40.06071	10.85127	1.33333	1.11803	8.25294	1,11803	35.89142	46.17297		16 17 18	-0.781 -0.902 -0.926 0.789 0.753 0.815 -0.212 -0.419 -0.276 0.274 -0.047 0.074 -0.252 -0.563 -0.468 0.294 -0.021 0.028 0.080 0.085 0.154 -0.884 -0.364 -0.459 -0.005 -0.411 -0.387 0.693 0.464 0.485 -0.693 -0.464 0.485 -0.224 -0.604 -0.555 0.700 0.467 0.569 -0.700 0.467 0.569 -0.573 -0.864 -0.824 1.000 0.898 0.868
Mean	9.44444	138.88889	269.00000	23.55554	314.00000	114.11110	302.33325	-12.77778	-12.77778		15	0.806 0.647 0.647 0.647 0.441 0.618 0.618 0.018 0.018 0.010 0.010 0.010
		,	2		en.		e	1	•		14	-0.538 0.791 0.336 0.327 0.722 0.261 0.261 0.261 0.261 0.261 0.261 0.336 0.337 1.000
Variable	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		13	0.519 0.655 0.655 0.714 0.900 0.874 0.085 0.085 0.085 1.000
Var	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LT	R HT	7 T LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I		12	0.670 -0.914 -0.173 -0.417 -0.670 0.991 -0.621 0.991 1.000
		2.	2.		7	_	7	-	2		11	-0.399 0.684 0.414 0.767 0.767 0.105 1.000
											10	0.335 - 0.058
											6	0.576 -0.859 -0.247 -0.862 -0.768 1.000
											œ	-0.465 0.572 0.572 0.403 0.404 0.510
											7	0.061 0.333 0.440 0.843 0.859 0.891 1.000
lation	608	244	073	74	410	443	962	962	290		9	0.511 0.523 0.927 0.927 1.000
Standard Deviation	1.30809	2.43244	2.99073	1.22474	4.44410	1,39443	0.92796	0.92796	14.09590		5	0,356 .0.029 0,712 0,712 1,000 1,000
Stand											4	0.502 0.502 0-660 1.000
Mean	13.71111	125.07768	294.22217	11.33333	294.66650	87777	.11111	.111111	954.22217		٣	
ΣÌ	13	125	294	11	294	11.	9	0	954	trix	2	1.000 -0.912 0.399 1.000 -0.118 1.000
ble	7	2	e	4	8	9	7	8 2	6	n Ma		000
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	SLP	Correlation Matrix	Variable l	

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for East-West tropical storms and typhoons during December (1960-1969) for the period after maximum intensity. TABLE XXXV.

## APPENDIX C

Statistical calculations of the 18 available parameters of the recurving tropical storms and typhoons during the period 1960-1969 are presented. Computations are shown for the two composited periods of the recurving storms: before and after the point of recurvature.

Each table presents (1) the number of tropical storms and typhoons for the period, (2) the number of six-hourly observations during the period, (3) the means and standard deviations of the 18 parameters, and (4) a correlation matrix of the 18 variables.



Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 68

Mean Standard Deviation	-4.12897 9.28970	82,67450 37,16492	279,84839 23,56303	29,02866 5,37998	315,72046 2,74565	128,13817 12,34497	306.86060 5.59121	5.71238 11.24244	12,66735 18,67787
Variable	12 C SLP 10	MAX I 11	MIN 7 HT 12	7 R LAT 13	7 R HT 14	7 T LONG 15	7 T HT 16	12 C I 17	24 C I 18
Standard Devlation	5,76564	10.26473	39,53185	4.21954	43.44450	4.04324	2,10837	1,10843	27,13858
Mean	18,36998	142,70726	312,28247	9.38280	307.87695	9.24156	5.20778	0.14227	966.25366
Variable	LAT 1	LONG 2	12 DIR 3	12 SPD 4	24 DIR 5	24 SPD 6	SIZE 7	12 C SIZ 8	SLP 9

	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	0.152 0.189 -0.209 0.759 -0.128 -0.021 0.382 -0.236 -0.245 -0.041 -0.189 0.167 0.126 0.293 0.505 -0.178 0.076 0.082 0.044 -0.189 0.167 0.126 0.293 0.505 -0.178 0.076 0.082 0.043 -0.008 0.034 -0.217 -0.025 0.037 -0.076 -0.071 0.025 0.113 -0.096 0.015 0.413 -0.035 -0.035 -0.052 -0.032 -0.021 0.036 -0.035 -0.035 0.000 0.413 -0.049 -0.073 -0.035 0.000 0.013 0.000 0.413 -0.049 0.013 0.002 0.017 -0.130 0.008 0.016 -0.042 0.006 0.025 -0.033 0.095 0.127 0.134 0.082 0.019 -0.196 0.019 0.013 0.005 0.017 0.100 0.0127 0.127 0.134 0.016 0.005 0.002 0.010 0.065 0.017 0.000 0.0127 0.009 0.005 0.000 0.000 0.017 0.000 0.019 0.018 0.000 0.010 0.056 0.017 0.000 0.019 0.018 0.000 0.010 0.017 0.000 0.019 0.000 0.013 0.000 0.015 0.017 0.000 0.019 0.000 0.013 0.000 0.011 0.000 0.017 0.000 0.011 0.000 0.011 0.000 0.011 0.000 0.011 0.000 0.001 0.0000 0.001 0.000 0.
		0.382 -0.178 0.037 -0.052 -0.078 -0.030 -0.090 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.064 0.064 1.000
	15	0.0021 0.505 0.505 0.005 0.005 0.005 0.005 0.005 1.000
	14	0.128 0.293 0.293 0.413 0.413 0.160 0.063 0.063 0.069 0.069 0.069
	13	
	12	0.167 0.167 0.167 0.167 0.096 0.005 0.016 0.982 0.982 0.134 0.993 1.000
	11	0.189 -0.189 -0.000 0.113 -0.035 0.331 0.008 1.000
	10	
	6	-0.203 0.180 0.180 -0.102 -0.110 1.000
	80	-0.063 0.062 0.021 -0.056 -0.024 0.303 1.000
	7	-0.118 -0.161 -0.027 -0.119 -0.100 1.000
	9	-0.086 0.086 -0.223 0.942 -0.150 1.000
	2	0.186 -0.068 0.716 0.716 1.000
	4	-0.088 0.135 -0.200 1.000
٠	9	197
ĸĮ	2	.000 -0.041 0.1.000 1.000 1.000 1.
n Matri	1	1.000
Correlation Matrix	Variable	Numb cr 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 10 11 11 12 14 15 17

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for recurving tropical storms and typhoons for all months (1960-1969) for the period before the point of recurvature. TABLE XXXVI.



Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons; 68

ŝ													555 640 641 641 641 641 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647	
10 74	VI WC	908	628	323	204	780	126	460	301	905		18	-0.355 -0.141 0.040 -0.391 0.027 0.027 0.047 -0.084 -0.084 -0.084 -0.084 -0.084 -0.084 -0.084 -0.084 -0.084 -0.094 -0.097 -0.037 -0.037	
2	2	8,16806	28.87628	18,32323	6.68204	4.25780	12,79126	13.22460	11.65301	20.09506		17	-0.318 -0.115 -0.074 -0.372 -0.015 -0.023 -0.027 -0.027 -0.007 -0	X ·d
Standard Dowletton	Scanda											16	0.104 0.011 0.011 0.013 -0.136 -0.016 -0.016 -0.009 0.013 0.013 0.0150 0.0150	matr for
0	Mean	378939	72.58635	284.00903	34.19394	310,88013	131,53333	305.10449	-5.47576	-8.06667		15	0.169 0.641 0.333 0.333 0.223 0.023 0.045 0.064 1.000	tion Jons after
2	SI.	3,5	72.	284.	34.	310.	131.	305.	.5.	8-		14	-0.372 -0.262 -0.024 -0.595 -0.149 -0.301 -0.163 -0.163 -0.211 1.000	correlation nd typhoons period after
9	1	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		13	0.799 0.298 0.011 0.011 0.044 0.044 0.044 0.044 0.014 1.000	ori Seri
Variable	101	C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LAT	7 R HT	T LONG	TH T	CI	H O 1		12	0.000 0.134 0.032 0.033 0.033 0.033 0.038 1.000 1.000	o o
		12	X	M	7	7	7	7	12	24		11	-0.008 -0.205 -0.072 -0.0167 -0.046 0.247 -0.042 -0.042 -0.042 -0.042 -0.042 -1.000	ns tor or
												10	0.306 0.094 0.094 0.324 0.324 0.056 1.000	·H 14
												6	0.029 0.139 0.102 0.066 0.087 0.087 1.000	dard deviating tropical (1960-1969)
												œ	-0.014 0.001 0.016 -0.034 0.282 1.000	ard g tr 1960 rec
												7	-0.155 0.101 0.101 0.116 -0.022 1.000	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
-												9	0.552 0.471 0.031 0.976 0.976 1.000	0 <b>द</b> ⋅⊣
Dowfat	700 7 90	6.55985	8.88711	52.93779	9.73094	107.24602	8.17845	2,40674	21.63503	8.16806		2	-0.132 -0.129 0.268 -0.137 1.000	Means, for real mother po
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ě.	o <u>l</u>	9	H	63	82	20	21	5	52	85		m	1.000	XVII
Mean		26.73586	141.68881	42.5136	13.5818	73.4015	12.0712	5.11515	-0.1015	970.9438				XXX
Σ	-1	26	141	42	13	73	12	5	0-	970	ŽĮ.	7	1,000	
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Variable		L	ភិ	12 DIR	SPD	DIR	SPD	D.	c siz	<b>C</b> :	ation	le r		E
2	1	LAT	LONG	12	12	24	24	SIZE	12	SLP	Correlation Matrix	Variable Number	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	



Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 2

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Standard Deviation	1,42400	3,53553	1.74005	1.01379	8.01561	6.18016	1.00000	6.18016	9.71825	16 17 18	16 1/ -0.348 -0.452 -0 0.275 0.032 0 -0.464 0.308 -0 0.542 0.277 0 0.152 0.277 0 0.602 0.126 0 0.602 0.126 0 0.286 -0.636 -0 0.354 0.286 0 0.354 0.286 0 0.485 0.286 0 0.485 0.286 0 0.700 0.303 0 1.000 0.303 0
Mean	-1.55556	40.00000	305.66650	20.55554	315.44434	131.66666	296.00000	2.77778	7.77778	ر. -	0000000000000
	7	7	30.	2(	315	131	296	••		71	999000909999
ble	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		0.876 0.915 -0.464 0.722 -0.464 0.723 0.534 0.534 0.711 1.000
Variable	C SLP	I XVW	TH 7 NIM	R LAT	R HT	7 I LONG	T HT	CI	CI	1,2	12 -0.581 -0.093 0.376 0.087 0.087 0.105 0.016 0.016 1.000
	12	X	M	7	7	7	7	12	57	=	0.525 0.825 0.864 0.170 0.772 0.070 0.074 0.248 1.000
										Ç	10 0.467 0.1387 0.176 0.176 -0.192 -0.509 0.547 1.000
										0	0.723 0.723 0.969 0.869 0.884 0.884 1.000
										α	0.067 -0.009 0.107 0.047 0.045 0.045 0.045 1.000
										٢	-0.032 -0.552 0.421 -0.644 -0.644 1.000
lon										ų	0.467 0.921 0.974 0.974 1.000
Standard Deviation	1.65009	4.00106	24.49716	7.38429	11.45644	7.68837	0,97183	1,32288	3.31662	v	5 -0.411 -0.287 0.737 1.000
tandard	1	7	24	7	11	7	0	1	e	<	4 4 0 0 441 0 0 921 0 0 921 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	55	28	198	556	000	681	223	299	125		
Mean	11.85555	136.84428	307.88867	10.55	301,00000	12.88889	5.2222	0.66667	999.33325	6	1,000 0,742 -0,300 1,000 -0,544 1,000
ole	1	64	en	4	5	9	7	8 2	6	n Matris	1.000
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	SLP	Correlation Matrix	Variable Number 1 2 3 4 4 7 7 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for recurving tropical storms and typhoons during January (1960-1969) for the period before the point of recurvature. TABLE XXXVIII.

Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 2
Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 26

Variable	ore	Treat	Stallagia Deviation				
LAT	-	15.20765	4.05453	12 C SLP 10	10	0.61538	1.65111
LONG	2	140.07294	6.05479	MAX I	11	35.19231	12.28664
12 DIR	3	59.07692	20,34286	MIN 7 HT	12	307.30762	2.75346
12 SPD	7	12.23077	8,58048	7 R LT	13	20.65384	3.03239
24 DIR	2	80.69231	80.91547	7 R HT	14	313.69214	3.46144
24 SPD	9	10.69231	. 6.93264	7 I LONG	15	137.30768	6.25312
SIZE	7	5.11538	1.21085	7 I HT	16	293.73071	3.96542
12 C SLZ 8	00	-0.30769	0.83758	12 C I	17	-1.34615	7.00823
SLP	6	999,53833	2,95609	24 C I	18	-1.34615	11,18549

	18	0.787 -0.741 -0.315 -0.232	-0.347	-0.402	-0,403	0,150	-0,390	0.248	-0.153	-0.237	3)(
	17	-0.315	-0.363	-0.309	-0.404	0.214	-0.421	0.420	-0.005	600'6-	1.1
	16	-0.741	-0.474	0.272	-0.767	0.091	-0.723	0,632	0.311	0,051	A
	15	0.787	0.937	0.425	0,822	-0,220	0.843	-0.723	-0.218	6.470	
	14	-0.955	-0.791	0.097	976.0-	0,113	-0.918	0.810	0,283	0.344	
	12 13 14	0.852	0.692	-0.345	0.775	-0.009	0.754	-0.784	-0,390	27 x0, 194 0, 214 6,410 0,451 -0,002	
	12	-0.431	-0.077	0.563	-0,408	-0.025	-0.349	0,373	0.181	1,19	
	11	0.530	0.218	-0.543	0.404	0,024	0.365	-0.391	*0.195	V.*	
	10	368 -0.121 -0.118 0.530 -0.431 0.852 -0.955 0.787 -0.741 -	-0.031	0.352	0.012	-0.033	+00'0-	0.063	0,336	Van te	
	6	-0.121	0.222	0.661	-0.108	0.203 0,288 -0,011	~0.064	0.116	6,160		
	80	0.964 -0.889 -0.368	-0.878 -0.361	0.200 -0.108 -0.168 (	-0.313	0,288	-0,396	0.628	1.679 6.3		
	6 7	-0.889	-0.878	-0.108	-0.842	0.203	w0,882	1.000			
			0.927	0.200	0,982	-0,216	1,000				
	S	0.965 -0.169	-0.163	-0.397	1,000 -0,161	1,000					
	4	0.965	0.897	0.094	1,000						
	٣	0.048	0.271	1,000							
trix	2	1.000 0.916	1.000								
Correlation Matrix	e 1	1.000									
Correla	Variable 1	-	7	~	7	9	9	-	4		

Means, standard deviations and correlation matity for recurving tropical storms and typhoons during January (1960-1969) for the period after the point of recurvature. TABLE XXXIX.

Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 2
Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 40

Mean Standard Deviation	-1.37500 11.49964	88.46875 33.17497	284.50000 18.35666	20.28125 2.63027	315.50000 1.29515	125.68750 9.09249	296.68750 6.43296	2.81250 15.34848	9.03125 21.53836
Variable	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Var	12 C SLP 10	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LT	7 R HT	7 I LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I
Standard Deviation	2,91456	2.36855	.25 33.90543	2.41279	97.95517	.25 2,48524	50 0.69270	0,87988	50 21.96025
Mean	12.76247	136,98096	327.03125	6.71875	288.15625	6.78125	5.31250	0.0	972.06250
Variable	1	2	e	4	2	9	7	8 21	6
Vari	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ 8	SLP

Correlation Matrix	atrix .																	
Variable 1 Number	2	m	4	5	9	7	œ	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
1.000	0 569.0-000.1	.724	-0.415	0.108	-0.589		-0.307	-0.447	0.685	0.509	-0.402	0.700	0.038	-0.047	0.725		-0.739	
	1.000 -0.	633	0.413	900.0		0.057		0.790	-0.302	-0.837	0,760	-0.119	-0.390	-0.333	-0.198		0.320	
		1.000	-0.733	-0.107		-0.410		-0.603	0.229	0.605	-0.607	0.311	-0.232	-0.123	0.359		-0.260	
			1.000	0.167		0.267		0.596	0.040		0.625	-0.175	0.191	0.112	-0.172		-0.032	
				1.000	0.113	-0.015	-0.267	0.193	0.034	-0.203	0.246	0.152	-0.186	-0.369	0.200	-0.190	-0.104	
						0.341		0.683	-0.057		0.693	-0.207	0.256	0.215	-0.386		0.052	
						1.000		0.128	-0.244		0.117	-0.298	0.252	0.375	-0.397		0.280	
							1.000	0.115	-0.086		0.092	-0.014	0.255	0.274	-0.160		0.182	
								1.000	0,140	-0.981	0.992	0.130	-0.349	-0.227	-0.099		-0.149	
0									1.000	-0.024	0.170	0.739	0.095	0.064	0.544		-0.901	
1					٠						-0.971	-0.075	0.376	0.250	0.170		0.072	
2											1.000	0.156	-0.341	-0.233 -	020.0-	-0.174	-0.188	
												1,000	-0.033	-0.135	0.642		-0.820	
s.T													1.000	0.690	-0.248	-0.097	-0.082	
2														1.000	-0.569		-0.052	
															1.000	-0.518	-0.563	
7																	0.947	
8																	1.000	

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for recurving tropical storms and typhoons during March (1960-1969) for the period before the point of recurvature. TABLE XL.



Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 2
Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 24

Mean Standard Deviation	2,95833 4,64831	42.70833 7.27400	306.83325 4.23921	23.62500 2.58444	311.16650 2.46129	131.00000 12.03256	293.45825 7.34242	-5.75000 11.56926	-13.12500 24.69695	
able	10	==	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Variable	12 C SLP 10	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LT	7 R HT	7 T LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I	
Standard Deviation	3.06607	18 5,36666	3 26.80469	13 4.21156	6 26.42406	7, 2.79719	1,39096	1,22474	0 4.83869	
Mean	18.20830	145.99988	45.83333	9.20833	42.66666	8.54167	4.75000	-0.25000	1000.25000	
able	-	2	٣	4	2	9	7	8 21	6	
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ 8	SLP	

	18	-0.449 0.670 0.670 0.132 0.132 0.132 0.192 0.192 0.192 0.192 0.192 0.192 0.192 0.192 0.192 0.192 0.192 0.192 0.193 0	1.000
	17	0.285 0.397 0.397 0.439 0.193 0.193 0.193 0.193 0.255 0.357 0.357 0.050 0.060	
	16	-0.312 -0.916 -0.916 0.653 0.128 0.128 0.176 0.176 0.0191 1.000	
	15	0.787 0.738 0.738 0.157 0.157 0.734 0.738 0.602 0.602 0.723	
	14	0.558 0.516 0.530 0.530 0.533 0.533 0.553 0.553 0.749	
	13	0.841 0.243 0.243 0.276 0.276 0.276 0.276 0.276 1.000	
	12	0.891 -0.039 -0.513 -0.513 -0.545 -0.368 -0.368 -0.369 -0.964 -0.964 -0.964	
	11	-0.908 -0.218 -0.303 -0.303 -0.244 -0.318 -0.318 -0.318	
	10	0.237 0.213 0.5113 0.0136 0.0136 1.000	
	6	0.899 0.2899 0.407 0.407 1.000	
	œ	-0.379 -0.192 -0.072 -0.069 -0.069 1.000	
	7	-0.754 -0.203 -0.044 -0.04311 -0.0811 -0.0811 -0.081	
	9	-0.021 -0.283 0.457 0.457 1.000	
	5	-0.473 0.144 0.290 1.000	
	4	0.120 -0.529 0.345 1.000	
	e	-0.508 -0.139 1.000	
trtx	2	0.262 -0. 1.000 -0. 1.	
Correlation Matrix	. e 1	.000	
Correla	Variable 1	1 1 2 2 4 3 9 7 9 8 7 9 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 9 7 9 9 9 9	8

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for recurving tropical storms and typhoons during March (1960-1969) for the period after the point of recurvature. TABLE XLI.

Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 2

Variable         Mean         Standard Deviation         Variable         Mean           LAT         1         12.42217         3.28016         12 C SLP         10           LONG         2         142.40457         11.05612         MAX I         11         60.83333           12 DIR         3         302.94434         22.85588         MIN 7 HT         12         293.22217           12 SIZ         4         10.62963         5.62103         7 R HT         13         22.83333           24 SIZ         5         300.92578         20.30412         7 R HT         14         315.94434           24 SPD         6         10.57407         5.09754         7 T LONG         15         126.66666           SIZE         7         4.50000         1.41087         7 T HT         16         303.64795           24 SIZ         9         982.16650         21.81892         24 C I         18         9.25926	Standard Deviation	6.58304	26.25615	19.16133	3.14882	1.72021	3.69168	3.69168	9.21679	13.64672	
bble         Mean         Standard Deviation         Variation           1         12.42217         3.28016         12 C SLP           2         142.40457         11.05612         MAX I           3         302.94434         22.85588         MIN 7 HT           4         10.62963         5.62103         7 R HT           5         300.92578         20.30412         7 R HT           6         10.57407         5.09754         7 T LONG           7         4.50000         1.41087         7 T HT           12         8         0.01852         1.22074         12 C I           9         982.16650         21.81892         24 C I	Mean	-1.94444	60.83333	293.22217	22.83333	315.94434	126.66666	303.64795	4.35185	9.25926	
bble         Mean         Standard Deviation         12 C           1         12.42217         3.28016         MAX I           2         142.40457         11.05612         MAX I           3         302.94434         22.85588         MIN 7           4         10.62963         5.62103         7 R H           5         300.92578         20.30412         7 R H           6         10.57407         5.09754         7 T L           7         4.50000         1.41087         7 T H           12         8         0.01852         1.22074         12 C           9         982.16650         21.81892         24 C	able	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Mean  1 12.42217  2 142.40457  3 302.94434  4 10.62963  5 300.92578  6 10.57407  7 4.50000  1Z 8 0.01852  9 982.16650	Vari	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LT	7 R HT	7 T LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I	
1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4											
Variable       LAT     1       LONG     2       12 DIR     3       12 SPD     4       24 DIR     5       24 SPD     6       SIZE     7       12 C SIZ     8       SLP     9	Mean	12.422	142.404	302.944	10.629	300,925	10.574	4.500	0.018	982.166	
LAT LONG 12 DIE 12 SPI 24 DIE 24 SPI 21 C SIZE 12 C SIZE	able	-	2	٣	4	2		7		6	
	Vari	LAT	LONG	12 DIF	12 SPI	24 DIF	24 SPE	SIZE	12 C	SLP	

		18	-0.290	0.118	-0.086	-0.160	-0.066	-0.213	0.372	-0.107	-0.121	-0.517	0.206	-0.084	-0.168	0.139	0.008	0.433	0.787	1.000
		17	-0.310	0.102	-0.164	-0.123	-0.144	-0.165	0.316	-0.007	0.010	-0.443	0.070	0.069	-0.244	0.123	0,040	0.367	1.000	
		16	-0.081	-0.114	-0.104	-0.159	-0.083	-0.134	0.132	-0.099	0.103	-0.441	-0.004	0.122	-0.299	-0.131	-0.338	1.000		
		15	-0.577	0.580	-0.254	0.307		0.250		0.263		0.031		0.273	-0.357	0.036	1.000			
		14	-0.175	0.063	-0.464	0.566	-0.542	0.589	-0.136	-0.062	-0.107	-0.061	-0.011	-0.104	0.280	1.000				
		13	0.611	-0.295	0.389	-0.154	0.362	-0.158	-0.214	-0.225	-0.665	0.240	0.724	- 679.0- (	1.000					
		12	-0.317	-0.135	-0.451	0.433	-0.482	0.469	-0.396	0.202	0.992	0.159	-0.865	1,000						
		11	0.635	-0.276	0.634	-0.640	0.652	-0.663	0.258	-0.195	-0.865	-0.069	1.000							
		10	0.326	-0.180		0.153		0.150	-0.464	0.049	0.214	1.000								
		6	-0.300	-0.134	-0.468	0.465	-0.494	0.491	-0.422	0.176	1.000									
		œ	-0.047	0.076			0.102	-0.020	0.422 -	1.000										
		7	-0.265	0.457		-0.395	0.227	-0.429	1.000											
		9	-0.477	0.192	-0.779	0.944	-0.879	1.000												
		2	0.656	-0.263	0.918	-0.866	1.000													
		4	760 0.698 -0.517 (	0.272	-0.822	1.000														
		3	0.698	-0.325	1.000															
	atrix.	2	.000 -0.760	1.000																
;	Correlation Matrix	le 1	_																	
,	Correl	Variable   Number	-	2	3	7	2	9	7	80	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for recurving tropical storms and typhoons during April (1960-1969) for the period before the point of recurvature. TABLE XLII.

Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 2

Variable	ole	Mean	Standard Deviation	Variable	ble	Mean	Standard Deviation
LAT	-	20.56995	1.03777	12 C. SLP 10	10	5.70000	4.01444
LONG	2	138.36493	9.56104	MAX I	11,	52.75000	17.43216
12 DIR	3	11,00000	15.28673	TH 7 HI	12	299.29980	11.08863
12 SPD	4	2.35000	2.75824	7 R LT	13	27.14999	2.30046
24 DIR	2	23.00000	80.81613	7 R HT	14	314.25000	1.83174
24 SPD	9	4.25000	1.94327	7 I LONG	15	131.45000	10.28783
SIZE	7	4.00000	1.02598	7 T HT	16	-8.75000	9,85086
12 C SIZ 8	8	-0.25000	0.96655	12 C I	17	-10,00000	330,60785
SLP	6	987.50000	13,93783	24 C I	18	-10.00000	30.60785

Correlation Matrix	atrix																	
Variable 1 Number	2	e	4	S	9	7	œ	6	10	Ξ	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
	0.036	0.272	0.430	-0.165	-0.534	-0.331	-0.265	0.724	-0.132	-0.872	0.695	0.434	-0.004	0.013	0.033	890.0-	-0.082	
2	1,000	0.078	-0.591	-0.341	0.048	0.203	-0.310	-0.524	0.533		-0.470	0.800	0.856	0.668	0.934		0.372	
3			0.137	0.019	0.041	-0.238	-0.313	0,123	-0.140		0.172	-0.033	0.028	0.043	0.134	0.157	0.141	
7			1.000	0.401	-0.047	-0.409	-0.143	0.628	-0.223		0.550	-0.307	0.633	-0.618	-0.579	-0.492 -	-0.218	
2				1.000	0.010	-0.095	0.257	0.204	0.172	0.324	0,160	-0.320 -	0.220	-0.396	-0.340	0.157	0.191	
9					1.000	0.106	0.147	-0.695	0.037		-0.727	-0.244	0.181	-0:038	-0.168		0.164	
7						1.000	0.690		0.460		-0.472	-0.000	000.0	0.703	0.240	0.234	0.277	
8								-0.150			-0.184	-0.385	0.379	0.245	-0.379	0.117	0.098	
6								1.000			0.973	-0.093	0.316	-0.449	-0.416	-0.193	-0.264	
10											-0.361	0.404	0.297	0.439	0.532	0.576	0.593	
11											-0,712	-0.195	0,233	0.153	0.160	0.316	0.338	
12											1.000	-0.113	0.232	-0.370	-0.342	-0.179	-0.210	
13												1.000	0.728	0.468	0.758	0.282	0.116	
14													1.000	0.474	0.831	0.507	0.197	
15														1,000	0.675	974.0	0,349	
16																0.538	0.312	
17																1.000	0.441	
8																	1.000	

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for recurving tropical storms and typhoons during April (1960-1969) for the period after the point of recurvature. TABLE XLIII.

Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 4

ton												
Standard Deviation	13.31952	28.35648	18.64450	1.97849	2.37289	9.16277	2.54804	16.97571	24.13829		18	
dard	13.	28.	18.	1,	2.	6	2.	16.	24.		17	
Star						٠					16	
Mean	-7.08108	80.27026	283.21606	25.59459	315.37817	121.64864	308.70264	9.86486	19.18918		15	
		-	2		m	7	ř				14	
Variable	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		13	
Vari	12 C.SLP 10	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LT	7 R HT	7 T LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I		12	
											11	
											10	
											6	
											∞	
											. '	
ation	7	7	6	2	7	1	9	6	9		9	
Standard Deviation	3.35547	2.35967	24.39299	3.90752	22.55367	3.87201	2.11316	0.98639	21.17046		٥	
tandar			.,		.,				.,			
N1	33	-	89	6	22	0	86	91	9		4	
Mean	17.10803	132.16711	320.62158	9.18919	315.32422	9.29730	4.08108	0.16216	971.24316		m	
	_	=	32		31				97	trix	5	
able	1	2	3	7	5	9	7	8 ZI	6	on Ma	-	
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ 8	SLP	Correlation Matrix	Variable 1	MORIDE
										ŭ	>	

			,		. 1	•	,		:	:		:	:	:	:	9	
Variable 1 2	m	7	S	9	7	<b>&amp;</b>	6	10	Ξ	12	13	<b>5</b> 1	15	16	17	18	
1.000 -0.694	0	0.000	0.423	0.018	-0.643	-0.300	-0.412	0.172	0.373	-0.389	-0.207	-0.520	-0.105	-0.337	-0.289	-0.297	
1.000	-0.612	0.391	-0.569	0.365	0.215			-0.195	-0.257	0.237	-0.115	0.737	0.616	0.507	0.197	0.209	
	-	-0.531	0.983	-0.631	0.018	0.171	-0.354			-0.379	960.0	-0.820	-0.201		0.068		
		1.000	-0.514	0.955	0.129		-0.322		0.293	-0.353	0.308	0.657	0.379		0.352	0.362	
			1.000	-0.628	0.068	0.224	-0.341		0.289	-0.369	0.000	-0.810	-0.237		0.126		
					0.041			-0.279	0.286	-0.325	0.216	0.698	0.364	0.522	0.271	0.325	
					1.000	0.407	-0.070	-0.551	0.069	-0.125	0.692	0.271	-0.217		0.608		
						1.000		-0.033	-0.419	0.358	0.063	0.056	-0.239	-0.036	0.059	-0.053	
							1.000	0.602	-0.957	0.988	-0.240	0.264	-0.240	0.444	-0.563	-0.571	
									-0.482	0.623	-0.373	-0.144	-0.258	0.108	-0.802	-0.690	
									1.000	-0.945	0.257	-0.264	0.201 -	0.501	0.554	0.586	
										1.000	-0.304		-0.239	0.411	-0.594	-0.591	
											1.000	0.187	-0.128	0.146	0.333	0.226	
												1.000	0.347	0.708	0.070	0.088	
													1.000	0.275	0.071	0.004	
														1.000	-0.171	-0.230	
															1.000		
																1.000	

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for recurving tropical storms and typhoons during June (1960-1969) for the period before the point of recurvature. TABLE XLIV.

Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 4

Standard Deviation	8.61876	34.18614	21.73656	3.97852	3.23310	10.64329	3.72898	12.54482	28.46696	
Mean	5.69048	72.45238	284.23804	32.30951	311,28564	119.52380	306.73804	-8.57143	-12.14286	
Variable	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Vari	12 C SLP 10	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LT	7 R HT	7 T LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I	
Standard Deviation	97 4.26709	92 4.48241	08 17.43005	19 6.64881	48 107.48877	48 · 5.53145	71 1.71486	62 1.12515	47 24.02983	
Mean	26.31897	134.52092	32.73808	13.47619	71.19048	12.19048	4.28571	-0.04762	972.92847	
Variable	1	2	3	7	5	9	7	8 21	6	
Vari	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	SLP	

18	-0.625	-0.388	-0.247	-0.480	0.217	-0.495	-0.334	-0.298	-0.235	-0.746	0.288	-0.321	-0.420	0.576	-0.348	0.396	0.860	1.000
17	-0.489	-0.325	-0.118	-0.470	0.259	-0.536	-0.459	-0.294	0.133	-0.736	-0.077	0.050	-0.307	0.622	-0.415	0.455	1.000	
16		-0.378	0.079		-0.026	-0.765	-0.629	0.183	0.374	-0.227	-0.281	0.334	-0.359	0.795	-0.650	1.000		
	0.601	0.314	-0.005	0.643	0.074	0.652	0.617	0.183	0.359	0.185	0.313		0.461	-0.550	1.000			
14 15	-0.739	-0.735	-0.386	-0.888	0.077	-0.907	-0.591	-0.003	0.136	-0.444	-0.105	0.092	-0.565 4 0.461	1.000				
13		0.815	0.695	0.679	-0.394	0.712	0.373	-0.084	0.185	0.175	-0.238	0.214	1.000					
12	0.287	0.217	797.0	-0.070	-0.033	-0.123	-0.546	0.002	0.993	0.025	-0.970	1.000						
11 12	-0.295	-0.230	-0.424	0.056	0.042	0.122	767.0	0.00	-0.966	0.110	1.000							
10	0.324		0.148	0.319	-0.202			0.202	950.0-	1.000								
6	0.247	0.189	0.458	-0.107		-0.161			1.000									
80	0.014	-0.040	-0.017	-0.108	0.014	-0.089	0.349											
7	0.378	0.327	-0.007	0.512	-0.157	0.547	1.000											
9	0.851	0.800	0.473	0.979		1.000												
5	-0.260	-0.270	-0.484	-0.157	1.000													
4	0.850	0.786	0.464	1.000														
m	0.666	0.820	1,000															
7	0.846	1.000																
/artable 1 Number	1 1.000	2	3	7	5	9	7	80	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	28

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for recurving tropical storms and typhoons during June (1960-1969) for the period after the point of recurvature. TABLE XLV.

Correlation Matrix

Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 2

5.26751 10.22012 10.22012 12.50288 12.50288  8.52512 11.95779 7 R LT 13 33.00000 7 R HT 14 317.29980 7.28468 7.28468 7.7 T LONG 15 99.00000 7.7 T HT 16 303.79980 7.8 LT 13 33.00000 7.8 LT 13 33.00000 7.8 LT 13 33.00000 7.8 LT 13 33.00000 7.8 LT 14 317.29980 7.7 LONG 15 99.00000 7.7 T HT 16 303.79980 7.7 LT 1 16 303.79980 7.7 LT 1 16 303.79980	1 2 1 1 KR 3 3 3	5.26751				
2         136.10991         10.22012         MAX I         11         56.79999           R         3         337.09985         12.50288         MIN 7 HT         12         298.29980           P         4         10.70000         8.52512         7 R LT         13         33.00000           P         4         10.20000         7.28468         7 T LONG         15         99.00000           P         5         3.40000         0.51640         7 T HT         16         303.79980           SIZ         8         0.0         0.81650         13.77437         24 C I         18         15.80000	IR 2		12 C SLP	10	-3.40000	5.98516
TR         3         337.09985         12.50288         MIN 7 HT         12         298.29980           TR         4         10.70000         8.52512         7 R LT         13         33.00000           TR         5         329.89990         11.95779         7 R HT         14         317.29980           TR         6         10.20000         7.28468         7 T LONG         15         99.00000           TR         7         3.40000         0.51640         7 T HT         16         303.79980           SIZ         8         0.0         0.81650         13.77437         24 C I         18         15.80000	3	10.22012	MAX I	11	56.79999	22.70486
D         4         10.70000         8.52512         7 R LT         13         33.00000           R         5         329.89990         11.95779         7 R HT         14         317.29980           P         6         10.20000         7.28468         7 T LONG         15         99.00000           7         3.40000         0.51640         7 T HT         16         303.79980           SIZ         8         0.0         0.81650         13.77437         24 C I         18         15.80000         1		12,50288	MIN 7 HT	12	298.29980	11.46056
R       5       329,89990       11,95779       7 R HT       14       317,29980         D       6       10,20000       7,28468       7 T LONG       15       99,00000         7       3,40000       0,51640       7 T HT       16       303,79980         SIZ 8       0,0       0,81650       12 C I       17       6,50000         9       989,79980       13,77437       24 C I       18       15,80000       1	7	8.52512	7 R LT	13	33.00000	3.05505
7 T LONG 15 99,00000 13,140000 0,51640 7 T LONG 15 99,00000 7 T LONG 15 99,00000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Ŋ	11.95779	7 R HT	14	317.29980	1.15950
7     3.40000     0.51640     7 T HT     16     303.79980       SIZ 8     0.0     0.81650     12 C I     17     6.50000       9     989,79980     13.77437     24 C I     18     15.80000     1	9	7.28468	7 I LONG	15	00000.66	9.03081
SIZ 8 0.0 0.81650 12 C I 17 6.50000 1 SIZ 8 989,79980 13,77437 24 C I 18 15,80000 1	7	0.51640	7 T HT	16	303.79980	4.02216
9 989,79980 13,77437 15,80000		0.81650	12 C I	17	6.50000	9.25262
	SLP 9 989,79980	13.77437	24 C I	18	15.80000	16.58513

18	0.985 -0.919 -0.085 -0.085 -0.116 -0.171 -0.222 -0.953 -0.953 -0.963 -0.
17	0.837 0.0818 0.171 0.171 0.171 0.173 0.173 0.173 0.174
16	0.534 0.035 0.025 0.035 0.032 0.037 0.037 0.0578 0.0578 0.0578
15	0.510 0.289 0.336 0.038 0.095 0.095 0.377 0.372 0.373 0.373 0.373 0.373 0.373 1.000
14	0.693 0.834 0.755 0.755 0.755 0.757 0.724 0.724 0.727 0.727 0.727 0.870 0.753
13	0.975 0.954 0.934 0.934 0.934 0.934 0.937 0.937 0.954 0.954 0.954 0.954
12	0.831 0.346 0.769 0.769 0.086 0.047 0.047 0.979 1.000
11	0.347 0.347 0.347 0.505 0.505 0.505 0.505 0.505 1.000
10	0.975 0.930 0.934 0.884 0.988 0.988 0.988 1.000
6	0.911 0.924 0.924 0.830 0.931 0.931 0.034 1.000
80	-0.256 0.057 -0.697 0.192 -0.637 -0.131 1.000
7	0.185 0.448 0.448 0.560 0.560 0.311 1.000
9	0.960 0.935 0.919 0.919 1.000
٧.	-0.166 -0.476 0.957 -0.575 1.000
7	0.804
ъ	1.000
2	1.000
Variable 1	Number 1.000 1 1.000 1 1.000 1 1.000 1 1.000 1 1 1 1

Means, standard deviations and correlation matr1x for recurving tropical storms and typhoons during July (1960-1969) for the period before the point of recurvature. TABLE XLVI.



Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 2

/lation	310	529	115	999	334	164	07,	971	673		18	-0.988 -0.988 0.494 -0.731 0.591 -0.986 0.978 -0.976 -0.976 0.976 0.976 0.976 0.976 0.976 0.976 0.976 0.976
Standard Deviation	4.12310	37.93629	21.33115	2.97566	1.29334	10.83764	4.19740	5.27946	11.07249		17	0.844 0.457 0.457 0.457 0.457 0.758 0.758 0.798 0.798 0.798 0.798 0.798 0.798
Stand											16	0.940 0.628 0.628 0.657 0.657 0.657 0.097 0.093
Mean	-3.00000	78.18181	284.27271	35.63635	315.45435	105.36363	307.72705	5.45455	10.00000		15	-0.807 -0.842 -0.842 -0.317 -0.551 -0.722 -0.922 -0.923 -0.938 -0.938 -0.712 -0.712
2-1	Ϋ́	78	284	35	315	105	307	vi	10		14	0.517 0.590 0.590 0.033 0.065 0.065 0.068 0.0684 0.0684 0.0684 0.0684 0.0684
Variable	10	11	. 12	13	14	15	16	17	18		13	0.827 0.835 0.012 0.174 0.237 0.294 0.793 0.793 1.000
Var	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	R LT	R HT	7 T LONG	T HT	12 C I	24 C I		12	0.958 0.975 0.668 0.659 0.951 0.032 0.032 1.000
	-	Σ	Σ	7	7	7	7	1	2		11	0.956 0.972 0.681 0.057 0.057 0.057 0.057 0.067 0.067 0.067
											10	0.806 0.792 0.792 0.540 0.815 0.815 1.000
											6	0.967 0.982 0.082 0.676 0.970 0.970 1.000
											<b>∞</b>	0.031 0.301 0.301 0.059 0.059 0.463 1.000
											7	-0.537 -0.578 0.466 -0.586 -0.590 1.000
fation	27	11	57	51	59	96	52	10	69		9	0.995 0.995 0.775 0.775 1.000
Standard Deviation	7.01227	9.79011	13.33757	7.50151	17.72159	5.01996	0.50452	0.46710	25.14069		5	-0.394 -0.452 0.683 -0.080 1.000
Stand						•					7	0.756 0.725 1.000
Mean	26.39998	.29079	28.09090	7.45455	21.36363	7.00000	3.63636	0.27273	.36353		٣	435
ΣÌ	26	134.29	28	7	21	7	ω	0	974.3	ritx .	2	1,000 -0.
le	_	2	3	4	2	9	7	00	6	Ma		1.000
Variable			IR	SPD	IR	SPD		SIZ		tion	e 1	
Va	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 \$	24 DIR	24 S	SIZE	12 C	SLP	Correlation Matrix	Variable 1	Number 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for recurving tropical storms and typhoons during for recurving tropical storms and typhoons July (1960-1969) for the period after the point of recurvature. TABLE XLVII.

Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 12

Variable         Mean           SLP         10         -3.24193           HT         12         287.75806           T         13         33.76613           T         14         316.92725           ONG         15         112.92741           T         16         309.44336           I         17         4,47581           I         18         9.75806	
8	
Variable 12 C SLP 10 MAX I 11 MIN 7 HT 12 7 R LT 13 7 R HT 14 7 T LONG 15 7 T HT 16 12 C I 17 24 C I 18	
Standard Devlation 4.50846 49 9.56844 51 39.30473 74 3.49345 36 41.81898 26 1.43099 71 1.10440 70 21.33408	
Mean 23.90071 141.67549 332.07251 9.21774 330.69336 9.12903 4.03226 0.08871	
Variable  T 1  NG 2  DIR 3  SPD 4  DIR 5  SPD 6  ZE 7  C SIZ 8	
Variable   LAT   1   LONG   2   12 DIR   3   12 SPD   4   24 DIR   5   24 SPD   6   24	

		18	-0.313	0.041	-0.058	-0.154	-0.054	-0.215	-0.037	0.141	-0.149	-0.683	0.220	-0.143	-0.090		0.148	-0.050	0.889	1.000
		17	-0.297	0.018	-0.026	-0.216	-0.015	-0.257	-0.057	0.129	-0.055	-0.710	0.124	-0.051	-0.102	-0.110	0.164	-0.032	1.000	
		16		-0.395	0.197	0.133	0.183	0.156		-0.070	0.223	0.028	-0.418			-0.256	0.058	1.000		
		15		0.318	-0.243	0.080	-0.246			0.009			-0.165		-0.021		1.000			
		14	-0.066				-0.288 -	0.200		-0.012		-0.027 -		-0.155	0.316 -	1.000				
		13								- 760.0-	-0.285 -	0.061 -			1.000					
		12		0.185						0.038 -		0.131		1.000 -						
		11	0.227 -	-0.008	-0.250					.00.00		-0.112	1.000 -							
		10	0.236	0.038 -	0.056 -	0.067					0.165 -	1.000 -								
		6	-0.262	0.186	0.232	-0.225			-0.408		1.000									
		∞		0.028	0.036			-0.121	0.353	1.000										
		7		-0.216	-0.078	0.033 -	-0.076	0.010	1.000											
		9		-0.115 -				1.000												
		5	-0.117	-0.018		-0.386														
		4	0.040	-0.093	-0.376	1.000														
		3	-0.085	-0.085	1.000															
2	¥ 1	2	0.147	1.000																
A CO TAC COMMON	מון ביפרוסון יופ	Variable 1 Number	1 1.000	2	3	7	5	9	7	80	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for recurving tropical storms and typhoons during August (1960-1969) for the period before the point of recurvature. TABLE XLVIII.

Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 12

Standard Devlation	6.15640	24.61108	11.93368	3.33255	3.48390	12.34336	3:36159	9.51730	16.80951	
Mean	2.00000	64.32520	290.53638	38.02438	312.37378	128.69917	309.13818	-2.83740	-3.21138	
able	10	=	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Variable	12 C SLP 10	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LT	7 R HT	7 T LONG	7 T ET	12 C I	24 C I	
Standard Deviation	89 5.53769	94 9.19308	32.28651	5.42931	41 88.87680	09 . 4.82870	89 1.73921	13 1.05190	04 14.41250	
Mean	31.71289	141.94594	36.86179	10.69106	58.27641	9.94309	3.61789	0.00813	978.82104	
able	-	2	m	4	2	9	7	8 ZI	6	
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ 8	SLP	

	18	-0.405	-0.199	-0.149	-0.341	0.133	-0.383	0.083	0.258	-0.226	-0.565	0.405	-0.205	-0.389	0.258	-0.187	0.043	_	1.000
	17	-0.342	-0.138	-0.024	-0.368	0.225	-0.370	0.033	0.178	-0.115	-0.557	0.247	-0.107	-0.261	0.240	-0.185	0.026	1.000	
	16	0.028						0.041		0.258	-0.176	-0.268	0.255	0.024	0.581	0.089	1.000		
	15	0.352	0.649	0.095	0.137	-0.004	0.173		0.251			-0.192		960.0	-0.320	1,000			
	14	-0.550	-0.083	-0.237	-0.321	0-087	-0.353	0.233	0.053	0.232				-0.327	1.000				
	13	0.739	0.529	0.427	0.444	0.018	0.491	0.064	0.065	0.077	0.174	-0.173	0.034	1.000					
				0.158	0.067			0.009		0.979		-0.820	1.000						
	11	0.132	-0.264	-0.161	0.046	0.122	0.002	-0.067	0.122	-0.839	-0.080	1.000							
	10	0.364	0.117	0.059	0.395	-0.118	0.373	-0.058	-0.105	0.149	1:000								
	6	-0.194		0.199	0.106			-0.017		1.000									
	œ	0.087	0.261	0.014	0.104	-0.003	0.097	0.418	1.000										
	^	-0.107	977.0	0.030	0.005	-0.076	-0.015	1.000											
	9	0.585	0.482	0.368	0.964	0.013	1.000												
	~	0.056	0.016	0.061	-0.014	1.000													
	4	0.540																	
	е	0.364	0.363	1.000															
trix	2	1.000 0.511	1.000																
Correlation Matrix	Variable 1 Number		2	3	4	2	9	7	<b>6</b> 0	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	00

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for recurving tropical storms and typhoons during August (1960-1969) for the period after the point of recurvature. TABLE XLIX.

Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 13

Standard Deviation	10.62675	40.26518	25.05725	3.77724	3.47798	12.83960	3.78575	11.19547	19.39482	16 17 18	1 -0.042 -0.410 -0.477 6 -0.146 0.124 0.126 1 -0.212 -0.210 -0.222 2 -0.124 -0.175 -0.132 1 -0.248 -0.217 -0.229 8 -0.051 -0.200 -0.163 8 -0.051 -0.073 -0.024 6 -0.013 0.130 0.205 2 -0.217 0.150 0.054 0 0.017 -0.519 -0.592 1 -0.219 0.162 0.071 6 0.171 -0.337 -0.334 0 0.047 0.1005 -0.015 0 0.047 0.1005 -0.015 1 -0.047 0.1005 -0.015 1 -0.047 0.1005 -0.015
Mean	-3.80233	91.80620	272.34106	32.58139	315.41846	130.86433	309,33325	4.69767	10.89147	14 15	0.522 0.211 0.322 0.566 0.192 0.190 0.546 -0.165 0.546 0.165 0.038 0.018 0.035 0.172 0.044 0.093 0.021 0.151 0.030 -0.036 1.000 -0.150
e)	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	13 1	0.518 -0. 0.138 0. 0.138 0. 0.145 0. 0.147 0. 0.117 0. 0.117 0. 0.217 0. 0.218 0. 0.218 0. 1.000 -0.
Variable	12 C SLP 1	MAX I 1	MIN 7 HT 1	7 R LT 1	R HT 1	T LONG 1	T HT 1	1 )	C I	12	0.000000000000000000000000000000000000
	12	MA	M	7	7	. 7	7	12	24	11	-0.064 -0.164 0.064 0.060 0.253 0.373 1.000 1.000
										10	0.311 0.053 0.158 0.052 0.052 0.048 1.000 1.000
										6	0.022 0.113 0.1199 0.1199 0.108 0.108 1.000 1.000
										∞	0.064 0.020 0.032 0.054 0.059 1.000
										^	0.084 -0.286 0.192 -0.156 -0.129 1.000
viation	81	72	02	51	76	80	13	28	14	9	-0.230 0.030 0.143 0.969 0.139 1.000
Standard Deviation	4.9018	11.06972	36.37802	4.20351	33.84894	4.00180	1.85313	1.16828	28.91414	S	0.233 0.942 0.942 0.166 1.000
Stan										4	-0.203 0.059 0.176 1.000
Mean	21.07358	4.03882	2.49129	9.17442	0.51147	8.88760	5.09690	0.12791	8.08521	m	0.228 -0.163 1.000
•	2	144	302		300				958	atr1x 2	1.000 -0.033
161	-	2	3	4	5	9	7	80	6	u l	000
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	SLP	Correlation Matrix Variable 1 2	Number 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4

ns, standard deviations and correlation matrix	recurving tropical storms and typhoons during	tember (1960-1969) for the period before the	top reci
standard	ecurving	ember (	noint of regurda
TABLE L.			

Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 13         Mumber of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 13         Mumber of 6-Hourly Observations: 73         Mean         Mean			Standard Devlation	7,10336	26.92244	17.83984	5.54744	3.23086	11.36342	3.79518	11.51752	14.62238
### Typhoons: 13  4.99942  7.21560  21.30763  ### Typhoons: 13  21.30763  ### Typhoons: 13  21.30763  ### Typhoons: 13  21.30763  ### Typhoons: 13  21.20547  22 C I			Меап	3.56522	71.04347	37.56522	311.00000	128.46956	308.00000	-5.06087	-5.06087	-8.62609
and Typhoons: 13  4.99942  7.21560  21.30763  8.95959  7. R L  5.95959  7. R H  2.00125  1.25547  24.09942  12. C			table	10	11		13	14		16	17	18
Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 13         Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 73         LAT       Mean       Standard Deviation         LAT       1       28.30338       4.99942         LONG       2       138.43097       7.21560         12 DIR       3       32.90434       21.30763         12 SPD       4       10.97391       5.95959         24 DIR       5       71.03477       107.23669         24 SPD       6       9.86957       5.32870         SIZE       7       5.06087       2.00125         12 C SIZ       8       -0.05217       11.25547         SLP       9       968.79980       19.91917			Var	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 R LT	7 R HT	7 I LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I
Number of Recurving Tropic  Number of 6-Hourly Observa  LAT 1 28.3033  LONG 2 138.4309  12 DIR 3 32.9043  12 SPD 4 10.9739  24 DIR 5 71.0347  24 SPD 6 9.8695  SIZE 7 5.0608  SIZE 7 5.0608  SIZE 7 5.0608	al Storms and Typhoons: 13	tions: 73	Standard Deviation									
Number of Recunumber of 6-Houle LAT 1 1 LONG 2 12 DIR 3 12 SPD 4 24 DIR 5 24 SPD 6 SIZE 7 12 C SIZ 8 SLP 9		urly Observat	Mean	28.30338	138.43097	32.90434	10.97391	71.03477	9.86957	5.06087	-0.05217	968.79980
Number of Number of LAT LONG 12 DIR 12 SPD 24 DIR 24 SPD SIZE 12 C SIZ	Recui	6-Hot	able	-	2	3	7	5	9	7		6
	Number of	Number of	Varia	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SI	SLP

Correlation Matrix	ton Ma	tr1x																
Variable l Number		7	e	4	S	9	7	80	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
-	1.000	1.000 0.477	-0.044	0.690	-0.108	0.765		-0.108	0.093	0.068	-0.082	0.105		-0.395	-0.010	-0.273	-0.151	-0.163
2		1.000	0.231	0.265	-0.102	0.310	-0.186	0.033	0.362		-0.338	0,381	0.331	0.003	0.415	-0.184	0.015	0.030
3			1.000	0.015	-0.213	-0.004 -0.033		0.105	0.177	-0.048	-0.166	0.182	-0.027	-0.028	0.200	-0.113	0.066	0.040
4				1.000	-0.083	0.959		-0.092	0.129		-0.155	0.140	0.639	-0.467	0.067	-0.413 -	0.042	-0.044
2						-0.070		-0.045 -	-0.181	0.038	0.140		-0.187	0.140	-0.010 -0.010	-0.073	0.094	-0.087
9						1.000	-0.238	-0.126	0.150	-0.018	-0.177	0.167	0.640	-0.42	0.049	-0.385	-0.048	-0.032
7									-0.365	0.224	0.407	-0.420	0.269	-0.35	0.151	-0.273	-0.195	-0.337
8								1.000		-0.008 -	0.064		0.003	-0.01	0.089	960.0	-0.152	-0.122
6									1.000	-0.216	-0.884	9.60	0.075	960.0	0.042	0.072	0.240	0.436
10						4				1.000	0.377		0.099	-0.010	0.036	0.077	-0.433	-0.461
11											1.000		-0.022	-0.068	-0.076	-0.008	-0.079	-0.298
12												1.000	0.072	0.144	0.030	0.077	0.263	0.467
13													1.000	-0.413	-0.053	-0.265	-0.139	-0.209
14														1.000	-0.307	0.698	0.088	0.139
15															1.000	-0.538		0.015
16																1.000	-0.023	0.030
17																	1.000	0.726
18																		1.000

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for recurving tropical storms and typhoons during September (1960-1969) for the period after the point of recurvature. TABLE LI.

Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 20

Variable	ble	Mean	Standard Deviation	Variable	able	Mean	Standard Deviation
LAT	-	18,68286	4.55629	12 C SLP 10	10	-5.22266	8,47231
LONG	2	143.31659	9.61878	MAX 1	11	82.01172	33.53586
12 DIR	e	311.64063	40.09172	MIN 7 HT	12	279.53516	23.47285
12 SPD	4	8.49609	3.29347	7 R LT	13	28.88672	4.29393
24 DIR	5	308,08594	37.30464	7 R HT	14	315.67188	2.36677
24 SPD	9	8.41406	3,22738	7 I LONG	15	130,45313	10.47930
SIZE	7	6.00781	2.38620	7 T HT	16	307.44922	4.93378
12 C SIZ	œ	0.18359	1.07442	12 C I	17	6.57813	10.67855
SLP	6	965.94141	26.41660	24 C I	18	14.41016	17.49673

orrelation Matrix	arrix																	
ariable 1 Number	2	e	4	2	9	7	∞	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
1.000			0.105		0.064	0.009		-0.353	0.087	0.356	-0.354	0.744	-0.136				-0.085	
	1.000	-0.014	0.320	-0.068	0.279				-0.079	-0.225	0.162	0.331	0.370				0.105	
		1,000	-0.203		-0.221			-0.127		0.117	-0.158	0.107	-0.168		0.112		0.017	
			1.000	-0.207				-0.173		0.146	-0.182	0.157	0.250				0.049	
					-0.235	0.165	-0.058	-0.122	-0.040	0.128	-0.162	0.000	-0.172	-0.005	0.123	0.007	0.044	
								-0.153		0.110	-0.167	0.110	0.225				0.022	
						1.000		-0.277		0,352	-0:230	0.000	-0.225				0.028	
								-0.079		0.117	-0.065	-0.012	0.155				0.278	
										-0.925	0.985	-0.104	0.261				-0.170	
0										-0.205		0.117	-0.142				-0.703	
										1.000	-0.916	0.122	-0.256				0.297	
2											1.000	-0.089	0.262	-0.026			-0.158	
												1.000	0.226	-0.125			-0.118	
7														-0.001	0.182		0.196	
· ·														1.000			9,000	
9															1.000	-0.082	-0.089	
17																1.000	0.854	
o																	1.000	

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for recurving tropical storms and typhoons during October (1960-1969) for the period before the point of recurvature. TABLE LII.

Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 20

lon												-0.654 -0.281 -0.145 -0.433 -0.664 0.154 0.062 -0.288 -0.268 -0.268 -0.268 -0.276 -0.207 -0.207 -0.175 -0.186
eviat	9.72167	2378	8089	6.17111	4.22606	2129	5.60464	12.77013	3607		18	
Standard Deviation	9.7	25.42378	17.56808	6.1	4.2	10.12129	5.6	12.7	21.43607		17	-0.626 -0.247 -0.247 -0.684 -0.684 -0.684 -0.181 -0.173 -0.110 -0.222 -0.222 -0.222
Stand											16	-0.440 -0.155 0.178 -0.430 -0.521 -0.140 -0.023 -0.031 -0.073 -0.074 -0.073 -0.073 -0.073 -0.073 -0.073 -0.073 -0.073 -0.074 -0.
Mean	4.09804	83.41176	276.02930	35.49019	309.95093	137.42155	305.70093	-5.60294	-7.59804		15	0.459 0.696 0.080 0.021 0.027 0.027 0.029 0.039 0.190 1.000
251	4	83	276	35	309	137	305	S-	7-		14	-0.498 -0.201 -0.057 -0.184 -0.1184 -0.018 -0.018 -0.018 -0.013 -0.013
Variable	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		13	0.728 0.427 0.427 0.476 0.250 0.285 0.083 0.285 0.285 0.285 0.285 0.285 0.285 0.285
Var	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	R LT	R HT	I LONG	T HT	12 C I	24 C I		12	0.205 0.019 0.024 0.245 0.245 0.095 0.072 0.950 0.960
		Σ	Σ	7	7	7	7	1	2		11	0.200 0.183 0.120 0.120 0.218 0.218 0.218 1.000
											10	0.560 0.240 0.100 0.361 0.361 0.361 0.203 1.000
											6	0.311 0.093 0.034 0.329 0.329 0.329 0.053 1.000
											80	0.011 0.060 0.062 0.003 0.001 0.001 1.000
											7	0.008 -0.080 -0.035 -0.040 1.000
lation	878	349	009	865	736	765	1827	725	518		9	0.817 0.425 0.425 0.981 1.000
Standard Deviation	5.82878	8.52349	31.60600	9.67498	98.85736	8.21765	2.60827	1.09725	20.73518		5	-0.200 -0.044 -0.092 -0.233 1.000
Stand											7	0.791 0.381 1.000 1.000
Mean	.85971	• 69905	.00000	.26961	.35294	.39706	6.06863	.11275	.89697		٣	0.019
241	26.	144.	37.	15.	67.	13.	9	-0-	960.	tríx	5	1.000
ble	***	2	3	7	5	9	7	8 2	6	n Ma		1.000
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	SLP	Correlation Matrix	Variable 1	

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for recurving tropical storms and typhoons during October (1960-1969) for the period after the point of recurvature. TABLE LIII.

Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 9
Number of 6-Hourly Observations: 198

Standard Deviation	8.48766	42,11461	24.69048	4.21476	2.64102	12.62070	4.70831	10.96356	19.18544	16 17 18  0.141 -0.198 -0.149 -0.318 0.148 0.129 0.105 -0.024 0.003 0.105 -0.009 -0.038 -0.005 -0.009 -0.035 0.179 0.075 0.087 -0.118 -0.173 -0.190 -0.073 -0.100 -0.006 0.059 -0.055 0.107 0.056 0.119 -0.002 0.059 -0.058 0.107 0.046 0.119 -0.002 0.025 0.019 -0.003 0.031 0.0139 -0.0324 0.121 0.139 1.000 0.023 -0.008 1.000 0.023 -0.008
Mean	-4.37349	85.31325	276.06006	25.54819	315.43970	126.03613	305.39746	6.92771	15.21084	14 15 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16
Variable	SLP 10	11	НТ 12	13	14	NG 15	16	17	18	13 0.526 -0.110 0.0526 -0.007 0.001 0.0038 0.0126 0.0126 0.0126 0.0126 0.0126
۶I	12 C S	MAX I	MIN 7	7 R LT	7 R HT	7 T LONG	7 T HT	12 C I	24 C I	11 12 0.453 -0.402 -0.447 0.393 -0.088 -0.004 0.227 -0.142 0.066 -0.006 0.349 -0.386 0.349 -0.386 -0.055 0.062 -0.019 0.021 1.000 -0.944 1.000 -0.944
										10 11 0.107 0.453 -0.073 -0.447 -0.028 -0.088 -0.016 -0.027 0.016 -0.028 0.070 0.349 -0.062 -0.055 0.044 -0.052 1.000 -0.019
										9 0.419 0.0419 0.012 0.012 0.013 0.0143 0.01
										0.050 0.050 0.047 0.047 0.050 0.280 1.000 1.000
cı										7 5 -0.184 2 -0.274 2 -0.274 3 -0.135 1.000
eviation	4.08195	9.42299	48.12259	4.81155	56.42902	4.72080	2.38743	1.13331	28.70543	6 18 0.205 16 -0.080 19 -0.332 13 0.933 10 0.000 1.000
Standard Deviation	4	6	48	4	56	4	2.	1	28.	4 5 0.115 0.078 0.002 0.046 0.337 0.529 1.000 -0.243
	069	0528	4556	14337	6973	217	831	5663	9908	
Mean	14.09690	142.70	313.94	10.84	307.96	10.54217	5.57831	0.15	961.18	. 000
able	-	2	3	4	2	9	7	8 ZI	6	on Matr 1 1 000 -0 1
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	SLP	Correlation Matrix Variable 1 2 Number 1 1.000 -0.3 2 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 9 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for recurving tropical storms and typhoons during November (1960-1969) for the period before the point of recurvature. TABLE LIV.

Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 9

Mean Standard Deviation	10 7.75000 9.52346	11 86.32893 24.87425	12 278,05249 15,63657	13 31.82893 4.97295	14 308.51294 6.06957	15 131.00000 14.27907	16 299.76294 34.64336	17 -10.42105 11.33987	18 -17.52631 17.06569		13 14 15 16. 17 18	0.671 -0.570 0.665 0.074 -0.390 -0.616 0.632 -0.456 0.736 0.029 -0.074 -0.188 0.499 -0.668 0.663 -0.035 -0.341 -0.444 0.666 -0.517 0.655 0.022 -0.355 -0.568 0.374 0.162 -0.261 -0.247 0.249 0.295 0.575 -0.532 0.636 0.019 -0.315 -0.533 -0.181 0.253 -0.234 -0.090 0.013 0.013 0.253 -0.234 -0.090 0.013 0.065 -0.206 0.187 0.214 -0.390 -0.549 0.412 -0.088 0.187 0.214 -0.390 -0.549 0.656 0.290 0.031 -0.208 0.498 0.578 0.411 -0.066 0.230 0.249 -0.416 -0.531 1.000 -0.398 0.528 0.118 -0.145 -0.221 1.000 -0.398 0.528 0.118 -0.145 -0.221 1.000 -0.672 0.109 0.030 0.106 1.000 0.005 -0.106 -0.106 1.000 0.766 1.000 0.766
Variable	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	7 'R LT	7 R HT	7 T LONG	7 TI III	12 C I	24 C I		11 12 1	-0.592 0.560 -0.589 0.457 -0.463 0.490 -0.451 0.403 0.347 -0.357 0.042 -0.078 -0.216 0.408 1.000 -0.854
											7 8 9 10	0.043 -0.282 0.589 0.371 -0.129 -0.278 0.413 -0.096 0.051 -0.318 0.494 0.304 0.110 -0.193 0.441 0.349 0.093 0.085 -0.348 -0.187 0.099 -0.265 0.457 0.310 1.000 0.109 -0.250 -0.013 1.000 0.109 0.550 0.455 1.000 0.109 0.550 0.455
Standard Deviation	5.70006	10.31071	23.55902	14.90741	122.73222	12.97016	2.27676	1.16159	18,96599		4 5 6	0.909 -0.366 0.917 0 0.638 -0.234 0.662 -0 0.734 -0.304 0.751 0 1.000 -0.257 0.983 0 1.000 -0.222 0 1.000 1.000 0
Mean	26.18938	141.76480	35.77631	21.85526	88.75000	18.52631	5.17105	-0.27632	964.25000		2 3	0.683 0.793 1.000 0.572 1.000
Variable	LAT	LONG 2	12 DIR 3	12 SPD 4	24 DIR 5	24 SPD 6	SIZE 7	12 C SIZ 8	SLP 9	Correlation Matrix	Variable 1	1.000

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for recurving tropical storms and typhoons during November (1960-1969) for the period after the point of recurvature. TABLE LV.

Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 2

39	
Observations:	
6-Hourly	
of	
Number	

Mean Standard Deviation	-4.16129 9.37762	88.70967 32.45425	288.00000 19.68585	25.41934 2.91861	315.12891 2.26188	139.64516 11.97092	296.96753 5.57065	6.45161 3.01440	13.38710 5.68434	14 15 16 17 18  0.257 -0.662 0.000 -0.059 -0.029 -0.246 0.649 -0.079 0.057 0.036 -0.617 0.331 -0.229 -0.396 -0.422 0.513 -0.456 0.538 0.373 0.376 -0.667 0.311 -0.240 -0.195 -0.366 -0.607 0.311 -0.240 -0.195 -0.366 -0.180 -0.349 0.110 -0.406 -0.646 -0.181 -0.065 -0.287 -0.421 -0.485 -0.431 0.500 -0.034 -0.040 -0.134 0.001 0.130 -0.068 -0.307 -0.114 0.001 0.130 -0.068 0.307 -0.115 -0.325 0.480 0.073 0.015 -0.089 0.194 -0.186 0.198 0.266 0.354 1.000 -0.168 0.559 0.242 0.302 1.000 -0.168 0.559 0.242 0.302 1.000 -0.168 0.559 0.242 0.302 1.000 -0.168 0.559 0.242 0.307 1.000 0.491 0.377 1.000 0.491 0.377
ble	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	0.379 0.379 0.379 0.0196 0.0196 0.0196 0.0196 0.0196 0.0196 0.0196 0.0196 0.0196 0.0196
Variable	2 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	R LT	R HT	T LONG	T HT	2 C I	t C 1	12 0.922 0.184 0 0.184 0 0.026 0 0.026 0 0.027 0 0.072 0 0.072 0 1.000 1
	12	\$	E	7	7	7	7	12	24	11 0.895 0.895 0.229 0.484 0.484 0.465 1.000
										10 -0.150 0.135 0.085 - 0.120 - 0.120 - 0.100 - 1.000 -
										9 0.011 0.028 0.034 0.385 -0.034 0.072 1.000
										8 0.138 - 0.197 - 0.249 - 0.228 - 0.28 - 0.684 - 1.000
										7 0.282 0.354 0.289 0.190 0.190 1.000
lation	862	255	095	939	302	510	145	274	092	6 0.282 -0.378 0.874 1.000
Standard Deviation	3.47798	10.60255	17.34460	2.74939	13.88302	2.61015	1.32145	0.97274	20.83760	5 0.188 (
Standa										4 -0.195 -0.699 1.000 -
Mean	11.65482	153.98349	35474	32258	294.16113	29032	29032	29032	975.16113	3 0.112 · 1.000 ·
ř	11.	153	295.	11.	294	11.	5.	0	975.	98
le	П	2	Э	4	2	9	7	80	6	000 -
Variable	LAT	LONG	12 DIR	12 SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	SIZE	12 C SIZ	SLP	Correlation Matrix Variable 1 2 Number 1.000 -0.00 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 10 11 11 12 13 14 15 16

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for recurving tropical storms and typhoons during December (1960-1969) for the period before the point of recurvature. TABLE LVI.

Number of Recurving Tropical Storms and Typhoons: 2

E												25
viati	816	265	817	297	434	244	154	752	248		18	0.669 0.309 0.357 0.357 0.369 0.698 0.698 0.698 0.698 0.698 0.698 0.698 0.698 0.698
Standard Devlation	6.28978	40,36565	20.04817	4.23297	4.04434	5.92447	5.28154	11.95752	19.28548		17	0.250 0.319 0.319 0.319 0.329 0.329 0.329 0.329 0.329 0.329 0.329 0.329 0.329 0.329 0.329 0.329 0.329 0.329
Stand											16	0.233 0.144 0.144 0.183 0.183 0.183 0.193 1.000
el	0.68421	71.05263	7363	27.15788	3135	9473	1567	-5.21316	-5.52632		15	0.733 - 0.865 0.685 0.685 0.685 0.685 0.685 0.685 0.685 0.685 0.685 0.685 0.685 0.685 0.685 0.685 0.685 0.83
Mean	9.0	71.0	283,47363	27.1	308.63135	141.89473	299.31567	-5.2	-5.5		14	1000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
a d											-	
Variable	P 10	11	Г 12	13	14	3 15	16	17	18		· 13	0.902 0.818 0.816 0.836 0.234 0.153 0.150 0.150 0.207 1.000
Va	12 C SLP	MAX I	MIN 7 HT	R LT	R HT	7 T LONG	T HT	1 0 i	1 0 t		12	0.089 0.612 0.238 0.238 0.243 0.243 0.0578 1.000
	=	Æ	Σ	7	7	7	7	12	24		11	0.146 -0.594 -0.205 -0.205 -0.213 -0.213 -0.542 -0.0542 -0.0542
											10	0.613 0.433 0.504 0.507 0.507 0.507 1.000
											6	0.531 0.531 0.125 0.156 0.150 0.150 0.942 1.000
											<b>∞</b>	-0.340 -0.030 -0.020 -0.247 -0.247 -0.277 -0.635
											7	0.336 0.336 0.053 0.044 1.000
lation	929	30	514	129	34	183	505	185	501		9	0.909 0.057 0.057 0.425 1.000
Standard Deviation	4.73636	6.23930	20.51514	11.87557	27.10934	10.18283	3.05505	1.20185	22.59105		5	0.216 0.480 0.706 0.455 1.000
Standa											4	0.896 0.896 1.000 1.000
듸	20.07364	7357	6315	19.84210	40.84210	16.36841	000000.6		3135		е	
Mean	20.0	147.7	51.2	19.8	40.8	16.	9.6	0.0	9.196	¥I	. 2	1.000 0.690 -0.121 1.000 0.160 1.000
1e	_	2	m	7	2	9	7	<b>∞</b>	6	Matr		00
Variable		9	12 DIR	SPD	24 DIR	24 SPD	[L]	12 C SIZ		ation	1e 1	
>1	LAT	LONG	12	12	24	24	SIZE	12	SLP	Correlation Matrix	Variable 1	Number 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Means, standard deviations and correlation matrix for recurving tropical storms and typhoons during December (1960-1969) for the period after the point of recurvature. TABLE LVII.



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Six-hourly observations containing 18 parameters of tropical storms and typhoons in the western north Pacific Ocean during the period 1960 through 1969 were examined. The data were composited

into four periods: before and after maximum intensity for East-West moving storms, and before and after recurvature for recurving storms.

Monthly and seasonal variations of tropical cyclone intensity, speed of movement and size were examined. Correlation coefficients of the 18 tropical storm and typhoon parameters were computed for each of the four composited periods of study. The four highest correlation values for the past 24-hour change of intensity parameter were checked for levels of significance.

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